

**PLAN DOCUMENT
AND
SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION**

Company Name: Woodlake Management, LLC
Effective Date: March 1, 2024
Restatement Date:

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ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PLAN: ADOPTION OF THE PLAN DOCUMENT AND SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION

THIS PLAN DOCUMENT AND SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION (“Plan Document”), made by Woodlake Management, LLC (the “Company” or the “Plan Sponsor”) as of March 1, 2024. Hereby sets forth the provisions of the Woodlake Management, LLC Medical Benefit Plan (the “Plan”). Any wording which may be contrary to Federal Laws or Statutes is hereby understood to meet the standards set forth in such. Also, any changes in Federal Laws or Statutes which could affect the Plan are also automatically a part of the Plan, if required.

Effective Date

The Plan Document is effective as of the date set forth above and each amendment is effective as of the date set forth therein (the “Effective Date”).

Adoption of the Plan Document

The Plan Sponsor, as the settlor of the Plan, hereby adopts this Plan Document as the written description of the Plan. This Plan Document represents both the Plan Document and the Summary Plan Description, which is required by section 402 and 102 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 U.S.C. et seq. (“ERISA”). This Plan Document amends and replaces any prior statement of the health care coverage contained in the Plan or any predecessor to the Plan.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Plan Sponsor has caused this Plan Document to be executed.

Woodlake Management, LLC

Signature: _____

Name: _____

Title: _____

Date: _____

COST CONTAINMENT INCENTIVES

The Plan Sponsor has implemented numerous provisions, solutions, and modeled benefit coverage and availability such that Participants may enjoy substantial savings and benefits when they take proactive measures to contain overall Plan expenditures. The following provisions may also appear elsewhere in this document and address the various instances where responsible member behavior is incentivized. Note that these are programs added and managed by Excel Health Plans, and paid for by the Plan Administrator, unless otherwise noted within the plan document.

Preemptive Consultation – Medical Services and Procedures

Participants who preemptively consult with the designated navigation team(s) regarding a proposed, non-Emergency, scheduled, or to-be-scheduled medical procedure(s), to discuss options available to the Participant, will be eligible for member cost share waiver, **up to copay, coinsurance and deductible**, if navigated to and seen by a Preferred Tier provider, as defined in the Medical Benefits section. Participants should contact the designated navigation team at the number on their ID card.

Preemptive Consultation – High Priced or Specialty Drugs

Participants who preemptively consult with the designated navigation team(s) regarding the use of high-priced or specialty drugs, to discuss options available to the Participant, may be eligible for member cost share waiver, if drugs are obtained through a Preferred Tier provider. Participants should contact the designated navigation team at the number on their ID card.

Each Participant has a free choice of any Physician or surgeon, and the Physician-patient relationship shall be maintained. The Plan provides different levels of benefits. If a Participant elects to receive medical care from a Network Provider, the benefits payable are subject to the Summary of Benefits, unless otherwise defined in this plan document. If a Participant elects to receive medical care from a Non-Network Provider, the benefits payable are generally lower than those payable when a Network Provider is used and are subject to the Summary of Benefits, unless otherwise defined in this plan document.

INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE; GENERAL PLAN INFORMATION

Introduction and Purpose

The Plan Sponsor has established the Plan for the benefit of eligible Employees and their eligible Dependents, in accordance with the terms and conditions described herein. Plan benefits are self-funded and paid from the general assets of the Plan Sponsor. Participants in the Plan may be required to contribute toward their benefits. Contributions received from Participants are used to cover Plan costs and are expended immediately.

The Plan Sponsor's purpose in establishing the Plan is to protect eligible Employees and their Dependents against certain health expenses and to help defray the financial effects arising from Injury or Illness. To accomplish this purpose, the Plan Sponsor must be mindful of the need to control and minimize health care costs through innovative and efficient plan design and cost containment provisions, and of abiding by the terms of the Plan Document, to allow the Plan Sponsor to effectively assign the resources available to help Participants in the Plan to the maximum feasible extent.

The Plan Sponsor is required under ERISA to provide to Participants a Plan Document and a Summary Plan Description; a combined Plan Document and Summary Plan Description, such as this document, is an acceptable structure for ERISA compliance. The Plan Sponsor has adopted this Plan Document as the written description of the Plan to set forth the terms and provisions of the Plan that provide for the payment or reimbursement of all or a portion of certain expenses for eligible benefits. The Plan Document is maintained by Woodlake Management, LLC and may be reviewed at any time during normal working hours by any Participant.

General Plan Information

Name of Plan: Woodlake Management, LLC Medical Benefits Plan

Plan Sponsor:

Woodlake Management, LLC
10473 Old Hammond Hwy. Baton Rouge, LA 70816
225-924-1910

Plan Sponsor ID No. (EIN):

26-4686480

Plan Administrator: (Named Fiduciary)

Woodlake Management, LLC
10473 Old Hammond Hwy. Baton Rouge, LA 70816
225-924-1910

Employer(s): Woodlake Management, LLC

Agent for Service of Process:

Woodlake Management, LLC
10473 Old Hammond Hwy. Baton Rouge, LA 70816
225-924-1910

The Plan is a legal entity. Legal notice may be filed with, and legal process served upon, the Plan Administrator.

Source of Funding:

The plan is self-funded through a trust established by the Plan Sponsor. Employees also contribute to the cost of medical coverage with pre-tax contributions.

Plan Status:

Non-Grandfathered

Plan Year: March 1st through February 28th

Plan Number:

501

Plan Type:

Medical

Prescription Drug

Medical Claims Administrator:

Assured Benefits Administrators, Inc.

221 North Kansas Street #1610, El Paso, Texas 79901

p. (800) 247-7114

f. (915) 532-1772

<https://www.abadmin.com/>

Pharmacy Claims Administrator:

Verus Rx

8150 N. Central Expressway, Suite 1700, Dallas, TX 75206

p. (800) 838-0007

<https://www.verus-rx.com/>

COBRA Administrator:

Assured Benefits Administrators, Inc.

221 North Kansas Street #1610, El Paso, Texas 79901

p. (800) 247-7114

f. (915) 532-1772

<https://www.abadmin.com/>

Pre-Certification and Utilization Management Vendor:

MediReview

p. (800) 222-8734

<http://medireview.biz>

The Plan shall take effect for each Participating Employer on the Effective Date unless a different date is set forth above opposite such Participating Employer's name.

Non-English Language Notice

This Plan Document contains a summary in English of a Participant's plan rights and benefits under the Plan. If a Participant has difficulty understanding any part of this Plan Document, he or she may contact the Medical Claims Administrator at the contact information above.

No Employment Rights

This Plan Document and any amendments constitute the terms and provisions of coverage under this Plan. The Plan Document is not to be construed as a contract of any type between the Company and any Employee or to be consideration for, or an inducement or condition of, the employment of any Employee. Nothing in this Plan Document shall be deemed to give any Employee any rights against the Company or the right to be retained in the service of the Company or to interfere with the right of the Company to discharge any Employee at any time; provided, however, that the foregoing shall not be deemed to modify the provisions of any collective bargaining agreements which may be entered into by the Company with the bargaining representatives of any Employees.

Mental Health Parity

Pursuant to the Mental Health Parity Act (MHPA) of 1996 and the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (MHPAEA), collectively, the mental health parity provisions in Part 7 of ERISA, this Plan applies its terms uniformly and enforces parity between covered health care benefits and covered mental health and substance disorder benefits relating to financial cost sharing restrictions and treatment duration limitations. For further details, please contact the Plan Administrator.

Non-Discrimination

No eligibility rules or variations in contribution amounts will be imposed based on an eligible Employee's and his or her Dependent's/Dependents' health status, medical condition, claims experience, receipt of health care, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, disability, or any other health status related factor. Coverage under this Plan is provided regardless of an eligible Employee's and his or her Dependent's/Dependents' race, color, national origin, disability, age, sex, gender identity or sexual orientation. Variations in the administration, processes or benefits of this Plan that are based on clinically indicated reasonable medical management practices, or are part of permitted wellness incentives, disincentives and/or other programs do not constitute discrimination.

Applicable Law

This is a self-funded benefit plan governed by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"). The Plan is funded with Employee and/or Employer contributions. As such, when applicable, Federal law preempts State law. The provisions of the Plan shall be administered, and all questions pertaining to the validity or construction of the Plan and the acts and transactions of the parties shall be determined, construed, and enforced, in accordance with applicable law. This Section shall be interpreted and applied to give an eligible Employee or Dependent only those rights that are required under applicable law, and the regulations thereunder.

"CHIP" refers to the Children's Health Insurance Program or any provision or section thereof, which is herein specifically referred to, as such act, provision or section may be amended from time to time. The Plan shall comply with CHIP to the extent required or applicable.

"CHIPRA" refers to the Children's Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009 or any provision or section thereof, which is herein specifically referred to, as such act. The Plan shall comply with CHIPRA to the extent required or applicable.

"GINA" shall mean the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (Public Law No. 110-233), which prohibits group health plans, issuers of individual health care policies, and employers from discriminating on the basis of genetic information. The Plan shall comply with GINA to the extent

required or applicable.

“**HIPAA**” shall mean the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended. To the extent required, the Plan shall comply with Title I and Title II of HIPAA.

“**Mental Health Parity**” refers to Mental Health Parity Act (MHPA) of 1996 and the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (MHPAEA) . To the extent that the Mental Health Parity Act (MHPA) of 1996 and the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (MHPAEA) apply, collectively, the mental health parity provisions in Part 7 of ERISA, this Plan applies its terms uniformly and enforces parity between covered health care benefits and covered mental health and substance disorder benefits relating to financial cost sharing restrictions and treatment duration limitations. For further details, please contact the Plan Administrator.

“**Michelle's Law**” provides that a group health plan that offers dependent coverage and conditions that coverage upon status as a full-time student may not terminate the dependent's coverage when the dependent ceases to meet the “full-time” criteria due to a “medically necessary leave of absence.” To the extent required, the Plan shall comply with Michelle’s Law (P.L. 110-381).

“**Newborns’ and Mothers’ Health Protection Act of 1996 (NMHPA)**”. To the extent required under the Newborns’ and Mothers’ Health Protection Act of 1996 (NMHPA), the Plan’s coverage for any Hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn Child shall not be limited to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the mother’s or newborn’s attending Provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under Federal law, require that a Provider obtain authorization from the Plan or the issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours). In no event will an "attending Provider" include a plan, Hospital, managed care organization, or other issuer.

“**Women’s Health and Cancer Rights Act (WHCRA)**.” To the extent required, the Plan shall comply with the Women’s Health and Cancer Rights Act (WHCRA).

Discretionary Authority

The Plan Administrator shall have sole, full and final discretionary authority to interpret all Plan provisions, including the right to remedy possible ambiguities, inconsistencies and/or omissions in the Plan and related documents; to make determinations in regard to issues relating to eligibility for benefits; to decide disputes that may arise relative to a Participant's rights; and to determine all questions of fact and law arising under the Plan.

DEFINITIONS

The following words and phrases shall have the following meanings when used in the Plan Document. Some of the terms used in this document begin with a capital letter, even though the term normally would not be capitalized. These terms have special meaning under the Plan. Most terms will be listed in this Definitions section, but some terms are defined within the provision the term is used. Becoming familiar with the terms defined in the Definitions section will help to better understand the provisions of this Plan.

The following definitions are not an indication that charges for particular care, supplies or services are eligible for payment under the Plan, however they may be used to identify ineligible expenses; please refer to the appropriate sections of the Plan Document for that information.

“Accident”

“Accident” shall mean an event which takes place without one’s foresight or expectation, or a deliberate act that results in unforeseen consequences.

“Accidental Bodily Injury” or “Accidental Injury”

“Accidental Bodily Injury” or “Accidental Injury” shall mean an Injury sustained as the result of an Accident, due to a traumatic event, or due to exposure to the elements.

“Actively at Work” or “Active Employment”

An Employee is “Actively at Work” or in “Active Employment” on any day the Employee performs in the customary manner all of the regular duties of employment. An Employee will be deemed Actively at Work on each day of a regular paid vacation or on a regular non-working day, provided the covered Employee was Actively at Work on the last preceding regular work day. An Employee shall be deemed Actively at Work if the Employee is absent from work due to a health factor, as defined by HIPAA (referenced as follows: [29 CFR 2590.702](#)), subject to the Plan’s Leave of Absence provisions (including any State- mandated leave). An Employee will not be considered under any circumstances Actively at Work if he or she has effectively terminated employment.

“ADA”

“ADA” shall mean the American Dental Association.

“Adverse Benefit Determination”

“Adverse Benefit Determination” shall mean any of the following:

1. A denial in benefits.
2. A reduction in benefits.
3. A rescission of coverage, even if the rescission does not impact a current claim for benefits.
4. A termination of benefits.
5. A failure to provide or make payment (in whole or in part) for a benefit, including any such denial, reduction, termination, or failure to provide or make payment that is based on a determination of a Participant’s eligibility to participate in the Plan.
6. A denial, reduction, or termination of, or a failure to provide or make payment (in whole or in part) for, a benefit resulting from the application of any utilization review.
7. A failure to cover an item or service for which benefits are otherwise provided because it is determined to be Experimental or Investigational or not Medically Necessary or appropriate.

“Affordable Care Act (ACA)”

The “Affordable Care Act (ACA)” means the health care reform law enacted in March 2010. The law was enacted in two parts: the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act was signed into law on March 23, 2010 and was amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act on March 30, 2010. The name “Affordable Care Act” is commonly used to refer to the final, amended version of the law. In this document, the Plan uses the name Affordable Care Act (ACA) to refer to the health care reform law.

“Allowable Expense(s)”

“Allowable Expense(s)” shall mean the Maximum Allowable Charge for any Medically Necessary, eligible item of expense for a covered Employee, at least a portion of which is covered under this Plan. When some Other Plan pays first in accordance with the Application to Benefit Determinations provision in the Coordination of Benefits section, this Plan’s Allowable Expenses shall in no event exceed the Other Plan’s Allowable Expenses. The following are not an Allowable Expense: an amount in excess of the lower applicable negotiated, discounted or contracted rate, an amount in excess of what any plan determines as reasonable and customary, any amount not covered under this Plan or an Other Plan and any amount in connection with which this Plan’s or an Other Plan’s provisions and requirements were not followed or met.

When some “Other Plan” provides benefits in the form of services (rather than cash payments), the Plan Administrator shall assess the value of said benefit(s) and determine the reasonable cash value of the service or services rendered, by determining the amount that would be payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Benefits payable under any Other Plan include the benefits that would have been payable had the claim been duly made therefore, whether or not it is actually made.

“Alternate Recipient”

“Alternate Recipient” shall mean any Child of a Participant who is recognized under a Medical Child Support Order as having a right to enrollment under this Plan as the Participant’s eligible Dependent. For purposes of the benefits provided under this Plan, an Alternate Recipient shall be treated as an eligible Dependent, but for purposes of the reporting and disclosure requirements under ERISA, an Alternate Recipient shall have the same status as a Participant.

“AMA”

“AMA” shall mean the American Medical Association.

“Ambulatory Surgical Center”

“Ambulatory Surgical Center” shall mean any permanent public or private State licensed and approved (whenever required by law) establishment that operates exclusively for the purpose of providing Surgical Procedures to patients not requiring hospitalization with an organized medical staff of Physicians, with continuous Physician and nursing care by Registered Nurses (R.N.s). The patient is admitted to and discharged from the facility within the same working day as the facility does not provide service or other accommodations for patients to stay overnight.

“Applicable Large Employer”

An Applicable Large Employer or “ALE” is an employer that has an average of at least 100 full-time equivalent employees on business days during the preceding calendar year. ALE’s are subject to Code Section 4980H (Employer Shared Responsibility) as enacted under the ACA.

“Approved Clinical Trial”

“Approved Clinical Trial” means a phase I, II, III or IV trial that is Federally funded by specified Agencies (National Institutes of Health (NIH), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDCP), Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), Department of Defense (DOD) or Veterans Affairs (VA), or a non-governmental entity identified by NIH guidelines) or is conducted under an Investigational new drug application reviewed by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) (if such application is

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required).

The Affordable Care Act requires that if a “qualified individual” is in an “Approved Clinical Trial,” the Plan cannot deny coverage for related services (“routine patient costs”)

A “qualified individual” is someone who is eligible to participate in an “Approved Clinical Trial” and either the individual’s doctor has concluded that participation is appropriate or the Participant provides medical and scientific information establishing that their participation is appropriate.

“Routine patient costs” include all items and services consistent with the coverage provided in the plan that is typically covered for a qualified individual who is not enrolled in a clinical trial. Routine patient costs do not include 1) the Investigational item, device or service itself; 2) items and services that are provided solely to satisfy data collection and analysis needs and that are not used in the direct clinical management of the patient; and 3) a service that is clearly inconsistent with the widely accepted and established standards of care for a particular Diagnosis. Plans are not required to provide benefits for routine patient care services provided outside of the Plan’s Network area unless out-of-network benefits are otherwise provided under the Plan.

“Calendar Year”

“Calendar Year” shall mean the 12 month period from January 1 through December 31 of each year.

“Cardiac Care Unit”

“Cardiac Care Unit” shall mean a separate, clearly designated service area which is maintained within a Hospital and which meets all the following requirements:

1. It is solely for the care and treatment of critically ill patients who require special medical attention because of their critical condition.
2. It provides within such area special nursing care and observation of a continuous and constant nature not available in the regular rooms and wards of the Hospital.
3. It provides a concentration of special lifesaving equipment immediately available at all times for the treatment of patients confined within such area.
4. It contains at least two beds for the accommodation of critically ill patients.
5. It provides at least one professional Registered Nurse, in continuous and constant attendance of the patient confined in such area on a 24 hour a day basis.

“CDC”

“CDC” shall mean Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

“Center(s) of Excellence”

“Center(s) of Excellence” shall mean medical care facilities that have met stringent criteria for quality care in the specialized procedures of organ transplantation. These centers have the greatest experience in performing transplant procedures and the best survival rates. The Plan Administrator shall determine what Network Centers of Excellence are to be used.

Any Participant in need of an organ transplant may contact the Medical Claims Administrator to initiate the Pre-Certification process resulting in a referral to a Center of Excellence. The Medical Claims Administrator acts as the primary liaison with the Center of Excellence, patient and attending Physician for all transplant admissions taking place at a Center of Excellence.

Additional information about this option, as well as a list of Centers of Excellence, will be given to covered Woodlake Management, LLC Plan Document and Summary

Employees and updated as requested.

“Certified IDR Entity”

“Certified IDR Entity” shall mean an entity responsible for conducting determinations under the No Surprises Act and that has been properly certified by the Department of Health and Human Services, the Department of Labor, and the Department of the Treasury.

“Child” and/or “Children”

“Child” and/or “Children” shall mean the Employee’s natural Child, any stepchild, legally adopted Child, or any other Child for whom the Employee has been named legal guardian, or an “eligible foster child,” which is defined as an individual placed with the Employee by an authorized placement agency or by judgment, decree or other order of a court of competent jurisdiction. For purposes of this definition, a legally adopted Child shall include a Child placed in an Employee’s physical custody in anticipation of adoption. “Child” shall also mean a covered Employee’s Child who is an Alternate Recipient under a Qualified Medical Child Support Order, as required by the Federal Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993. A “legal guardian” is a person recognized by a court of law as having the duty of taking care of the person and managing the property and rights of a minor child.

To establish a Dependent relationship, the Plan reserves the right to require documentation satisfactory to the Plan Administrator.

***NOTE: Tax treatment for certain dependents.** Federal tax law generally does not recognize former spouses, Legally Separated spouses, civil union or domestic partners, or the children of these partners, as dependents under the federal tax code unless the spouse, partner, or child otherwise qualifies as a dependent under the Internal Revenue Code §152. Therefore, the Employer may be required to automatically include the value of the health care coverage provided to any of the aforementioned individuals, who may be covered under this Plan as eligible Dependents, as additional income to the Employee.*

“Chiropractic Care”

“Chiropractic Care” shall mean the detection and correction, by manual or mechanical means, of the interference with nerve transmissions and expressions resulting from distortion, misalignment or dislocation of the spinal (vertebrae) column.

“Claims Administrator”

“Claims Administrator” shall mean the claims administrator which provides customer service and claims payment services only and does not assume any financial risk or obligation with respect to those claims. The Claims Administrator is not an insurer of health benefits under this Plan, is not a fiduciary of the Plan, and does not exercise any of the discretionary authority and responsibility granted to the Plan Administrator. The Claims Administrator is not responsible for Plan financing and does not guarantee the availability of benefits under this Plan.

“Claimant”

“Claimant” shall mean a Participant of the Plan, or entity acting on his or her behalf, authorized to submit claims to the Plan for processing, and/or appeal an Adverse Benefit Determination.

“Clean Claim”

A “Clean Claim” is one that can be processed in accordance with the terms of this document without obtaining additional information from the service Provider or a third party. It is a claim which has no defect or impropriety. A defect or impropriety shall include a lack of required sustaining documentation as set forth and in accordance with this document, or a particular circumstance requiring special treatment which Woodlake Management, LLC Plan Document and Summary

prevents timely payment as set forth in this document, and only as permitted by this document, from being made. A Clean Claim does not include claims under investigation for fraud and abuse or claims under review for Medical Necessity or other coverage criteria, or fees under review for application of the Maximum Allowable Charge, or any other matter that may prevent the charge(s) from being Covered Expenses in accordance with the terms of this document.

Filing a Clean Claim. A Provider submits a Clean Claim by providing the required data elements on the standard claims forms, along with any attachments and additional elements or revisions to data elements, attachments and additional elements, of which the Provider has knowledge. The Plan Administrator may require attachments or other information in addition to these standard forms (as noted elsewhere in this document and at other times prior to claim submittal) to ensure charges constitute Covered Expenses as defined by and in accordance with the terms of this document. The paper claim form or electronic file record must include all required data elements and must be complete, legible, and accurate. A claim will not be considered to be a Clean Claim if the Participant has failed to submit required forms or additional information to the Plan as well.

“Clinically Severe Obesity” / “Morbid Obesity”

“Clinically Severe Obesity (Morbid Obesity)” shall mean that an individual is at least 100 pounds overweight, or twice the normal weight for his or her height.

“CMS”

“CMS” shall mean Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

“COBRA”

“COBRA” shall mean the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, as amended.

“Coinsurance”

“Coinsurance” shall mean a cost sharing feature of many plans which requires a Participant to pay out-of-pocket a prescribed portion of the cost of Covered Expenses. The defined Coinsurance that a Participant must pay out-of-pocket is based upon his or her health plan design. Coinsurance is established as a predetermined percentage of the Maximum Allowable Charge for covered services and usually applies after a Deductible is met in a Deductible plan.

“Copayment” or “Copay”

“Copayment” or “Copay” shall mean a dollar amount per visit, the Participant pays to the Provider for health care expenses. In most plans, the Participant pays this after he or she meets his or her Deductible limit. Refer to the Summary of Benefits.

“Cosmetic Service(s)”

“Cosmetic Service(s)” shall mean any surgery, procedure or other service or supply which are primarily used to improve, alter, reshape or enhance appearance of a physical characteristic which is within the broad spectrum of normal but which may be considered displeasing or unattractive, except when required by an Injury.

“Covered Expense(s)”

“Covered Expense(s)” shall mean a service or supply provided in accordance with the terms of this document, whose applicable charge amount does not exceed the Maximum Allowable Charge for an eligible Medically Necessary service, treatment or supply, meant to improve a condition or Participant’s health, which is eligible for coverage in accordance with this Plan. When more than one treatment option is available, and one option is no more effective than another, the Covered Expense is the least costly option

that is no less effective than any other option.

All treatment is subject to benefit payment maximums shown in the Summary of Benefits and as set forth elsewhere in this document.

“Custodial Care”

“Custodial Care” shall mean care or confinement designated principally for the assistance and maintenance of the Participant, in engaging in the activities of daily living, whether or not totally disabled. This care or confinement could be rendered at home or by persons without professional skills or training. This care may relieve symptoms or pain but is not reasonably expected to improve the underlying medical condition. Custodial Care includes, but is not limited to, assistance in eating, dressing, bathing and using the toilet, preparation of special diets, supervision of medication which can normally be self-administered, assistance in walking or getting in and out of bed, and all domestic activities.

“Deductible”

“Deductible” shall mean an overall amount for certain expenses for Covered Expenses that is the responsibility of the Participant to pay for him or herself each Plan Year before the Plan will begin its payments.

“Dentist”

“Dentist” shall mean a properly trained person holding a D.D.S. or D.M.D. degree and practicing within the scope of a license to practice dentistry within their applicable geographic venue.

“Dependent”

“Dependent” shall mean one or more of the following person(s):

1. An eligible Employee’s present spouse, thereby possessing a valid marriage license, not annulled, or voided in any way. A Dependent spouse shall therefore not be one who is divorced from the Employee. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Dependent spouse shall include a common law spouse, when such status is legally recognized in the jurisdiction in which the Employee has his or her principal residence and the Employee and spouse have satisfied all applicable requirements to attain such status.
2. An eligible Employee’s Child who is less than 26 years of age. *NOTE: Coverage of a Dependent Child will continue until the end of the calendar month he or she turns 26 years of age.*
3. An eligible Employee’s Domestic Partner, if applicable. *NOTE: To the extent COBRA coverage is applicable, an Employee’s domestic partner is not considered a qualified beneficiary and does not have independent rights under COBRA; however, an Employee’s domestic partner will be entitled to COBRA continuation coverage as a dependent of a qualified beneficiary. An Employee’s domestic partner and the domestic partner’s enrolled children will be considered a qualified beneficiary and eligible to continue coverage under the COBRA provisions to the same extent as an Employee’s spouse or Child.*
4. An eligible Employee’s Child, regardless of age, who was continuously covered prior to attaining the limiting age as stated in the numbers above, who is mentally or physically incapable of sustaining his or her own living. Such Child must have been mentally or physically incapable of earning his or her own living prior to attaining the limiting age as stated in the numbers above. Written proof of such incapacity and dependency satisfactory to the Plan must be furnished and approved by the Plan within 31 days after the date the Child attains the limiting age as stated in the numbers above. The deadline for submission of written proof of incapacity and dependency is 60 days following the original eligibility date for a new or re-enrolling Employee. The Plan may require, at reasonable intervals, subsequent proof satisfactory to the Plan during the next two years after such date. After such two year period, the Plan may require such proof, but not more often than once each year.

Active-duty members of any armed force shall not be deemed to be “Dependents.”

Residents of a country other than the United States shall not be deemed to be “Dependents.”

An Employee’s spouse must meet the following requirements:

1. Employee and spouse shall not have been Legally Separated or engaged in a trial separation for more than 12 consecutive months upon the date a Clean Claim for Covered Expense(s) provided to spouse are received by the Plan.
2. Employee and spouse shall have been cohabitating at the same residence for the majority of the applicable Plan Year. When an Employee or spouse is traveling or residing elsewhere as part of their profession, to care for a family member (due, for instance, to Illness or Injury), and/or is residing elsewhere due to their own Illness or Injury, for more than half of the applicable Plan Year (and thus residing with each other for less than the majority of the applicable Plan Year), but the primary residence of the Employee is also the spouse’s primary residence for all legal, regulatory, and statutory purposes, this constitutes cohabitation as required by this provision.

The Plan Administrator has discretionary authority to interpret these terms, and determine spousal status as defined herein, to the extent allowed by law.

To establish a Dependent relationship, the Plan reserves the right to require documentation satisfactory to the Plan Administrator.

NOTE: Tax treatment for certain dependents. Federal tax law generally does not recognize former spouses, Legally Separated spouses, civil union or domestic partners, or the children of these partners, as dependents under the federal tax code unless the spouse, partner, or child otherwise qualifies as a dependent under the Internal Revenue Code §152. Therefore, the Employer may be required to automatically include the value of the health care coverage provided to any of the aforementioned individuals, who may be covered under this Plan as eligible Dependents, as additional income to the Employee.

“Diagnosis”

“Diagnosis” shall mean the act or process of identifying or determining the nature and cause of a Disease, Illness or Injury through evaluation of patient history, examination, and review of laboratory data. Diagnosis shall also mean the findings resulting from such act or process.

“Diagnostic Service”

“Diagnostic Service” shall mean an examination, test, or procedure performed for specified symptoms to obtain information to aid in the assessment of the nature and severity of a medical condition or the identification of a Disease, Illness or Injury. The Diagnostic Service must be ordered by a Physician or other professional Provider.

“Disease”

“Disease” shall mean an alteration in the state of the body or of some of its organs, interrupting or disturbing the performance of the functions, and causing or threatening pain and weakness or physical or mental disorder and certified by a Physician or other professional Provider.

“Drug” “Drug” shall mean a Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved Drug or medicine that is listed with approval in the *United States Pharmacopeia*, *National Formulary* or *AMA Drug Evaluations* published by the American Medical Association (AMA), that is prescribed for human consumption, and that is required by law to bear the legend: “Caution—Federal Law prohibits dispensing without prescription,” or a State Woodlake Management, LLC Plan Document and Summary

restricted drug (any medicinal substance which may be dispensed only by prescription, according to State law), legally obtained and dispensed by a licensed drug dispenser only, according to a written prescription given by a Physician and/or duly licensed Provider. "Drug" shall also mean insulin for purposes of injection.

"Domestic Partners"

"Domestic Partners" shall mean the eligible Employee's domestic partner under a legally registered and valid domestic partnership. Domestic partner does not include any person who is covered as an Employee or in active service in the armed forces. Employee will be liable for costs, fees, and expenses incurred by the Plan Administrator if any Domestic Partner claimed is determined to be ineligible.

Note: The Domestic Partner and Employee must be financially interdependent and be able to prove such interdependence by providing documentation of at least three of the following arrangements

- A Domestic Partnership Agreement
- Common ownership of real estate
- Common ownership of a motor vehicle
- A joint bank account, or joint credit card account
- Designation as a beneficiary for life insurance or retirement benefits or under each other's will
- Affidavit of Domestic Partnership
- Such other proof as is considered by the Plan to be sufficient to establish financial interdependency under the circumstances of the particular situation

"Durable Medical Equipment"

"Durable Medical Equipment" shall mean equipment and/or supplies ordered by a Provider for everyday or extended use which meets all of the following requirements:

1. Can withstand repeated use.
2. Is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose.
3. Generally, is not useful to a person in the absence of an Illness or Injury.
4. Is appropriate for use in the home.

"Emergency"

"Emergency" shall mean a situation or medical condition with symptoms of sufficient severity (including severe pain) that the absence of immediate medical attention and treatment would reasonably be expected to result in: (a) serious jeopardy to the health of the individual (or, with respect to a pregnant woman, the woman's unborn child); (b) serious impairment to bodily functions; or (c) serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part. An Emergency includes, but is not limited to, severe chest pain, poisoning, unconsciousness, and hemorrhage. Other Emergencies and acute conditions may be considered on receipt of proof, satisfactory to the Plan, per the Plan Administrator's discretion, that an Emergency did exist. The Plan may, at its own discretion, request satisfactory proof that an Emergency or acute condition did exist.

"Emergency Medical Condition"

"Emergency Medical Condition" shall mean a medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity (including severe pain) so that a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in a condition described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of section 1867(e)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395dd(e)(1)(A)). In that provision of the Social Security Act, clause (i) refers to placing the health of the individual (or, with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child) in serious jeopardy; clause (ii) refers to serious impairment to bodily functions; and clause (iii) refers to serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.

“Emergency Services”

“Emergency Services” shall mean services provided in connection with the initial treatment of a medical or psychiatric Emergency, including:

1. An appropriate medical screening examination (as required under section 1867 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. 1395dd) that is within the capability of the emergency department of a Hospital, or of an Independent Freestanding Emergency Department, including ancillary services routinely available to the emergency department to evaluate such Emergency Medical Condition.
2. Such further medical examination and treatment, to the extent they are within the capabilities of the staff and facilities available at the Hospital, or the Independent Freestanding Emergency Department, as applicable, such further medical examination and treatment as are required under section 1867 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395dd) to stabilize the patient (regardless of the department of the Hospital in which such further examination or treatment is furnished).

When furnished with respect to an Emergency Medical Condition, Emergency Services shall also include an item or service provided by a Non-Network Provider or Non-Participating Health Care Facility (regardless of the department of the Hospital in which items or services are furnished) after the Participant is stabilized and as part of Outpatient observation or an Inpatient or Outpatient stay with respect to the visit in which the Emergency Services are furnished, until such time as the Provider determines that the Participant is able to travel using non-medical transportation or non-emergency medical transportation, and the Participant is in a condition to, and in fact does, give informed consent to the Provider to be treated as a Non-Network Provider.

Once the patient is stabilized, Covered Expenses performed in the Outpatient department of a Hospital that are follow-up to an Emergency Medical Condition are classified and payable as Outpatient Covered Expenses.

“Employee”

“Employee” shall mean a person who is a full time Employee of the Participating Employer, who is Actively at Work, regularly scheduled to work for the Participating Employer in an Employer-Employee relationship. Such person must be scheduled to work an average of at least 30 hours per week or 130 hours per month in order to be considered “full time.”

The following definitions are associated with the Code Section 4980H (Employer Shared Responsibility) as enacted under the ACA for Applicable Large Employers (ALE).

Administrative Period shall mean a period of time selected by the Employer beginning immediately following the end of the Measurement Period and ending immediately before the start of the associated Stability Period. This period of time is used by the Employer to determine if Variable Hour Employees and/or Ongoing Employees are eligible for coverage and, if so, to make an offer of coverage. The Administrative Period also includes the period between a new Employee's start date and the beginning of the Initial Measurement Period, if the Initial Measurement Period does not begin on the employee's start date.

Full-time Employee or Full-time Employment shall mean, with respect to a calendar month, an Employee who is employed an average of at least 30 hours per week or 130 hours per month with the Employer.

Hour of Service shall mean each hour for which an Employee is paid, or entitled to payment, for the performance of duties for the employer; and each hour for which an Employee is paid, or entitled to payment by the employer for a period of time during which no duties are performed due to vacation, holiday, illness, incapacity (including disability), layoff, jury duty, military duty or leave of absence.

Measurement Period shall mean a period of time selected by the Employer during which Variable Hour Employee's and/or Ongoing Employee's Hours of Service are tracked to determine his or her employment status for benefit purposes.

- Initial Measurement Period - for a newly hired Variable Hour Employee, this Measurement Period will start from the date of hire and ends after 12 consecutive months of service.
- Standard Measurement Period - for Ongoing Employees, this Measurement Period will start on January 1 each year and will last for 12 consecutive months.

New Employee shall mean an Employee who has not been employed for at least one complete Standard Measurement Period, or who is treated as a New Employee following a period during which the Employee was credited with zero Hours of Service.

Non-Variable Hour Employee shall mean an Employee reasonably expected at the time of hire to work 30 hours per week or 130 hours per month.

Ongoing Employee shall mean an Employee who has been employed by the Employer for at least one complete Measurement Period.

Seasonal Employee shall mean an Employee who is hired into a position for which the customary annual employment is six months or less.

Stability Period shall mean a period selected by the Employer that immediately follows, and is associated with, a Standard Measurement Period or an Initial Measurement Period (and, if elected by the Employer, the Administrative Period associated with that Standard Measurement Period or Initial Measurement Period), and is used by the Employer as part of the Look-back Measurement Method. The Stability Period is a period in which the Variable Hour Employee's and/or Ongoing Employee's eligibility status is fixed.

Variable Hour Employee shall mean an Employee, based on the facts and circumstances at the Employee's start date, whose reasonable expectation of average hours per week cannot be determined.

“Employer”

“Employer” shall mean the Company and any subsidiary or successor which, with the approval of the Plan Administrator, and subject to any conditions as the Plan Administrator may impose, adopts the Plan. “Employer” is Woodlake Management, LLC.

“Employer Shared Responsibility Provision”

Employer Shared Responsibility Provision shall refer to certain Employers (called applicable large employers or ALEs) that must either offer minimum essential coverage that is “affordable” and that provides “minimum value” to their full-time employees (and their dependents), or potentially make an employer shared responsibility payment to the IRS. The employer shared responsibility provisions are sometimes referred to as “the employer mandate” or “the pay or play provisions.” The vast majority of Employers will fall below the ALE threshold number of employees and, therefore, will not be subject to the employer shared responsibility provisions.

“Enhanced Benefits”

This plan waives all member responsibility, including copay, coinsurance and deductibles* for many services when using designated and/or Preferred Tier Providers. Examples of services include, but are not limited to, specific Provider office visits, Second Surgical Opinions, non-emergent Surgeries, Physical Therapy, Labs, X-rays, Durable Medical Equipment, Diagnostic Tests, Advanced Imaging (MRI/MRA, CT Scans, PET Scans, Nuclear Medicine), Infusions, Dialysis, Specialty Medications, Chemotherapy, Diabetes Management and ABA Woodlake Management, LLC Plan Document and Summary

Therapy. This offering is sometimes referred to as the “Disappearing Deductible” program. **Note:** For Participants on a High Deductible Health Plan, the minimum federal deductible must be satisfied before any member responsibility is waived and the Plan begins to pay. See IRS Notices 2004-23, 2004-50, 2013-57 and 2019-45, available on www.irs.gov, for details. Plan Participants should call the number on the ID card for assistance.

“ERISA”

“ERISA” shall mean the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.

“Errors”

Charges based on claiming mistakes, improprieties or illegitimate claiming entries, including, but not limited to, up-coding, duplicate charges, charges for care, supplies, treatment, and/or services not actually rendered or performed, or charges otherwise determined to be invalid, impermissible or improper based on any applicable law, regulation, guidelines, rule or professional standard; it is in the Plan Administrator’s sole discretion to determine what constitutes an Error under the terms of this Plan.

“Essential Health Benefits”

“Essential Health Benefits” shall mean, under section 1302(b) of the Affordable Care Act, those health benefits to include at least the following general categories and the items and services covered within the categories: ambulatory patient services; Emergency Services; hospitalization; maternity and newborn care; mental health and substance abuse disorder services, including behavioral health treatment; prescription Drugs; rehabilitative and habilitative Services and devices; laboratory services; preventive and wellness services and chronic disease management; and pediatric services, including oral and vision care.

Excess”

A charge or portion thereof billed for care and treatment of an Illness or Injury that is not payable under the Plan because it exceeds the Maximum Payable Amount or is determined by the Plan Administrator to be based on Invalid Charges or Errors in accordance with the terms of this Plan Document.

“Exclusion”

“Exclusion” shall mean conditions or services that this Plan does not cover.

“Experimental” and/or “Investigational”

“Experimental” and/or “Investigational” (“Experimental”) shall mean services or treatments that are not widely used or accepted by most practitioners or lack credible evidence to support positive short or long-term outcomes from those services or treatments and that are not the subject of, or in some manner related to, the conduct of an Approved Clinical Trial, as such term is defined herein; these services are not included under or as Medicare reimbursable procedures, and include services, supplies, care, procedures, treatments or courses of treatment which meet either of the following requirements:

1. Do not constitute accepted medical practice under the standards of the case and by the standards of a reasonable segment of the medical community or government oversight agencies at the time rendered.
2. Are rendered on a research basis as determined by the United States Food and Drug Administration and the AMA’s Council on Medical Specialty Societies.

A drug, device, or medical treatment or procedure is Experimental if one of the following requirements is met:

1. If the drug or device cannot be lawfully marketed without approval of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and approval for marketing has not been given at the time the drug or device is furnished;

2. If reliable evidence shows that the drug, device or medical treatment or procedure is the subject of ongoing Phase I, II, or III clinical trials or under study to determine all of the following:
 - a. Maximum tolerated dose.
 - b. Toxicity.
 - c. Safety.
 - d. Efficacy.
 - e. Efficacy as compared with the standard means of treatment or Diagnosis.

3. If reliable evidence shows that the consensus among experts regarding the drug, device, or medical treatment or procedure is that further studies or clinical trials are necessary to determine all of the following:
 - a. Maximum tolerated dose.
 - b. Toxicity.
 - c. Safety.
 - d. Efficacy.
 - e. Efficacy as compared with the standard means of treatment or Diagnosis.

Reliable evidence shall mean one or more of the following:

1. Only published reports and articles in the authoritative medical and scientific literature.
2. The written protocol or protocols used by the treating facility or the protocol(s) of another facility studying substantially the same drug, device, or medical treatment or procedure.
3. The written informed consent used by the treating facility or by another facility studying substantially the same drug, device, or medical treatment or procedure.

Notwithstanding the above, a prescription drug for a treatment that has been approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) but is used as a non-approved treatment shall not be considered Experimental/Investigational for purposes of this Plan and shall be afforded coverage to the same extent as any other prescription drug, provided that the drug is recognized by one of the following as being Medically Necessary for the specific treatment for which it has been prescribed:

1. The American Medical Association Drug Evaluations.
2. The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information.
3. The United States Pharmacopeia Drug Information.
4. A clinical study or review article in a reviewed professional journal.

Subject to a medical opinion, if no other Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved treatment is feasible and as a result the Participant faces a life or death medical condition, the Plan Administrator retains discretionary authority to cover the services or treatment.

The Plan Administrator retains maximum legal authority and discretion to determine what is Experimental and/or Investigational.

“Family Unit”

“Family Unit” shall mean the eligible Employee and his or her Dependents covered under the Plan.

“FDA”

“FDA” shall mean Food and Drug Administration.

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“Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination”

"Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination" shall mean an Adverse Benefit Determination that has been upheld by the Plan at the conclusion of the internal claims and appeals process, or an Adverse Benefit Determination with respect to which the internal claims and appeals process has been deemed exhausted.

“FMLA”

“FMLA” shall mean the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended.

“Habilitation/Habilitative Services”

“Habilitation/Habilitative Services” shall mean health care services that help a person keep, learn, or improve skills and functioning for daily living. Examples include therapy for a child who is not walking or talking at the expected age. These services may include physical and occupational therapy, speech-language pathology and other services for people with disabilities in a variety of Inpatient and/or Outpatient settings.

“HIPAA”

“HIPAA” shall mean the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended.

“HMO”

“HMO” shall mean a health maintenance organization.

“Home Health Care”

“Home Health Care” shall mean the continual care and treatment of an individual if all of the requirements are met:

1. The institutionalization of the individual would otherwise have been required if Home Health Care was not provided.
2. The Home Health Care is the result of an Illness or Injury.

“Home Health Care Agency”

“Home Health Care Agency” shall mean an agency or organization which provides a program of Home Health Care and which meets one of the following requirements:

1. Is a Federally certified Home Health Care Agency and approved as such under Medicare.
2. Meets the established standards and is operated pursuant to applicable laws in the jurisdiction in which it is located and, is licensed and approved by the regulatory authority having the responsibility for licensing, where licensing is required.
3. Meets all of the following requirements.
 - a. It is an agency which holds itself forth to the public as having the primary purpose of providing a Home Health Care delivery system bringing supportive services to the home.
 - b. It has a full-time administrator.
 - c. It maintains written records of services provided to the patient.
 - d. Its staff includes at least one Registered Nurse (R.N.) or it has nursing care by a Registered Nurse (R.N.) available.
 - e. Its employees are bonded and it provides malpractice insurance.

“Hospice”

“Hospice” shall mean palliative care (pain control/symptom relief) provided in the home or in an inpatient setting to terminally ill persons and supportive care to those persons and their families in order to assist them in coping with terminal illness. A Hospice must be certified by Medicare as a hospice, recognized by Medicare as a hospice site, or accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals as a hospice.

“Hospital”

“Hospital” shall mean an Institution, accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals (sponsored by the AMA and the American Hospital Association), under the supervision of a staff of Physicians that maintains diagnostic and therapeutic facilities on premises, for the provision of medical (including Surgical facilities for all Institutions other than those specializing in the care and treatment of mentally ill patients, provided such Institution is accredited as such a facility by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals sponsored by the AMA and the American Hospital Association), diagnosis, treatment, and care to Injured or sick persons, on an Inpatient basis, with 24 hour a day nursing service by Registered Nurses.

To be deemed a “Hospital,” the facility must be duly licensed if it is not a State tax supported Institution, and must not be primarily a place for rest, the aged, and/or a nursing home, custodial, or training institution; or an Institution which is supported in whole or in part by a Federal government fund.

Institutions and/or facilities not deemed to be a “Hospital” in accordance with Medicare, shall not be deemed to be Hospitals for this Plan’s purposes.

“Hospital” shall also have the same meaning, where appropriate in context, set forth in the definition of “Ambulatory Surgical Center.”

“HRSA”

“HRSA” shall mean Health Resources and Services Administration.

“Health Savings Account (HSA)”

“Health Savings Account (HSA)” shall mean an account created in connection with a High Deductible Health Plan. The money placed in this account can be used to pay for covered health care costs or saved for future health care costs. The account accrues interest. Any HSA or HRA are outside of this plan. Plan Participants should discuss availability with the Plan Sponsor.

“High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP)”

“High Deductible Health Plan” shall mean a health plan which has to meet specific federal rules. All offered HDHPs are HSA-eligible. Therefore, all Participants, whether enrolled in a HSA account or not, must satisfy the Tier deductible before the Plan begins to pay, unless specifically defined elsewhere in this Plan document. For more information see <https://www.healthcare.gov/high-deductible-health-plan/>.

“Illness”

“Illness” shall mean any disorder which does not arise out of, which is not caused or contributed to by, and which is not a consequence of, any employment or occupation for compensation or profit; however, if evidence satisfactory to the Plan is furnished showing that the individual concerned is covered as an Employee under any workers’ compensation law, occupational disease law or any other legislation of similar purpose, or under the maritime doctrine of maintenance, wages, and cure, but that the disorder involved is one not covered under the applicable law or doctrine, then such disorder shall, for the purposes of the Plan, be regarded as an Illness.

“Impregnation and Infertility Treatment”

“Impregnation and Infertility Treatment” shall mean any services, supplies or Drugs related to the Diagnosis or treatment of infertility, including, but not limited to, diagnostic tests, medication for the purpose of treating or improving infertility, artificial insemination, in vitro fertilization, surgery, sterilization reversal, and gamete intrafallopian transfer.

“Incurred” A Covered Expense is “Incurred” on the date the service is rendered or the supply is obtained. With respect to a course of treatment or procedure which includes several steps or phases of treatment, Covered Expenses are Incurred for the various steps or phases as the services related to each step are rendered and not when services relating to the initial step or phase are rendered. More specifically, Covered Expenses for the entire procedure or course of treatment are not Incurred upon commencement of the first stage of the procedure or course of treatment.

“Independent Freestanding Emergency Department”

“Independent Freestanding Emergency Department” means a health care facility that is geographically separate and distinct, and licensed separately, from a Hospital under applicable state law, and which provides any Emergency Services.

“Injury”

“Injury” shall mean an Accidental Bodily Injury, which does not arise out of, which is not caused or contributed to by, and which is not a consequence of, any employment or occupation for compensation or profit. Injury does not include chewing accidents.

“Inpatient”

“Inpatient” shall mean a Participant who receives care as a registered and assigned bed patient while confined in a Hospital, other than in its outpatient department, where a room and board is charged by the Hospital.

“Institution”

“Institution” shall mean a facility created and/or maintained for the purpose of practicing medicine and providing organized health care and treatment to individuals, operating within the scope of its license, such as a Hospital, Ambulatory Surgical Center, Psychiatric Hospital, community mental health center, Residential Treatment Facility, psychiatric treatment facility, Substance Abuse Treatment Center, alternative birthing center, or any other such facility that the Plan approves.

“Intensive Care Unit”

“Intensive Care Unit” shall have the same meaning set forth in the definition of “Cardiac Care Unit.”

“Intensive Outpatient Services”

“Intensive Outpatient Services” shall mean programs that have the capacity for planned, structured, service provision of at least two hours per day and three days per week. The range of services offered could include group, individual, family or multi-family group psychotherapy, psychoeducational services, and medical monitoring. These services would include multiple or extended treatment/rehabilitation/counseling visits or professional supervision and support. Program models include structured “crisis intervention programs,” “psychiatric or psychosocial rehabilitation,” and some “day treatment”.

“Intoxication”

“Intoxication” shall mean under the law of the given jurisdiction, a state in which a person’s normal capacity to act or reason is significantly inhibited and/or diminished by alcohol or drugs. The intoxicated person’s blood alcohol level must meet or exceed the stated jurisdiction’s laws of intoxication.

“Invalid Charge(s)”

Charges (a) that are found to be based on Errors (as defined in this Document), Unbundling, misidentification or unclear description; (b) charges for fees or services determined not to have been Medically Necessary or reasonable; (c) charges found by the Plan Administrator to be in excess of the Maximum Payable Amount, or (d) charges that are otherwise determined by the Plan Administrator, or its designee, to be invalid or impermissible based on any applicable law, regulation, guideline, rule or professional standard.

“Leave of Absence”

“Leave of Absence” shall mean a period of time during which the Employee must be away from his or her primary job with the Employer, while maintaining the status of Employee during said time away from work, generally requested by an Employee and having been approved by his or her Participating Employer, and as provided for in the Participating Employer’s rules, policies, procedures and practices where applicable.

“Legal Separation” or “Legally Separated”

“Legal Separation” and/or “Legally Separated” shall mean an arrangement under the applicable state laws to remain married but maintain separate lives, pursuant to a valid court order.

“Mastectomy”

“Mastectomy” shall mean the Surgery to remove all or part of breast tissue as a way to treat or prevent breast cancer.

“Maximum Allowable Charge”

Maximum Allowable Charge “Maximum Allowable Charge” shall mean the benefit payable for a specific coverage item or benefit under this Plan. The Maximum Allowable Charge will always be a negotiated rate, if one exists; if no negotiated rate exists, the Maximum Allowable Charge will be determined and established by the Plan, at the Plan Administrator’s discretion, using normative data and submitted information such as, but not limited to, any one or more of the following, in the Plan Administrator’s discretion:

1. Medicare reimbursement rates (presently utilized by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services [“CMS”]).
2. Prices established by CMS utilizing standard Medicare Payment methods and/or based upon supplemental Medicare pricing data for items Medicare doesn’t cover based on data from CMS).
3. Prices established by CMS utilizing standard Medicare payment methods and/or based upon prevailing Medicare rates in the community for non-Medicare facilities for similar services and/or supplies provided by similarly skilled and trained providers of care).
4. Prices established by CMS utilizing standard Medicare payment methods for items in alternate settings based on Medicare rates provided for similar services and/or supplies paid to similarly skilled and trained providers of care in traditional settings).
5. Medicare cost data as reflected in the applicable individual provider’s cost report(s).
6. The fee(s) which the Provider most frequently charges the majority of patients for the service or supply.
7. Amounts the Provider specifically agrees to accept as payment in full either through direct negotiation or through a preferred provider organization (PPO) network.
8. Average wholesale price (AWP) and/or manufacturer’s retail pricing (MRP).
9. Medicare cost-to-charge ratios or other information regarding the actual cost to provide the service or supply.
10. The allowable charge otherwise specified within the terms of this Plan.
11. The prevailing range of fees charged in the same “area” (defined as a metropolitan area, county, or such greater area as is necessary to obtain a representative cross-section of Providers, persons or organizations rendering such treatment, services, or supplies for which a specific charge is made) by Providers of similar training and experience for the service or supply.
12. With respect to Non-Network Emergency Services, the Plan allowance is the greater of:
 - a. The negotiated amount for In-Network Providers (the median amount if more than one amount to In-Network Providers).
 - b. One hundred percent (100%) of the Plan’s Maximum Allowable Charge payment formula (reduced for cost-sharing).
 - c. The amount that Medicare Parts A or B would pay (reduced for cost-sharing).

The Plan Administrator may in its discretion, taking into consideration specific circumstances, deem a greater amount to payable than the lesser of the aforementioned amounts. The Plan Administrator may take any or all of such factors into account but has no obligation to consider any particular factor. The Plan Administrator may also account for unusual circumstances or complications requiring additional or a lesser amount of time, skill and experience in connection with a particular service or supply, industry standards and practices as they relate to similar scenarios, and the cause of Injury or Illness necessitating the service(s) and/or charge(s).

When more than one treatment option is available, and one option is no more effective than another, the least costly option that is no less effective than any other option will be considered within the Maximum Allowable Charge.

In all instances, the Maximum Allowable Charge will be limited to an amount which, in the Plan Administrator's discretion, is charged for services or supplies that are not unreasonably caused by the treating Provider, including errors in medical care that are clearly identifiable, preventable, and serious in their consequence for patients. A finding of Provider negligence and/or malpractice is not required for services or fees to be considered ineligible pursuant to this provision.

The determination that fees for services are includable in the Maximum Allowable Charge will be made by the Plan Administrator, taking into consideration, but not limited to, the findings and assessments of the following entities: (a) The national medical associations, societies, and organizations; and (b) The Food and Drug Administration (FDA). To be includable in the Maximum Allowable Charge, services and fees must be in compliance with generally accepted billing practices for unbundling or multiple procedures.

The Plan Administrator has the discretionary authority to decide if a charge is covered under this Plan. The Maximum Allowable Charge will not include any identifiable billing mistakes including, but not limited to, up-coding, duplicate charges, and charges for services not performed.

“Medical Child Support Order”

“Medical Child Support Order” shall mean any judgment, decree or order (including approval of a domestic relations settlement agreement) issued by a court of competent jurisdiction that meets one of the following requirements:

1. Provides for child support with respect to a Participant's Child or directs the Participant to provide coverage under a health benefits plan pursuant to a State domestic relations law (including a community property law).
2. Is made pursuant to a law relating to medical child support described in §1908 of the Social Security Act (as added by Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 §13822) with respect to a group health plan.

“Medical Record Review”

“Medical Record Review” is the process by which the Plan, based upon a Medical Record Review and audit, determines that a different treatment or different quantity of a Drug or supply was provided which is not supported in the billing, then the Plan Administrator may determine the Maximum Allowable Charge according to the Medical Record Review and audit results.

“Medically Necessary”

“Medically Necessary,” “Medical Necessity” and similar language refers to health care services ordered by a Physician exercising prudent clinical judgment provided to a Participant for the purposes of evaluation, Diagnosis or treatment of that Participant's Illness or Injury. Such services, to be considered Medically Necessary, must be clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency, extent, site and duration for the Diagnosis or treatment of the Participant's Illness or Injury. The Medically Necessary setting and level of service is that setting and level of service which, considering the Participant's medical symptoms and Woodlake Management, LLC Plan Document and Summary

conditions, cannot be provided in a less intensive medical setting. Such services, to be considered Medically Necessary must be no more costly than alternative interventions, including no intervention and are at least as likely to produce equivalent therapeutic or diagnostic results as to the Diagnosis or treatment of the Participant's Illness or Injury without adversely affecting the Participant's medical condition. The service must meet all of the following requirements:

1. Its purpose must be to restore health.
2. It must not be primarily custodial in nature.
3. It is ordered by a Physician for the Diagnosis or treatment of an Illness or Injury.
4. The Plan reserves the right to incorporate CMS guidelines in effect on the date of treatment as additional criteria for determination of Medical Necessity and/or an Allowable Expense.

For Hospital stays, this means that acute care as an Inpatient is necessary due to the kind of services the Participant is receiving or the severity of the Participant's condition and that safe and adequate care cannot be received as an Outpatient or in a less intensified medical setting. The mere fact that the service is furnished, prescribed or approved by a Physician does not necessarily mean that it is "Medically Necessary." In addition, the fact that certain services are specifically excluded from coverage under this Plan because they are not "Medically Necessary" does not mean that all other services are "Medically Necessary."

To be Medically Necessary, all of the above criteria must be met. The Plan Administrator has the discretionary authority to decide whether care or treatment is Medically Necessary based on recommendations of the Plan Administrator's own medical advisors, the findings of the American Medical Association or similar organization, or any other sources that the Plan Administrator deems appropriate.

Off-label Drug use is considered Medically Necessary when all of the following conditions are met:

1. The Drug is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA).
2. The prescribed Drug use is supported by one of the following standard reference sources:
 - a. Micromedex[®] DRUGDEX[®].
 - b. The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information.
 - c. Medicare approved compendia.
 - d. Scientific evidence is supported in well-designed clinical trials published in peer-reviewed medical journals, which demonstrate that the Drug is safe and effective for the specific condition.
3. The Drug is otherwise Medically Necessary to treat the specific condition, including life threatening conditions or chronic and seriously debilitating conditions.

"Medicare"

"Medicare" shall mean the Federal program by which health care is provided to individuals who are 65 or older, certain younger individuals with disabilities, and individuals with End-Stage Renal Disease, administered in accordance with parameters set forth by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) and Title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965, as amended, by whose terms it was established.

"Mental Health Parity Act of 1996 (MHPA) and Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (MHPAEA), Collectively, the Mental Health Parity Provisions in Part 7 of ERISA"

"The Mental Health Parity Provisions," to the extent applicable, shall mean in the case of a group health plan (or health insurance coverage offered in connection with such a plan) that provides both medical and surgical benefits and mental health or Substance Use Disorder benefits, such plan or coverage shall ensure that all of the following requirements are met:

1. The financial requirements applicable to such mental health or Substance Use Disorder benefits are no more restrictive than the predominant financial requirements applied to substantially all medical and surgical benefits covered by the Plan (or coverage).
2. There are no separate cost sharing requirements that are applicable only with respect to mental health or Substance Use Disorder benefits, if these benefits are covered by the group health plan (or health insurance coverage is offered in connection with such a plan).
3. The treatment limitations applicable to such mental health or Substance Use Disorder benefits are no more restrictive than the predominant treatment limitations applied to substantially all medical and surgical benefits covered by the Plan (or coverage).
4. There are no separate treatment limitations that are applicable only with respect to mental health or Substance Use Disorder benefits, if these benefits are covered by the group health plan (or health insurance coverage is offered in connection with such a plan).

“Mental Disorder,” “Behavioral Disorder,” or “Neurodevelopmental Disorder”

“Mental Disorder,” “Behavioral Disorder,” or “Neurodevelopmental Disorder” shall mean any, illness, disease or condition, regardless of whether the cause is organic, that is classified as a Mental Disorder, Behavioral Disorder, or Neurodevelopmental Disorder in the current edition of International Classification of Diseases, published by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, is listed in the current edition of Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, published by the American Psychiatric Association or other relevant State guideline or applicable sources. The fact that a disorder is listed in any of these sources does not mean that treatment of the disorder is covered by the Plan.

“National Medical Support Notice” or “NMSN”

“National Medical Support Notice” or “NMSN” shall mean a notice that contains all of the following information:

1. The name of an issuing State child support enforcement agency.
2. The name and mailing address (if any) of the Employee who is a Participant under the Plan or eligible for enrollment.
3. The name and mailing address of each of the Alternate Recipients (i.e., the Child or Children of the Participant) or the name and address of a State or local official may be substituted for the mailing address of the Alternate Recipients(s).
4. Identity of an underlying child support order.

“Never Event”

“Never Event” shall mean a medical error that should never occur.

“Network” or “In-Network”

“Network” or “In-Network” shall mean the facilities, providers and suppliers who have by contract via a medical Provider Network agreed to allow the Plan access to discounted fees for service(s) provided to Participants, and by whose terms the Network’s Providers have agreed to accept Assignment of Benefits and the discounted fees thereby paid to them by the Plan as payment in full for Covered Expenses. The applicable Provider Network will be identified on the Participant’s identification card. Unless otherwise specified in this plan document, Participants will be required to pay any applicable Deductibles, Copayments, and Coinsurance.

“No-Fault Auto Insurance”

“No-Fault Auto Insurance” is the basic reparations provision of a law or automobile insurance policy providing for payments without determining fault in connection with automobile Accidents

“Non-Network” or “Out-of-Network”

“Non-Network” or “Out-of-Network” shall mean the facilities, Providers and suppliers that do not have an agreement with the Plan, participate in a discount program to which the Plan has access, or otherwise are not part of any network to which the Plan has access. Unless otherwise specified, Participants will be required to pay the applicable Deductibles, Copayments, and Coinsurance.

“Nurse”

“Nurse” shall mean an individual who has received specialized nursing training and is authorized to use the designation Registered Nurse (R.N.), Licensed Vocational Nurse (L.V.N.) or Licensed Practical Nurse (L.P.N.), and who is duly licensed by the State or regulatory agency responsible for such license in the State in which the individual performs the nursing services.

“Open Enrollment Period”

“Open Enrollment Period” shall mean the time frame determined by the Plan Administrator and communicated prior to the start of an Open Enrollment Period.

“Other Plan”

“Other Plan” shall include, but is not limited to:

1. Any primary payer besides the Plan.
2. Any other group health plan.
3. Any other coverage or policy covering the Participant.
4. Any first party insurance through medical payment coverage, personal injury protection, no-fault coverage, uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage, including any similar coverage under a different name in a particular state.
5. Any policy of insurance from any insurance company or guarantor of a responsible party.
6. Any policy of insurance from any insurance company or guarantor of a Claims.
7. Workers’ compensation or other liability insurance company.
8. Any other source, including but not limited to crime victim restitution funds, any medical, disability or other benefit payments, and school insurance coverage.

“Out-of-Area”

“Out-of-Area” shall mean services received by a Participant outside of the normal geographic area supported by the Plan’s Network, as determined by the Plan Administrator, at the time each Participant becomes eligible for coverage under this Plan.

“Outpatient” “Outpatient” shall mean treatment including services, supplies, and medicines provided and used at a Hospital under the direction of a Physician to a person not admitted as a registered bed patient; or services rendered in a Physician’s office, laboratory, or x-ray facility, an Ambulatory Surgical Center, or the patient’s home.

“Partial Hospitalization”

“Partial Hospitalization” shall mean medically directed intensive, or intermediate short-term mental health and Substance Abuse treatment, for a period of less than twenty-four (24) hours but more than four (4) hours in a day in a licensed or certified facility or program.

“Participant”

“Participant” shall mean any Employee, Dependent, individual that is covered under the Plan through COBRA continuation who is eligible for benefits (and enrolled) under the Plan.

“Participating Health Care Facility”

“Participating Health Care Facility” shall mean a Hospital or Hospital Outpatient department, critical access Hospital, Ambulatory Surgical Center, or other Provider as required by law, which has a direct or indirect contractual relationship with the Plan with respect to the furnishing of a healthcare item or service. A single direct contract or case agreement between a health care facility and a plan constitutes a contractual relationship for purposes of this definition with respect to the parties to the agreement and particular individual(s) involved.

“Participating Pharmacy”

“Participating Pharmacy” shall mean a pharmacy that has an agreement in effect with the **Pharmacy Benefit Manager** at the time services are rendered.

“Pharmacy”

“Pharmacy” shall mean a licensed retail pharmacy.

“Pharmacy Benefits Manager” or “PBM”

“Pharmacy Benefits Manager” or “PBM” is the entity that has contracted with the Claims Administrator to administer prescription drug benefits under this Plan. The PBM is an independent contractor and not an agent of the Claims Administrator.

“Physician”

“Physician” shall mean a Doctor of Medicine (M.D.), Doctor of Osteopathy (D.O.), Doctor of Dental Surgery (D.D.S.), Doctor of Podiatry (D.P.M.), Doctor of Chiropractic (D.C.), and Psychologist (Ph.D.), Audiologist, Certified Nurse Anesthetist, Licensed Professional Counselor, Licensed Professional Physical Therapist, Master of Social Work (M.S.W.), Occupational Therapist, Physiotherapist, Speech Language Pathologist, Psychiatrist, Midwife, and any other practitioner who has earned a medical degree or doctorate and is licensed and regulated by a State or Federal agency, acting within the scope of that license.

“Plan Year”

“Plan Year” shall mean the 12-month period commencing on the Effective Date of the Plan.

“Pre-Admission Tests”

“Pre-Admission Tests” shall mean those medical tests and Diagnostic Services completed prior to a scheduled procedure, including Surgery, or scheduled admissions to the Hospital or Inpatient health care facility provided that all of the following requirements are met:

1. The Participant obtains a written order from the Physician.
2. The tests are approved by both the Hospital and the Physician.
3. The tests are performed on an Outpatient basis prior to Hospital admission.
4. The tests are performed at the Hospital into which confinement is scheduled, or at a qualified facility designated by the Physician who will perform the procedure or Surgery.

“Pregnancy” “Pregnancy” shall mean a physical state whereby a woman presently bears a child or children in the womb, prior to but likely to result in childbirth, miscarriage and/or non-elective abortion. Pregnancy is considered an Illness for the purpose of determining benefits under this Plan.

“Preventive Care”

“Preventive Care” shall mean certain Preventive Care services.

“Primary Care Physician (PCP)”

“Primary Care Physician” shall mean a family practitioner, general practitioners, internists, OBGYNs, pediatricians, and office-based nurse practitioners, physician’s assistants, licensed professional counselors, licensed certified professional counselors, certified chemical dependency counselors, or licensed clinical social workers. All other Physicians are considered specialists.

“Prior Plan”

“Prior Plan” shall mean the coverage provided on a group or group type basis by the group insurance policy, benefit plan or service plan that was terminated on the day before the Effective Date of the Plan and replaced by the Plan.

“Prior to Effective Date” or “After Termination Date”

“Prior to Effective Date” or “After Termination Date” are dates occurring before a Participant gains eligibility from the Plan, or dates occurring after a Participant loses eligibility from the Plan (unless continuation of benefits applies).

“Privacy Standards”

“Privacy Standards” shall mean the applicable standards for the privacy of individually identifiable health information, pursuant to HIPAA.

“Provider”

“Provider” shall mean an entity whose primary responsibility is related to the supply of medical care. Each Provider must be licensed, registered, or certified by the appropriate State agency where the medical care is performed, as required by that State’s law where applicable. Where there is no applicable State agency, licensure, or regulation, the Provider must be registered or certified by the appropriate professional body. The Plan Administrator may determine that an entity is not a “Provider” as defined herein if that entity is not deemed to be a “Provider” by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) for purposes arising from payment and/or enrollment with Medicare; however, the Plan Administrator is not so bound by CMS’ determination of an entity’s status as a Provider. All facilities must meet the standards as set forth within the applicable definitions of the Plan as it relates to the relevant provider type.

“Psychiatric Hospital”

“Psychiatric Hospital” shall mean an Institution, appropriately licensed as a Psychiatric Hospital, established for the primary purpose of providing diagnostic and therapeutic psychiatric services for the treatment of mentally ill persons either by, or under the supervision of, a Physician. As such, to be deemed a “Psychiatric Hospital,” the Institution must ensure every patient is under the care of a Physician and their staffing pattern must ensure the availability of a Registered Nurse 24 hours each day. Should the Institution fail to maintain clinical medical records on all patients permitting the determination of the degree and intensity of treatment to be provided, that Institution will not be deemed to be a “Psychiatric Hospital.”

To be deemed a “Psychiatric Hospital,” the Institution must be duly licensed and must not be primarily a place for rest, the aged, and/or a nursing home, custodial, or training institution.

“Qualified Medical Child Support Order” or “QMCSO”

“Qualified Medical Child Support Order” or “QMCSO” shall mean a Medical Child Support Order, in accordance with applicable law, and which creates or recognizes the existence of an Alternate Recipient’s right to, or assigns to an Alternate Recipient the right to, receive benefits for which a Participant or eligible Dependent is entitled under this Plan.

“Recognized Amount”

“Recognized Amount” shall mean, except for Non-Network air ambulance services, an amount determined under an applicable all-payer model agreement, or if unavailable, an amount determined by applicable state law. If no such amounts are available or applicable and for Non-Network air ambulance services generally, the Recognized Amount shall mean the lesser of a Provider’s billed charge or the Qualifying Payment Amount.

“Rehabilitation”

“Rehabilitation” shall mean treatment(s) designed to facilitate the process of recovery from Injury, Illness, or Disease to as normal a condition as possible.

“Rehabilitation Hospital”

“Rehabilitation Hospital” shall mean an appropriately licensed Institution, which is established in accordance with all relevant Federal, State and other applicable laws, to provide therapeutic and restorative services to individuals seeking to maintain, reestablish, or improve motor-skills and other functioning deemed Medically Necessary for daily living, that have been lost or impaired due to Illness and/or Injury. To be deemed a “Rehabilitation Hospital,” the Institution must be legally constituted, operated, and accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals or the Commission on Accreditation for Rehabilitation Facilities, as well as approved for its stated purpose by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) for Medicare purposes.

To be deemed a “Rehabilitation Hospital,” the Institution must be duly licensed and must not be primarily a place for rest, the aged, and/or a nursing home, custodial, or training institution.

“Residential Treatment Facility”

“Residential Treatment Facility” shall mean a facility licensed or certified as such by the jurisdiction in which it is located to operate a program for the treatment and care of Participants diagnosed with alcohol, drug or Substance Abuse disorders or mental illness.

“Room and Board”

“Room and Board” shall mean a Hospital’s charge for any of the following:

1. Room and complete linen service.
2. Dietary service including all meals, special diets, therapeutic diets, required nourishments, dietary supplements and dietary consultation.
3. All general nursing services including but not limited to coordinating the delivery of care, supervising the performance of other staff members who have delegated member care and member education.
4. Other conditions of occupancy which are Medically Necessary.

“Security Standards”

“Security Standards” shall mean the final rule implementing HIPAA’s Security Standards for the Protection of Electronic Protected Health Information (PHI), as amended.

“Service Waiting Period”

“Service Waiting Period” shall mean an interval of time that must pass before an Employee or Dependent is eligible to enroll under the terms of the Plan. The Employee must be a continuously Active Employee of the Employer during this interval of time.

“Skilled Nursing Facility”

“Skilled Nursing Facility” shall mean a facility that fully meets all of the following requirements:

1. It is licensed to provide professional nursing services on an Inpatient basis to persons convalescing from Injury or Illness. The service must be rendered by a Registered Nurse (R.N.) or by a Licensed Practical Nurse (L.P.N.) under the direction of a Registered Nurse. Services to help restore patients to self-care in essential daily living activities must be provided.
2. Its services are provided for compensation and under the full-time supervision of a Physician.
3. It provides 24 hour per day nursing services by licensed nurses, under the direction of a full-time Registered Nurse.
4. It maintains a complete medical record on each patient.
5. It has an effective utilization review plan.
6. It is not, other than incidentally, a place for rest, the aged, drug addicts, alcoholics, mentally disabled, Custodial Care, educational care or care of Mental Disorders, Behavioral Disorders, or Neurodevelopmental Disorders.
7. It is approved and licensed by Medicare.

“Specialty Drug(s)”

“Specialty Drug(s)” shall mean high-cost prescription medications used to treat complex, chronic conditions including, but not limited to, cancer, rheumatoid arthritis and multiple sclerosis. Specialty Drugs often require special handling (like refrigeration during shipping) and administration (such as injection or infusion). Please contact the Prescription Drug Plan Administrator to determine specific drug coverage.

“Substance Abuse” and/or “Substance Use Disorder”

“Substance Abuse” and/or “Substance Use Disorder” shall mean any disease or condition that is classified as a Substance Use Disorder as listed in the current edition of the International Classification of Diseases, published by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, as listed in the current edition of Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, published by the American Psychiatric Association, or other relevant State guideline or applicable sources.

The fact that a disorder is listed in any of the above publications does not mean that treatment of the disorder is covered by the Plan.

“Substance Abuse Treatment Center”

“Substance Abuse Treatment Center” shall mean an Institution whose facility is licensed, certified or approved as a Substance Abuse Treatment Center by a Federal, State, or other agency having legal authority to so license; which is affiliated with a Hospital and whose primary purpose is providing diagnostic and therapeutic services for treatment of Substance Abuse. To be deemed a “Substance Abuse Treatment Center,” the Institution must have a contractual agreement with the affiliated Hospital by which a system for patient referral is established, and monitored by a Physician. Where applicable, the “Substance Abuse Treatment Center” must also be appropriately accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals.

“Surgery”

“Surgery” shall in the Plan Administrator’s discretion mean the treatment of Injuries or disorders of the body by incision or manipulation, especially with instruments designed specifically for that purpose, and the performance of generally accepted operative and cutting procedures, performed within the scope of the Provider’s license.

“Surgical Procedure”

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“Surgical Procedure” shall have the same meaning set forth in the definition of “Surgery.”

“Uniformed Services”

“Uniformed Services” shall mean the Armed Forces, the Army National Guard and the Air National Guard, when engaged in active duty for training, inactive duty training, or full time National Guard duty, the commissioned corps of the Public Health Service, and any other category of persons designated by the President of the United States in time of war or Emergency.

“USERRA”

“USERRA” shall mean the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994 (“USERRA”).

All other defined terms in this Plan Document shall have the meanings specified in the Plan Document where they appear.

ELIGIBILITY FOR COVERAGE

Eligibility for Individual Coverage

Each Employee will become eligible for coverage under this Plan with respect to himself or herself on the first day of the month following completion of a Service Waiting Period of 30 days, provided the Employee has begun work for his or her Participating Employer.

Each Employee who was covered under the Prior Plan, if any, will be eligible on the Effective Date of this Plan. Any Service Waiting Period or portion thereof satisfied under the Prior Plan, if any, will be applied toward satisfaction of the Service Waiting Period of this Plan.

The Affordable Care Act (ACA) imposes a penalty on applicable large employers (ALEs) that do not offer health insurance coverage to substantially all full-time employees and dependents. Questions concerning the methods for identifying full-time employees should be addressed to the Plan Administrator defined in the General Plan Information section of this document. For more information about determining if an employer is an applicable large employer, visit <https://www.irs.gov/affordable-care-act/employers/determining-if-an-employer-is-an-applicable-large-employer>.

Reinstatement of Coverage

An Employee who is terminated and rehired will be treated as a New Employee upon rehire only if the Employee was not credited with an Hour of Service with the Employer (or any member of the controlled or affiliated group) for a period of at least 13 consecutive weeks immediately preceding the date of rehire.

A Variable Hour Employee who is terminated and rehired will be treated as an Ongoing Employee upon rehire only if the Employee break in service did not exceed 13 weeks.

Upon return, coverage will be effective on the first of the month following the date of rehire, so long as all other eligibility criteria are satisfied.

Eligibility Dates for Dependent Coverage

Each Employee will become eligible for coverage under this Plan for his or her Dependents on the latest of the following dates:

1. His or her date of eligibility for coverage for himself or herself under the Plan.
2. The date coverage for his or her Dependents first becomes available under any amendment to the Plan, if such coverage was not provided under the Plan on the Effective Date of the Plan.
3. The first date upon which he or she acquires a Dependent.

In no event will any Dependent Child be covered as a Dependent of more than one Employee who is covered under the Plan.

In order for the Employee's Dependent to be covered under the Plan the Employee must be enrolled for coverage under the Plan.

Effective Dates of Coverage; Conditions

The coverage for which an individual is eligible under this Plan will become effective on the date specified below, subject to the conditions of this section.

1. Enrollment Application (paper or electronic as applicable). Employee(s) may seek to obtain coverage for themselves and/or Dependents via a form (either paper or electronic as applicable) furnished by the Plan Administrator, in a manner that is satisfactory to the Plan Administrator, and Woodlake Management, LLC Plan Document and Summary

within 31 days following the applicable date of eligibility. If coverage is available and appropriate, coverage will become effective after review of the form, and upon the subsequent date such Employee or Dependents are eligible.

2. Coverage as Employee or Dependent. An eligible Participant may enroll in this Plan either as an Employee or as a Dependent, but not both.

If a person covered under this Plan changes status from Employee to Dependent or Dependent to Employee, and the person is covered continuously under this Plan before, during and after the change in status, credit will be given for deductibles and all amounts applied to maximums.

3. Birth of Dependent Child. Coverage will be provided as required under the ACA and NMHPA, if applicable. If the newborn is enrolled within 31 days of birth, coverage will be effective as of the date of birth. The application must also be accompanied by any required contribution, ongoing, as the case may be. A newborn Child of a Dependent Child is not eligible for this Plan unless the newborn Child meets the definition of an eligible Dependent.
4. Newly Acquired Dependents. If while an Employee is enrolled for coverage, that Employee acquires a Dependent, coverage for the newly acquired Dependent shall be effective on the date the Dependent becomes eligible only if the existing coverage extends to Dependents. If coverage for Dependents has not already been secured by the Employee, a written application must be made to the Plan within 31 days of the date of the newly acquired Dependent's initial eligibility, and any required contributions must be made if enrollment is otherwise approved by the Plan Administrator.
5. Requirement for Employee Coverage. Coverage for Dependents shall only be available to Dependents of Employees eligible for coverage for themselves, except as otherwise provided herein.
6. Dependents of Multiple Employees. If a Dependent may be deemed to be a Dependent of more than one Covered Employee, such Dependent shall be deemed to be a Dependent of one such Employee only and not both.
7. Medicaid Coverage. An individual's eligibility for any State Medicaid benefits will not be taken into account by the Plan in determining that individual's eligibility under the Plan.
8. FMLA Leave. If required, the Plan shall comply with FMLA.

***NOTE:** It is the responsibility of the enrolled Employee to notify his or her Employer of any changes in the Dependent's status.*

Special and Open Enrollment

Federal law requires and the Plan provides so-called "Special Enrollment Periods," during which Employees may enroll in the Plan, even if they declined to enroll during an initial or subsequent eligibility period.

Loss of Other Coverage

This Plan will permit an eligible Employee or Dependent (including his or her spouse or domestic partner) who is eligible, but not enrolled, to enroll for coverage under the terms of the Plan if each of the following conditions is met:

1. The eligible Employee or Dependent was covered under another group health plan or had other health insurance coverage at the time coverage under this Plan was offered.
2. The eligible Employee stated in writing at the time this Plan was offered, that the reason for declining enrollment was due to the eligible Employee having coverage under another group health plan or due to the Employee having other health insurance coverage.
3. The eligible Employee or Dependent lost other coverage pursuant to one of the following events:

- a. The eligible Employee or Dependent was under COBRA and the COBRA coverage was exhausted.
- b. The eligible Employee or Dependent was not under COBRA and the other coverage was terminated as a result of loss of eligibility (including as a result of Legal Separation, divorce, loss of Dependent status, death, termination of employment, or reduction in the number of hours worked).
- c. The eligible Employee or Dependent moved out of a Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) service area with no other option available.
- d. The Plan is no longer offering benefits to a class of similarly situated individuals.
- e. The benefit package option is no longer being offered and no substitute is available.
- f. The employer contributions under the other coverage were terminated.

If an Employee is currently enrolled in a benefit package, the Employee may elect to enroll in another benefit package under the Plan if the following requirements are met:

1. Multiple benefit packages are available.
2. A Dependent of the enrolled Employee has a special enrollment right in the Plan because the Dependent has lost eligibility for other coverage.

Special enrollment rights will not be available to an Employee or Dependent if either of the following occurs:

1. The other coverage is/was available via COBRA Continuation Coverage and the Employee or Dependent failed to exhaust the maximum time available to him or her for such COBRA coverage; or
2. The Employee or Dependent lost the other coverage as a result of the individual's failure to pay premiums or required contributions or for cause (such as making a fraudulent claim or an intentional misrepresentation of a material fact in connection with the Other Plan).

For an eligible Employee or Dependent(s) who has met the conditions specified above, this Plan will be effective at 12:01 A.M. on the first day of the first calendar month beginning after the date the written or electronic request for enrollment (including the Participant's enrollment application, either paper or electronic as applicable, in the case of enrollment) is received by the Plan and the request is made within 31 days from loss of coverage. For example, if the Employee loses his or her other health coverage on April 22, he or she must notify the Plan Administrator and apply for coverage by close of business on May 23.

New Dependent

An Employee or Dependent who is eligible, but not enrolled in this Plan, may be eligible to enroll during a special enrollment period if an Employee acquires a new Dependent as a result of marriage, domestic partnership, legal guardianship, a foster child being placed with the Employee, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption. To be eligible for this special enrollment, the Employee must apply in writing or electronically, as applicable, no later than 31 days after he or she acquires the new Dependent. For example, if the Employee or Employee's spouse gives birth to a baby on June 22, he or she must notify the Plan Administrator and apply for coverage by close of business on July 23. The following conditions apply to any eligible Employee and Dependents:

An Employee or Dependent who is eligible, but not enrolled in this Plan, may enroll during a special enrollment period if both of the following conditions are met:

1. The eligible Employee is a covered Employee under the terms of this Plan but elected not to enroll during a previous enrollment period.

2. An individual has become a Dependent of the eligible Employee through marriage, partnership, legal guardianship, a foster child being placed with the Employee, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption.

If the conditions for special enrollment are satisfied, the coverage of the Dependent and/or Employee enrolled during the Special Enrollment Period will be effective at 12:01 A.M. for the following events:

1. In the case of marriage, on the date of the marriage.
2. For a domestic partnership, on the date of the domestic partnership agreement.
3. For a legal guardianship, on the date on which such Child is placed in the covered Employee's home pursuant to a court order appointing the covered Employee as legal guardian for the Child.
4. In the case of a foster child being placed with the Employee, on the date on which such Child is placed with the Employee by an authorized placement agency or by judgment, decree, or other order of a court of competent jurisdiction.
5. In the case of a Dependent's birth, as of the date of birth.
6. In the case of a Dependent's adoption or placement for adoption, the date of the adoption or placement for adoption.

If the eligible Participant does not enroll within 31 days after termination of coverage or within 31 days after marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption, the eligible Participant will not be eligible for coverage until the next open enrollment period. The only exception is for special enrollment related to Medicaid or CHIP, as set forth below.

Additional Special Enrollment Rights

Employees and Dependents who are eligible but not enrolled are entitled to enroll under one of the following circumstances:

1. The Employee's or Dependent's Medicaid or State Child Health Insurance Plan (i.e. CHIP) coverage has terminated as a result of loss of eligibility and the Employee requests coverage under the Plan within 60 days after the termination.
2. The Employee or Dependent become eligible for a contribution / premium assistance subsidy under Medicaid or a State Child Health Insurance Plan (i.e. CHIP), and the Employee requests coverage under the Plan within 60 days after eligibility is determined.

If the conditions for special enrollment are satisfied, coverage for the Employee and/or his or her Dependent(s) will be effective at 12:01 A.M. on the first day of the first calendar month beginning after the date the written or electronic request, as applicable, (including the Participant's enrollment application, either paper or electronic as applicable, in the case of enrollment) is received by the Plan.

Open Enrollment

Prior to the start of a Plan Year, this Plan has an Open Enrollment Period. Eligible Participants who are not covered under this Plan may enroll for coverage during Open Enrollment Periods. Employees who are enrolled will be given an opportunity to change their coverage effective the first day of the upcoming Plan Year. A Participant who fails to make an election during the Open Enrollment Period will automatically retain his or her present coverages. Coverage for Participants enrolling during an Open Enrollment Period will become effective on the first day of the Plan Year as long as all other eligibility requirements have been met. If the other eligibility requirements have not been met, coverage for Participants enrolling during an Open Enrollment Period will become effective as stated in the provision, "Eligibility for Individual Coverage".

The terms of the Open Enrollment Period, including duration of the election period, shall be determined by the Plan Administrator and communicated prior to the start of an Open Enrollment Period.

“Open Enrollment Period” shall mean the time frame specified by the Plan Administrator.

Relation to Section 125 Cafeteria Plan

This Plan may also allow additional changes to enrollment due to change in status events under the employer’s Section 125 Cafeteria Plan. Refer to the employer’s Section 125 Cafeteria Plan for more information.

Qualified Medical Child Support Orders

This Plan will provide for immediate enrollment and benefits to the Child or Children of a Participant, not including an ex-stepchild or ex-stepchildren, who are the subject of a Qualified Medical Child Support Order (QMCSO), regardless of whether the Child or Children reside with the Participant, provided the Child or Children are not already enrolled as an eligible Dependent as described in this Plan. If a QMCSO is issued, then the Child or Children shall become Alternate Recipient(s) of the benefits under this Plan, subject to the same limitations, restrictions, provisions and procedures as any other Participant. The Plan Administrator will determine if the order properly meets the standards described herein. A properly completed National Medical Support Notice (NMSN) will be treated as a QMCSO and will have the same force and effect.

To be considered a Qualified Medical Child Support Order, the Medical Child Support Order must contain the following information:

1. The name and last known mailing address (if any) of the Participant and the name and mailing address of each such Alternate Recipient covered by the order.
2. A reasonable description of the type of coverage to be provided by this Plan to each Alternate Recipient, or the manner in which such type of coverage is to be determined.
3. The period of coverage to which the order applies.
4. The name of this Plan.

A National Medical Support Notice shall be deemed a QMCSO if all of the following requirements are met:

1. It contains the information set forth in the Definitions section in the definition of “National Medical Support Notice.”
2. It identifies either the specific type of coverage or all available group health coverage. If the Employer receives a NMSN that does not designate either specific type(s) of coverage or all available coverage, the Employer and the Plan Administrator will assume that all are designated.
3. It informs the Plan Administrator that, if a group health plan has multiple options and the Participant is not enrolled, the issuing agency will make a selection after the NMSN is qualified, and, if the agency does not respond within 20 days, the Child will be enrolled under the Plan’s default option (if any).
4. It specifies that the period of coverage may end for the Alternate Recipient(s) only when similarly situated dependents are no longer eligible for coverage under the terms of the Plan, or upon the occurrence of certain specified events.

A NMSN need not be recognized as a QMCSO if it requires the Plan to provide any type or form of benefit, or any option, not otherwise provided to the Participants and eligible Participants without regard to the provisions herein, except to the extent necessary to meet the requirements of a State law relating to Medical Child Support Orders, as described in Social Security Act §1908 (as added by Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 §13822).

In the instance of any Medical Child Support Order received by this Plan, the Plan Administrator shall, as Woodlake Management, LLC Plan Document and Summary

soon as administratively possible, perform the following:

1. In writing, notify the Participant and each Alternate Recipient covered by such Order (at the address included in the Order) of the receipt of such Order and the Plan's procedures for determining whether the Order qualifies as a QMCSO.
2. Make an administrative determination if the order is a QMCSO and notify the Participant and each affected Alternate Recipient of such determination.

In the instance of any National Medical Support Notice received by this Plan, the Plan Administrator shall perform the following:

1. Notify the State agency issuing the notice with respect to the Child whether coverage of the Child is available under the terms of the Plan and, if so:
 - a. Whether the Child is covered under the Plan.
 - b. Either the effective date of the coverage or, if necessary, any steps to be taken by the custodial parent or by the official of a State or political subdivision to effectuate the coverage.
2. Provide to the custodial parent (or any State official serving in a substitute capacity) a description of the coverage available and any forms or documents necessary to effectuate such coverage.

As required by Federal law, the Plan Administrator shall perform the following:

1. Establish reasonable procedures to determine whether Medical Child Support Order or National Medical Support Notice are Qualified Medical Child Support Orders.
2. Administer the provision of benefits under such qualified orders. Such procedures shall:
 - a. Be in writing.
 - b. Provide for the notification of each person specified in a Medical Child Support Order as eligible to receive benefits under the plan (at the address included in the Medical Child Support Order) of such procedures promptly upon receipt by the plan of the Medical Child Support Order.
 - c. Permit an Alternate Recipient to designate a representative for receipt of copies of notices that are sent to the Alternate Recipient with respect to a Medical Child Support Order.

A Participant of this Plan may obtain, without charge, a copy of the procedures governing QMCSO determinations from the Plan Administrator.

Acquired Companies

Eligible Employees of an acquired company who are Actively at Work and were covered under the Prior Plan of the acquired company will be eligible for the benefits under this Plan on the date of acquisition. Any waiting period previously satisfied under the prior health plan will be applied toward satisfaction of the Service Waiting Period of this Plan. In the event that an acquired company did not have a health plan, all eligible Employees will be eligible on the date of the acquisition.

Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act ("GINA")

"GINA" prohibits group health plans, issuers of individual health care policies, and employers from discriminating on the basis of genetic information.

The term "genetic information" means, with respect to any individual, information about any of the following:

1. Such individual's genetic tests.

2. The genetic tests of family members of such individual.
3. The manifestation of a Disease or disorder in family members of such individual.

The term “genetic information” includes participating in clinical research involving genetic services. Genetic tests would include analysis of human DNA, RNA, chromosomes, proteins, or metabolites that detect genotypes, mutations, or chromosomal changes. Genetic information is a form of Protected Health Information (PHI) as defined by and in accordance with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA), and is subject to applicable Privacy and Security Standards.

Family members as it relates to GINA include dependents, plus all relatives to the fourth degree, without regard to whether they are related by blood, marriage, or adoption. Underwriting as it relates to GINA includes any rules for determining eligibility, computing premiums or contributions, and applying pre-existing condition limitations. Offering reduced premiums or other rewards for providing genetic information would be impermissible underwriting.

GINA will not prohibit a health care Provider who is treating an individual from requesting that the patient undergo genetic testing. The rules permit the Plan to obtain genetic test results and use them to make claims payment determinations when it is necessary to do so to determine whether the treatment provided to the patient was medically advisable and/or necessary.

The Plan may request, but not require, genetic testing in certain very limited circumstances involving research, so long as the results are not used for underwriting, and then only with written notice to the individual that participation is voluntary and will not affect eligibility for benefits, premiums or contributions. In addition, the Plan will notify and describe its activity to the Health and Human Services secretary of its activities falling within this exception.

While the Plan may collect genetic information after initial enrollment, it may not do so in connection with any annual renewal process where the collection of information affects subsequent enrollment. The Plan will not adjust premiums or increase group contributions based upon genetic information, request or require genetic testing or collect genetic information either prior to or in connection with enrollment or for underwriting purposes.

TERMINATION OF COVERAGE

Termination Dates of Individual Coverage

The coverage of any eligible Employee for himself or herself under this Plan will terminate on the earliest to occur of the following dates:

1. The date upon which the Plan is terminated.
2. The last day of the month in, or with respect to which, he or she requests that such coverage be terminated, on the condition that such request is made on or before such date, unless prohibited by law (i.e., when election changes cannot be made due to Internal Revenue Code Section 125 “change in status” guidelines). *NOTE: The Employer offers these benefits in conjunction with a cafeteria plan under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code and a voluntary termination must comply with the requirements of the Code and the cafeteria plan.*
3. The last day of the month for which the Employee has made a contribution, in the event of his or her failure to make, when due, any contribution for coverage for himself or herself to which he or she has agreed in writing.
4. The last day of the month in which Employee is no longer eligible for such coverage under the Plan.
5. The last day of the month in which an Employee ceases to be an employee regularly scheduled to work full- time.
6. The last day or the month in which in which the termination of employment occurs.
7. Where applicable, the date following the end of the Stability Period for Variable Hour Employees, if the Employee failed to qualify during the previous Measurement Period, to the extent applicable.
8. The last day of the month during which any FMLA leave expires if the Employee does not return to work.
9. Immediately upon submission of a fraudulent claim or any fraudulent information to the Plan (including enrollment information), by and/or on behalf of an Employee or his or her Dependent, or upon the Employee or his or her Dependent gaining knowledge of the submission, as determined by the Plan Administrator in its discretion, consistent with applicable laws and/or rules regarding such rescission.

Termination Dates of Dependent Coverage

The coverage for any Dependents of any Employee who are covered under the Plan will terminate on the earliest to occur of the following dates:

1. The date upon which the Plan is terminated.
2. Upon the discontinuance of coverage for Dependents under the Plan.
3. The date of termination of the Employee’s coverage for himself or herself under the Plan, except as.
4. The date of the expiration of the last period for which the Employee has made a contribution, in the event of his or her failure to make, when due, any contribution for coverage for Dependents.
5. In the case of a Child age 26 or older for whom coverage is being continued due to mental or physical inability to earn his or her own living, the earliest to occur of:
 - Cessation of such disability or inability.
 - Failure to provide any required proof of continuous disability or inability or to submit to any required examination.
 - Upon the Child’s no longer being dependent on the Employee for his or her support.
6. The last day of the month in which such person ceases to be a Dependent Child, as defined herein, except as may be provided for in other areas of this section or within this document.
7. The last day of the month in which such person is no longer a Dependent, except for Dependent Children, as defined herein, except as may be provided for in other areas of this section.
8. For a Dependent Child whose coverage is required pursuant to a QMCSO, the last day of the calendar month as of which coverage is no longer required under the terms of the order or this Plan.

9. Immediately upon submission of a fraudulent claim or any fraudulent information to the Plan (including enrollment information), by and/or on behalf of an Employee or his or her Dependent, or upon the Employee or his or her Dependent gaining knowledge of the submission, as determined by the Plan Administrator in its discretion, consistent with applicable laws and/or rules regarding such rescission.
10. A covered Employee's domestic partner's Child's (who is not the Employee's Dependent Child) coverage will end on the last day of the month in which the domestic partnership agreement has ended.

***NOTE:** The Employer offers these benefits in conjunction with a cafeteria plan under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code and a voluntary termination must comply with the requirements of the Code and the cafeteria plan.*

CONTINUATION OF COVERAGE

Continuation During COBRA – Introduction

Employers who employ 20 or more people on a typical business day may be subject to The Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA). If the Plan is subject to COBRA, a Participant may be eligible for COBRA continuation coverage in the event coverage ends due to a “Qualifying Event.” If properly elected, COBRA continuation coverage is a self-paid temporary extension of group health coverage under the Plan after a Qualifying Event results in termination of coverage under the Plan. COBRA continuation coverage is only provided to Qualified Beneficiaries. Each Qualified Beneficiary who elects COBRA will have the same rights under the Plan as other Participants covered under the Plan. Qualified Beneficiaries who elect COBRA must pay the full cost for COBRA coverage. The Plan provides no greater COBRA rights than what COBRA requires – nothing in this Plan is intended to expand your rights beyond COBRA’s requirements.

Participants may have other options available to you when you lose group health coverage. For example, you may be eligible to buy an individual plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace. By enrolling in coverage through the Marketplace, you may qualify for lower costs on your monthly premiums and lower out-of-pocket costs. Additionally, you may qualify for a 30-day special enrollment period for another group health plan for which you are eligible (such as a spouse’s plan), even if that plan generally doesn’t accept late enrollees.

Qualified Beneficiary means: (1) a person enrolled for this COBRA continuation coverage who, on the day before the Qualifying Event, was covered under this Plan as a Participant; or (2) a Child born to or placed for adoption with the Employee during the COBRA continuation period. The following are not Qualified Beneficiaries: (1) any person who was not enrolled during the Initial Enrollment Period, including any Dependents acquired during the COBRA continuation period, with the exception of newborns and adoptees as specified above; or (2) a Domestic Partner or Child of a Domestic Partner.

If the Plan is subject to COBRA, An Employee, who is properly enrolled in this Plan and is a covered Employee, will become a Qualified Beneficiary if he or she loses his or her coverage under the Plan because either one of the following Qualifying Events happens:

1. The hours of employment are reduced.
2. The employment ends for any reason other than gross misconduct.

The spouse of a covered Employee will become a Qualified Beneficiary if he or she loses his or her coverage under the Plan because any of the following Qualifying Events happens:

1. The Employee dies.
2. The Employee’s hours of employment are reduced.
3. The Employee’s employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct.
4. The Employee becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both).
5. The Employee becomes divorced or Legally Separated from his or her spouse.

Dependent Children will become Qualified Beneficiaries if they lose coverage under the Plan because any of the following Qualifying Events happens:

1. The parent-covered Employee dies.
2. The parent-covered Employee’s hours of employment are reduced.
3. The parent-covered Employee’s employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct.
4. The parent-covered Employee becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (Part A, Part B, or both).
5. The parents become divorced or Legally Separated.

6. The Child stops being eligible for coverage under the Plan as a Dependent Child.

Each Qualified Beneficiary will be required to pay for any COBRA continuation coverage. The Plan will not pay premiums for COBRA continuation coverage in whole or in part. The cost of full individual continuation coverage will be 102% of the cost of group coverage. If the Qualified Beneficiary is eligible according to the rules set forth below to purchase the additional 11 months of coverage available due to disability, the cost will be 150% of the group coverage for those 11 months. However, it will not be required to pass a medical examination or any other test of insurability. Failure to timely pay COBRA premium when due will result in loss of COBRA continuation coverage.

If applicable and the Employee takes a leave of absence under the FMLA and does not return to work at the end of the leave, a Participant will lose coverage under the Plan and will have the right to elect COBRA continuation coverage if the Employee was covered under the Plan on the day before the FMLA leave. In this event, COBRA coverage, if properly elected, will begin on the earlier of the Employee's notice that he or she will not return to work or at the end of the leave, if the Employee does not return to work.

The Employee or the eligible family member has the responsibility to inform the human resources department of Employer of a divorce, legal separation, or a Child losing Dependent status under the Plan within 60 days of the event. It is the responsibility of the Employer to notify the COBRA administrator within 30 days of an employee's termination of employment, reduction in hours, Medicare entitlement, or death. If a second qualifying event is the death of the covered Employee or the covered Employee becoming entitled to Medicare benefits, a group health plan may require qualified beneficiaries to notify the Plan Administrator within 60 days of those events, as well. While the Employer is ordinarily responsible for notifying the Plan Administrator of an event that is the death of a covered Employee or the covered employee becoming entitled to Medicare benefits, if the covered Employee's employment has been terminated, the Employer may not be aware of such events. Qualified Beneficiaries are strongly encouraged to notify the Employer within 60 days of a second Qualifying Event that is the death of the covered Employee or the covered Employee becoming entitled to Medicare benefits. A Qualified Beneficiary should provide that notice by the later of the last day of the 18-month period or the date that is 60 days after the date of the second event.

Children born to or placed for adoption with a covered Employee during a continuation coverage period also have the right to elect COBRA continuation coverage. Notice of birth, adoption or placement for adoption must be provided within 30 days to the Employer. Coverage will be retroactive to the date of the event.

A child of the covered Employee who is receiving benefits under the Plan pursuant to a qualified medical child support order (QMCSO) received by Employer during the covered employee's period of employment with Employer is entitled to the same rights to elect COBRA as an eligible Dependent Child of the covered Employee.

The Qualified Beneficiary will be notified of the right to continue coverage on a self-pay basis. The Qualified Beneficiary has at least 60 days from the date of the notice of COBRA continuation coverage rights to elect COBRA continuation coverage. If the Qualified Beneficiary does not choose continuation coverage, their group health insurance coverage will end as of the date the Qualifying Beneficiary became ineligible to continue as a Participant of the Plan.

When COBRA Continuation Coverage Begins. When COBRA continuation coverage is timely elected and the monthly contribution is paid in the time period required, coverage is reinstated back to the date of the original Qualifying Event.

When COBRA Continuation Coverage Ends. COBRA continuation coverage will end on the earliest of the following:

1. The end of 18 months from the Qualifying Event, if the Qualifying Event was termination of employment or reduction in work hours;
2. The end of 36 months from the Qualifying Event, if the Qualifying Event was the death of the Employee, divorce or legal separation, or the end of Dependent Child status;
3. The end of 36 months from the date the Employee became entitled to Medicare, if the Qualifying Event was the Employee's entitlement to Medicare. If entitlement to Medicare does not result in coverage terminating and termination of employment or reduction in work hours occurs within 18 months after Medicare entitlement, coverage for Qualified Beneficiaries other than the Employee will end 36 months from the date the Employee became entitled to Medicare;
4. The date the Plan terminates;
5. The end of the period for which required monthly contributions are last paid;
6. The date, following the election of COBRA, the Participant first becomes covered under any other group health plan; or
7. The date, following the election of COBRA, the Participant first becomes entitled to Medicare.

Second Qualifying Event. A spouse and Dependent children who experience a second Qualifying Event may be entitled to a total of 36 months of COBRA coverage. Second Qualifying Events may include the death of the covered Employee, divorce or legal separation from the covered employee, the covered Employee becoming entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B or both), or a Dependent child ceasing to be eligible for coverage as a Dependent under the group health plan. The following conditions must be met in order for a second event to extend a period of coverage:

1. The initial Qualifying Event is the covered Employee's termination, or reduction of hours, of employment, which calls for an 18-month period of continuation coverage;
2. The second event that gives rise to a 36-month maximum coverage period occurs during the initial 18-month period of continuation coverage (or within the 29-month period of coverage if a disability extension applies);
3. The second event would have caused a Qualified Beneficiary to lose coverage under the plan in the absence of the initial Qualifying Event;
4. The individual was a Qualified Beneficiary in connection with the first Qualifying Event and is still a Qualified Beneficiary at the time of the second event; and
5. The individual meets any applicable COBRA notice requirement in connection with a second event, such as notifying the Plan Administrator of a divorce or a child ceasing to be a Dependent under the Plan within 60 days after the event.

If all conditions associated with a second Qualifying Event are met, the period of continuation coverage for the affected qualified beneficiary (or beneficiaries) is extended from 18 months (or 29 months) to 36 months.

Extension of COBRA Continuation Coverage due to Total Disability. If at the time of termination of employment or reduction in hours, or at any time during the first 60 days of the COBRA continuation, a Qualified Beneficiary is determined to be disabled for Social Security purposes, all covered Participants may be entitled to up to 29 months of continuation coverage after the original Qualifying Event.

Eligibility for Extension. To continue coverage for up to 29 months from the date of the original Qualifying Event, the disabled Qualified Beneficiary must:

1. Satisfy the legal requirements for being totally and permanently disabled under the Social Security Act; and

2. Be determined and certified to be so disabled by the Social Security Administration.

Notice. The Participant must furnish the Plan Administrator with proof of the Social Security Administration's determination of disability during the first 18 months of the COBRA continuation period and no later than 60 days after the later of the following events:

1. The date of the Social Security Administration's determination of the disability;
2. The date on which the original Qualifying Event occurs;
3. The date on which the Qualified Beneficiary loses coverage; or
4. The date on which the Qualified Beneficiary is informed of the obligation to provide the disability notice.

When The Extension Ends. This extension will end at the earlier of:

1. The end of the month following a period of 30 days after the Social Security Administration's final determination that the Qualified Beneficiary is no longer totally disabled;
2. The end of 29 months from the Qualifying Event;
3. The date the Plan terminates;
4. The end of the period for which required monthly contributions are last paid;
5. The date, following the election of COBRA, the Participant first becomes covered under any other group health plan; or
6. The date, following the election of COBRA, the Participant first becomes entitled to Medicare..

The Qualified Beneficiary must inform the Plan Administrator within 30 days of a final determination by the Social Security Administration that he or she is no longer totally disabled.

Continuation During Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) Leave

If required, the Plan shall at all times comply with FMLA as set forth in this section. It is the intention of the Plan Administrator to provide these benefits only to the extent required by applicable law and not to grant any or greater rights than those so required. During any FMLA leave, coverage will be maintained in accordance with the same Plan conditions as coverage would otherwise be provided if the covered Employee had been a continuously active employee during the entire leave period. If Plan coverage lapses during the FMLA leave, coverage will be reinstated for the person(s) who had coverage under the Plan when the FMLA leave began, upon the Employee's return to work at the conclusion of the FMLA leave.

To the extent this Plan is required to comply with a State family and medical leave law that is more generous than the FMLA, continuation of coverage under this Plan will be provided in accordance with such State family and medical leave law, as well as under FMLA.

Leave Entitlements

Eligible Employees who work for a covered employer can take up to 12 weeks of unpaid, job-protected leave in a 12-month period for the following reasons:

- The birth of a child or placement of a child for adoption or foster care with the eligible Employee(s).
- To bond with a child (leave must be taken within 1 year of the child's birth or placement) with the eligible Employee(s).

- To care for the Employee's spouse, child, or parent who has a qualifying serious health condition.
- For the Employee's own qualifying serious health condition that makes the Employee unable to perform the Employee's job.
- For qualifying exigencies related to the foreign deployment of a military member who is the Employee's spouse, child, or parent.

Spouses employed by the same Employer are jointly entitled to a combined total of 12 workweeks of FMLA leave for the birth and care of the newborn child, for placement of a child for adoption or foster care, and to care for a parent who has a serious health condition. Leave for birth and care or placement for adoption or foster care must conclude within 12 months of the birth or placement.

An eligible Employee who is a covered service member's spouse, child, parent, or next of kin may also take up to 26 weeks of FMLA leave in a single 12-month period to care for the service member with a serious injury or illness.

An Employee does not need to use leave in one block. When it is medically necessary or otherwise permitted, Employees may take leave intermittently or on a reduced schedule.

Employees may choose, or an employer may require, use of accrued paid leave while taking FMLA leave. If an Employee substitutes accrued paid leave for FMLA leave, the employee must comply with the Employer's normal paid leave policies.

Benefits and Protections

While Employees are on FMLA leave, Employer must continue health insurance coverage as if the Employees were not on leave. Upon return from FMLA leave, most Employees must be restored to the same job or one nearly identical to it with equivalent pay, benefits, and other employment terms and conditions.

An Employer may not interfere with an individual's FMLA rights or retaliate against someone for using or trying to use FMLA leave, opposing any practice made unlawful by the FMLA, or being involved in any proceeding under or related to the FMLA.

Eligibility Requirements

An Employee must meet three criteria in order to be eligible for FMLA leave:

- Have worked for the Employer for at least 12 months.
- Have at least 1,250 hours of service in the 12 months before taking leave.*
- Work at a location where the Employer has at least 50 employees within 75 miles of the Employee's worksite.

*Special "hours of service" requirements apply to airline flight crew employees.

Requesting Leave

Generally, Employees must give 30-days' advance notice of the need for FMLA leave. If it is not possible to give 30-days' notice, an Employee must notify the Employer as soon as possible and, generally, follow the employer's usual procedures.

Employees do not have to share a medical diagnosis but must provide enough information to the Employer so it can determine if the leave qualifies for FMLA protection. Sufficient information could include informing an Employer that the Employee is or will be unable to perform his or her job functions, that a family member cannot perform daily activities, or that hospitalization or continuing medical treatment is

necessary. Employees must inform the Employer if the need for leave is for a reason for which FMLA leave was previously taken or certified.

Employers can require a certification or periodic recertification supporting the need for leave. If the Employer determines that the certification is incomplete, it must provide a written notice indicating what additional information is required.

Employer Responsibilities

Once Employer becomes aware that an Employee's need for leave is for a reason that may qualify under the FMLA, the Employer must notify the Employee if he or she is eligible for FMLA leave and, if eligible, must also provide a notice of rights and responsibilities under the FMLA. If the Employee is not eligible, Employer must provide a reason for ineligibility.

Employers must notify its employees if leave will be designated as FMLA leave, and if so, how much leave will be designated as FMLA leave.

Enforcement

Employees may file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Labor, Wage and Hour Division, or may bring a private lawsuit against an employer.

The FMLA does not affect any federal or state law prohibiting discrimination or supersede any state or local law or collective bargaining agreement that provides greater family or medical leave rights.

For additional information or to file a complaint:

1-866-4-USWAGE

(1-866-487-9243)

TTY: 1-877-889-5627

<https://www.dol.gov/whd>

U.S. Department of Labor Wage and Hour Division

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Continuation During USERRA

Participants who are absent from employment because they are in the Uniformed Services, and who are on active military duty, must be offered the right to continue health care benefits. If the military leave orders are for a period of 30 days or less, Participants cannot be required to pay more than the normal Participant contribution amount. After this period, Participants may elect to continue their coverage under this Plan for up to 24 months and Participants cannot be required to pay more than 102 percent of the full contribution amount during that time.

To continue coverage, Participants must comply with the terms of the Plan, and pay their contributions, if any. In addition, USERRA also requires that, regardless of whether a Participant elected to continue his or her coverage under the Plan, his or her coverage and his or her Dependents' coverage be reinstated immediately upon his or her return to employment, so long as he or she meets certain requirements contained in USERRA. Participants should contact their participating Employer for information concerning their eligibility for USERRA and any requirements of the Plan.

Continuation During Non-FMLA Leave of Absence

Eligible Participants may seek to continue coverage upon the occurrence of any of the following: Leave of Absence (not meeting the definition of a FMLA Leave); coverage will continue for 60 days.

The above noted leave runs concurrently with FMLA, USERRA or any State-mandated family or medical leave, and/or any other applicable leaves of absence. At the end of the period(s) listed above, the Participant's coverage will be deemed to have been terminated for purposes of Continuation of Coverage under COBRA.

Additional Information

Please contact the COBRA Administrator with any questions about the Plan and COBRA Continuation. Contact the Plan Administrator or Human Resources for information about the COBRA Administrator.

For more information about a Participant's rights under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA), including COBRA, HIPAA, the Affordable Care Act, and other laws affecting group health plans, contact the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) or visit <https://www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa>. (Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA's website.) For more information about the Marketplace, visit www.HealthCare.gov.

Current Addresses

Important information may be distributed by mail. In order to protect the rights of the Employee's family, the Employee should keep the COBRA Administrator informed of any changes in the addresses of family members.

LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS

Some health care services are not covered by the Plan. In addition to the General Exclusions set forth in the General Limitations and Exclusion section, these include, but are not limited to, any charge for care, supplies, or services, that are:

Abortion. Incurred directly or indirectly as the result of an abortion except where the life of the mother is endangered by the continued Pregnancy, or if the Pregnancy is the result of rape or incest wherever allowed by applicable law and/or regulation.

Absence from Hospital. Charges made by a Hospital for a period of time when a registered bed patient is absent from the Hospital (e.g., weekend passes).

Acupuncture. Relating directly or indirectly to acupuncture, including acupuncture provided in lieu of anesthetic.

Administrative Costs. That are solely for and/or applicable to administrative costs of completing claim forms or reports or for providing records wherever allowed by applicable law and/or regulation. This exclusion is not intended for costs associated with administering the Plan.

Alternative Medicine. For holistic or homeopathic treatment, naturopathic services, and thermography, including drugs. These include but are not limited to the following:

1. Aroma therapy;
2. Bioenergetic therapy;
3. Biofeedback (unless medically necessary therapy for incontinence);
4. Carbon Dioxide therapy;
5. Chelation therapy (unless due to heavy metal poisoning);
6. Megavitamin therapy;
7. Nutrition based therapy;
8. Primal therapy;
9. Psychodrama;
10. Rolfing;
11. Vision perception training.

After the Termination Date. That are Incurred by the Participant on or after the date coverage terminates, even if payments have been predetermined for a course of treatment submitted before the termination date, unless otherwise deemed to be covered in accordance with the terms of the Plan or applicable law and/or regulation.

Alcohol. Involving a Participant who has taken part in any activity made illegal either due to the use of alcohol or a state of intoxication. It is not necessary that an arrest occur, criminal charges be filed, or, if filed, that a conviction result. Proof beyond a reasonable doubt is not required to be deemed an activity made illegal due to the use of alcohol or a state of intoxication. Expenses will be covered for Injured Participants other than the person partaking in an activity made illegal due to the use of alcohol or a state of intoxication, and expenses may be covered for Substance Abuse treatment as specified in this Plan, if applicable. This Exclusion does not apply if the Injury (a) resulted from being the victim of an act of domestic violence, or (b) resulted from a documented medical condition (including both physical and mental health conditions).

Blood Donation. Fees associated with the collection or donation of blood or blood products, except for autologous donation in anticipation of scheduled services where in the utilization review Physician's opinion

the likelihood of excess blood loss is such that transfusion is an expected adjunct to surgery.

Blood Administration / Transfusion. Using blood transfusions for general improvement in physical condition.

Broken Appointments. That are charged solely due to the Participant's having failed to honor an appointment.

Charges / Claims. Uncovered charges, claims, expenses or services include but are not limited to:

1. Expenses for completion of claim forms or for preparation of medical reports; for missed appointments or for computer, internet, and telephone consultations.
2. Charges for which the Plan or third party is unable to determine liability because the Insured Person failed, within 60 days, or as soon as reasonably possible to: (a) authorize the Plan or third party to receive all the medical records and information requested; or (b) provide the Plan or third party with information requested regarding the circumstances of the claim or other insurance coverage.
3. Charges for the services of a standby Physician
4. Claims received by the Plan or third party after 180 days from the date service was rendered, except in the event of a legal incapacity.
5. Services Received Prior or Post Effective Date of Coverage.
6. Services which are self-directed to a free-standing or Hospital-based diagnostic facility.
7. Physical exams and related services, including but not limited to x-ray and lab expenses, when rendered for travel or immigration.
8. Services rendered by or at the direction of any person or entity not certified or licensed to provide the services rendered.
9. Services provided by an athletic trainer, personal trainer, yoga or similar credentialed individual.
10. Programs, treatment and services relating to community re-entry, transitional living, residential, school-based programs.
11. Programs, treatment and services relating to school-based programs.
12. Services and procedures for redundant skin surgery unless determined to be "Medically Necessary", including abdominoplasty/panniculectomy, removal of skin tags, craniosacral/cranial therapy, applied kinesiology, prolotherapy and extracorporeal shock wave lithotripsy (ESWL) for musculoskeletal and orthopedic conditions, macromastia or gynecomastia; varicose veins; rhinoplasty, blepharoplasty surgeries regardless of clinical indications, and orthognathic surgery except for surgery for a physical abnormality that prevents normal function of the upper and/or lower jaw and is Medically Necessary to attain functional capacity of the affected part.
13. Services and supplies provided through a medical department, clinic or other facility provided by or maintained by the Plan Member's employer for the exclusive use of that employer's employees, or a medical clinic or similar facility for which services or supplies are or should be available without charge to the Plan Member.
14. Services or supplies ordered by a Physician or other Provider who is an employee or representative of a medical device supplier, medical practice, medical facility, freestanding or Hospital-based diagnostic facility, when that Physician or other Provider:
 - a. A person's employer who has not been actively involved in medical care prior to ordering the service or durable good is received or actively involved in medical care after ordering the service or durable good is received;
 - b. A person who lives in the Insured Person's home
 - c. A person who is related to the Insured Person by blood, marriage or adoption
 - d. A facility or health care professional that provides remuneration to you, directly or

- indirectly, or to an organization from which you receive, directly or indirectly, remuneration;
- e. Who has not been actively involved in a person's medical care prior to ordering the service or durable good;
 - f. Who is not actively involved in a person's medical care after the service or durable good is received.

Cochlear Implants. Charges for cochlear implants.

Complications of Non-Covered Services. That are required as a result of complications from a service not covered under the Plan, unless expressly stated otherwise.

Confined Persons. That are for services, supplies, and/or treatment of any Participant that were Incurred while confined and/or arising from confinement in a prison, jail or other penal institution with said confinement exceeding 24 consecutive hours.

Cosmetic Services. Surgery, procedures or services which are performed for plastic, reconstructive or cosmetic purposes or any other service or supply which are primarily used to improve, alter or enhance appearance, whether or not for psychological or emotional reasons, except to the extent where it is needed for: (a) repair or alleviation of damage resulting from an Accident; (b) because of infection or Illness; (c) because of congenital Disease, developmental condition or anomaly of a covered Dependent Child which has resulted in a functional defect. A treatment will be considered cosmetic for either of the following reasons: (a) its primary purpose is to beautify or (b) there is no documentation of a clinically significant impairment, meaning decrease in function or change in physiology due to Injury, Illness or congenital abnormality. The term "cosmetic services" includes those services which are described in IRS Code Section 213(d)(9).

Couples or Family Counseling, including family, financial, or relationship counseling or sex therapy.

Court-Ordered Care. Court-ordered treatment or hospitalization, unless such treatment is prescribed by a Physician and listed as covered in this Policy ; e.g., court ordered rehabilitative treatment or services.

Criminal Activities. Charges Incurred for treatment of an Injury or Illness sustained while the Plan Member is participating in an illegal occupation; commission of, or an attempt to commit, a felony; or voluntary participation in a riot, insurrection or civil disobedience.

Custodial Care. That do not restore health or are provided mainly as a rest cure or for maintenance care, unless specifically mentioned otherwise.

Deductible. That are amounts applied toward satisfaction of Deductibles and expenses that are defined as the Participant's responsibility in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Dental Care. For normal dental care, including any dental, gum treatments, or oral surgery, except as otherwise specifically provided herein.

Donor Expenses. Charges for or related to organ/tissue donation when donor is not a Plan Participant.

Education or Training Program. Performed by a Physician or other Provider enrolled in an education or training program when such services are related to the education or training program, except as specifically provided herein.

Environmental Change. Inpatient confinement when such confinement is primarily for environmental change or rest.

Examinations. Any health examination required by any law of a government to secure insurance or school admissions or professional or other licenses, except as required under applicable federal law.

Excess. That exceed Plan limits, set forth herein and including (but not limited to) the Maximum Allowable Charge, in the Plan Administrator's discretion and as determined by the Plan Administrator, in accordance with the Plan terms as set forth by and within this document.

Exercise Programs, Athletic and Health Club. Therapy, treatment or memberships intended primarily to improve or maintain general physical condition or for the purpose of enhancing job, school, athletic or recreational performance, including but not limited to routine, long term, or maintenance care which is provided after the resolution of the acute medical problem and when significant therapeutic improvement is not expected.

Experimental. That are Experimental or Investigational.

Foot Care. Routine foot care including the cutting or removal of corns or calluses; the trimming of nails, routine hygienic care and any service rendered in the absence of localized Illness, a systemic condition, Injury or symptoms involving the feet except as otherwise stated in this Policy. Other non-covered items include but are not limited to are (except when joined to Braces or as required by law): Orthopedic shoes shoe inserts or foot orthotic.

Foreign Travel. That are received outside of the United States if travel is for the sole purpose of obtaining medical services, unless otherwise approved by the Plan Administrator.

Gene and Cell Therapy. Including, but not limited to, the cost of any Gene or Cell Therapy product, and any medical, surgical, professional and facility services or Pharmacy directly or indirectly related to the administration of the Gene or Cell Therapy product.

Gender-Affirming Care. Related to a gender-affirming care.

Genetic Counseling. Genetic screening or pre-implantations genetic screening: general population-based genetic screening performed in the absence of any symptoms or any significant, proven risk factors for genetically linked inheritable disease.

Government. That the Participant obtains, but which is paid, may be paid, is provided or could be provided at no cost to the Participant through any program or agency, in accordance with the laws or regulations of any government, or where care is provided at government expense, unless there is a legal obligation for the Participant to pay for such treatment service in the absence of coverage. This Exclusion does not apply when otherwise prohibited by law, including laws applicable to Medicaid and Medicare.

Government-Operated Facilities. That meet the following requirements:

1. That are services furnished to the Participant in any veteran's Hospital, military Hospital, Institution or facility operated by the United States government or by any State government or any agency or instrumentality of such governments.
2. That are services or supplies which can be paid for by any government agency, even if the patient waives his rights to those services or supplies.

NOTE: This Exclusion does not apply to treatment of non-service related disabilities or for Inpatient care provided in a military or other Federal government Hospital to Dependents of active duty armed service personnel or armed service retirees and their Dependents. This Exclusion does not apply where otherwise prohibited by law.

Hair Loss. Care and treatment for hair loss including hair transplants or any drug that promises hair growth, whether or not prescribed by a Physician.

Hair Pieces. For wigs, artificial hair pieces, human or artificial hair transplants, or any Drug, prescription or otherwise, used to eliminate baldness. *NOTE: This Exclusion does not apply to hair pieces and wigs that are covered under the Plan for patients who are undergoing chemotherapy or radiation.*

Hazardous Pursuit, Hobby or Activity. That are of an Injury or Illness that results from engaging in a hazardous pursuit, hobby or activity. A pursuit, hobby or activity is hazardous if it involves or exposes an individual to risk of a degree or nature not customarily undertaken in the course of the Participant's customary occupation or if it involves leisure time activities commonly considered as involving unusual or exceptional risks, characterized by a constant threat of danger or risk of bodily harm, including but not limited to: hang gliding, skydiving, bungee jumping, parasailing, rock climbing, use of explosives, automobile racing, motorcycle racing, aircraft racing, or speed boat racing, reckless operation of a vehicle or other machinery, and travel to countries with advisory warnings. The exclusion does not apply to use of all-terrain vehicles (ATV) or off-road dirt bikes, except if participating in racing or competition.

Hearing Aids. Related to establishing a diagnosis.

Home Births. Related to home births, except in an emergency.

Hypnotism. Related to the use of hypnosis.

Illegal Acts. That are for any Injury or Illness that results from or while taking part or attempting to take part in an illegal activity, including but not limited to misdemeanors and felonies even if the cause of the Illness or Injury is not related to the commission of the illegal act. It is not necessary that an arrest occur, criminal charges be filed, or, if filed, that a conviction result. Proof beyond a reasonable doubt is not required to be deemed an illegal act. This Exclusion does not apply if the Injury (a) resulted from being the victim of an act of domestic violence, or (b) resulted from a documented medical condition (including both physical and mental health conditions).

Illegal Drugs or Medications. That are services, supplies, care or treatment to a Participant for Injury or Illness that results from or while the Participant was voluntarily taking or being under the influence of any controlled substance, drug, hallucinogen or narcotic not administered on the advice of a Physician, or of any Schedule I substance, even if administered on the advice of a Physician and/or legal under the law of the state where the Participant lives, even if the cause of the Illness or Injury is not related to the use of alcohol, even if the cause of the Illness or Injury is not related to the commission of the illegal act, even if the cause of the Illness or Injury is not related to the use of the controlled substance, drug, hallucinogen or narcotic.. Expenses will be covered for Injured Participants other than the person using controlled substances and expenses will be covered for Substance Abuse treatment as specified in this Plan. This Exclusion does not apply if the Injury (a) resulted from being the victim of an act of domestic violence, or (b) resulted from a documented medical condition (including both physical and mental health conditions).

Immediate Family Member. That are rendered by a member of the immediate Family Unit or person regularly residing in the same household; whether the relationship is by blood or exists in law.

Immunizations. For immunizations and vaccinations for the purpose of travel outside of the United States.

Impregnation, Infertility / Fertility. Following charges related to Impregnation and Infertility Treatment: consultations, fertility testing, artificial insemination, fertility Drugs, G.I.F.T. (Gamete Intrafallopian Transfer), in-vitro fertilization, surrogate mother (unless the surrogate is a Participant, in which case the Preventive Care and/or Pregnancy expenses will be covered in accordance with the Plan provisions) donor eggs, collection or purchase of donor semen (sperm) or oocytes (eggs), and freezing of sperm, oocytes, or embryos or any type of artificial impregnation procedure, or any type of artificial impregnation procedure, whether or not such procedure is successful. Cryopreservation of sperm or eggs, or storage of sperm for artificial insemination (including donor fees). The plan will cover charges for services related to the diagnosis and treatment of underlying causes of infertility only.

Incurred by Other Persons. That are expenses actually Incurred by other persons.

Long Term Care. Charges for long term care.

Marijuana. For marijuana or marijuana-derived substances or compounds (like THC/CBD oil), even if the Participant has a prescription and marijuana is legal under the laws of the state in which he or she lives.

Marriage Counseling. Charges for marital or pre-marital counseling.

Massage Therapy. Charges for massage therapy, unless specifically stated otherwise.

Medical Necessity. That are not Medically Necessary and/or arise from services and/or supplies that are not Medically Necessary.

Military Service. That are related to conditions determined by the Veteran's Administration to be connected to active service in the military of the United States, except to the extent prohibited or modified by law.

Negligence. That are for Injuries resulting from negligence, misfeasance, malfeasance, nonfeasance or malpractice on the part of any caregiver, Institution, or Provider, as determined by the Plan Administrator, in its discretion, in light of applicable laws and evidence available to the Plan Administrator.

Never Events. That are a subset of patient safety incidents that are preventable and so serious that they should never happen, including but not limited to:

- **Surgical events**
 - Surgery or other invasive procedure performed on the wrong body part
 - Surgery or other invasive procedure performed on the wrong patient
 - Wrong surgical or other invasive procedure performed on a patient
 - Unintended retention of a foreign object in a patient after surgery or other procedure
 - Intraoperative or immediately postoperative/post procedure death in an American Society of Anesthesiologists Class I patient
- **Product or device events**
 - Patient death or serious injury associated with the use of contaminated drugs, devices, or biologics provided by the health care setting
 - Patient death or serious injury associated with the use or function of a device in patient care, in which the device is used for functions other than as intended
- **Patient death or serious injury** associated with intravascular air embolism that occurs while being cared for in a health care setting
- **Patient protection events**
 - Discharge or release of a patient/resident of any age, who is unable to make decisions, to other than an authorized person

- Patient death or serious disability associated with patient elopement (disappearance)
- Patient suicide, attempted suicide, or self-harm resulting in serious disability, while being cared for in a health care facility
- **Care management events**
 - Patient death or serious injury associated with a medication error (e.g., errors involving the wrong drug, wrong dose, wrong patient, wrong time, wrong rate, wrong preparation, or wrong route of administration)
 - Patient death or serious injury associated with unsafe administration of blood products
 - Maternal death or serious injury associated with labor or delivery in a low-risk pregnancy while being cared for in a health care setting
 - Death or serious injury of a neonate associated with labor or delivery in a low-risk pregnancy
 - Patient death or serious injury associated with a fall while being cared for in a health care setting o Any stage 3, stage 4, or unstageable pressure ulcers acquired after admission/presentation to a health care facility
 - Patient death or serious disability resulting from the irretrievable loss of an irreplaceable biological specimen
- **Environmental events**
 - Patient or staff death or serious disability associated with an electric shock in the course of a patient care process in a health care setting o Any incident in which a line designated for oxygen or other gas to be delivered to a patient contains no gas, the wrong gas, or is contaminated by toxic substances
 - Patient or staff death or serious injury associated with a burn incurred from any source in the course of a patient care process in a health care setting
 - Patient death or serious injury associated with the use of restraints or bedrails while being cared for in a health care setting
- **Radiologic events.** Death or serious injury of a patient or staff associated with introduction of a metallic object into the MRI area
- **Criminal events**
 - Any instance of care ordered by or provided by someone impersonating a physician, nurse, pharmacist, or other licensed health care provider
 - Abduction of a patient/resident of any age
 - Sexual abuse/assault on a patient within or on the grounds of a health care setting
 - Death or significant injury of a patient or staff member resulting from a physical assault (i.e., battery) that occurs within or on the grounds of a health care setting

No Coverage. That are Incurred at a time when no coverage is in force for the applicable Participant.

No Legal Obligation. That are for services provided to a Participant for which the Provider of a service does not and/or would not customarily render a direct charge, or charges Incurred for which the Participant or Plan has no legal obligation to pay, or for which no charges would be made in the absence of this coverage, including but not limited to charges for services not actually rendered, fees, care, supplies, or services for which a person, company or any other entity except the Participant or the Plan, may be liable for necessitating the fees, care, supplies, or services.

No Physician Recommendation. Care, treatment, services or supplies not recommended and approved by a Physician; or treatment, services or supplies when the Plan Participant is not under the regular care of a Physician. Regular care means ongoing medical supervision or treatment which is appropriate care for the Injury or Illness.

Non-Compliance. All charges in connection with treatments or medications where the patient either is in noncompliance with or is discharged from a Hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility against medical advice.

Non-Emergency Hospital Admissions. Care and treatment billed by a Hospital for non-Medical Emergency

admissions on a Friday or a Saturday. This does not apply if Surgery is performed within 24 hours of admission.

Non-Prescription Drugs. For drugs for use outside of a Hospital or other Inpatient facility that can be purchased over-the-counter and without a Physician's written prescription. Drugs for which there is a non-prescription equivalent available. This does not apply to the extent the non-prescription drug must be covered under Preventive Care, subject to the Affordable Care Act and FFCRA, as amended..

Not Acceptable. That are not accepted as standard practice by the American Medical Association (AMA), American Dental Association (ADA), or the Food and Drug Administration (FDA).

Not Covered Provider. That are performed by Providers that do not satisfy all the requirements per the Provider definition as defined within this Plan.

Not Specified as Covered. That are not specified as covered under any provision of this Plan.

Occupational. That are for any condition, Illness, Injury or complication thereof arising out of or in the course of employment (including self-employment) or any activity for wage or profit, only when workers' compensation or another form of occupational injury medical coverage is available.

Nutritional Supplements. For nutritional supplements, except as specified under Preventive Care.

Obesity. Charges for bariatric surgery, including but not limited to, gastric bypass, stapling and intestinal bypass, and lap band surgery, including reversals, related to both obesity and Class III obesity (if BMI is equal to or greater than 40.0 kg/m²). For non-Class III obesity, related to care and treatment of obesity, weight loss or dietary control. This Exclusion does not apply to obesity screening and counseling that are covered under the Preventive Care benefit.

Other than Attending Physician. That are other than those certified by a Physician who is attending the Participant as being required for the treatment of Injury or Disease and performed by an appropriate Provider.

Orthopedic Shoes. For orthopedic shoes, unless they are an integral part of a leg brace and the cost is included in the orthotist's charge, and other supportive devices for the feet.

Personal Convenience Items. For equipment that does not meet the definition of Durable Medical Equipment, including air conditioners, humidifiers and exercise equipment, whether or not recommended by a Physician.

Patient Education. Charges in connection with patient education are excluded, except as required by the Affordable Care Act (ACA).

Personal Injury Insurance. That are in connection with an automobile accident for which benefits payable hereunder are, or would be otherwise covered by, mandatory no-fault automobile insurance or any other similar type of personal injury insurance required by state or federal law, without regard to whether or not the Participant actually had such mandatory coverage. Any claims which arise in connection with an automobile accident for which the policy provides an option for medical coverage are excluded. Benefits will be excluded to the maximum amount of first party medical coverage available under the applicable state law, regardless of a Participant's election of lesser coverage. This Exclusion does not apply if the Injured person is a passenger in a non-family-owned vehicle or a pedestrian.

Postage, Shipping, Handling Charges, Etc. That are for any postage, shipping or handling charges which Woodlake Management, LLC Plan Document and Summary

may occur in the transmittal of information to the Medical or Pharmacy Claims Administrator; including interest or financing charges.

Pregnancy of a Dependent Child. Incurred by an eligible Dependent Child, including, but not limited to, prenatal, delivery and post-natal care, treatment of miscarriage and complications due to Pregnancy, unless specifically provided as a covered benefit elsewhere in this Plan. *NOTE: Preventive care charges for Pregnancy are covered under the Preventive Care benefit in the Medical Benefits section.*

Prior to Coverage. That are rendered or received prior to or after any period of coverage hereunder, except as specifically provided herein.

Private Duty Nursing. Private duty nursing is only covered as part of a home health program.

Professional (and Semi-Professional) Athletics (Injury/Illness). That are in connection with any Injury or Illness arising out of or in the course of any employment for wage or profit; or related to professional or semiprofessional athletics, including practice.

Prohibited by Law. That are to the extent that payment under this Plan is prohibited by law.

Provider Error. That are required as a result of unreasonable Provider error.

Repair of Purchased Equipment. For maintenance and repairs needed due to misuse or abuse are not covered.

Replacement Braces. For replacement of braces of the leg, arm, back, neck, or artificial arms or legs, unless there is sufficient change in the Participant's physical condition to make the original device no longer functional.

Reversal of Sterilization. Charges for reversal of a sterilization procedure.

Routine Patient Costs for Participation in an Approved Clinical Trial. For routine patient costs for participation in an Approved Clinical Trial. The following items are excluded from approved clinical trial coverage under this Plan:

1. The cost of an Investigational new drug or device that is not approved for any indication by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, including a drug or device that is the subject of the Approved Clinical Trial.
2. The cost of a service that is not a health care service, regardless of whether the service is required in connection with participation in an Approved Clinical Trial.
3. The cost of a service that is clearly inconsistent with widely accepted and established standards of care for a particular Diagnosis.
4. A cost associated with managing an Approved Clinical Trial.
5. The cost of a health care service that is specifically excluded by the Plan.
6. Services that are part of the subject matter of the Approved Clinical Trial and that are customarily paid for by the research institution conducting the Approved Clinical Trial.

If one or more participating Providers do participate in the Approved Clinical Trial, the qualified plan Participant must participate in the Approved Clinical Trial through a participating, Network Provider, if the Provider will accept the Participant into the trial.

The Plan does not cover routine patient care services that are provided outside of this Plan's health care Provider Network unless Non-Network benefits are otherwise provided under this Plan.

Sex Assignment/Reassignment. Related to a sex change operation.

Sexual Dysfunction. Any treatment, brand-name prescription drug, service or supply to treat sexual dysfunction, enhance sexual performance or increase sexual desire, unless organic in nature (i.e., due to prostate cancer or physical injury).

Sterilization Reversal. For sterilization procedure reversal.

Subrogation, Reimbursement, and/or Claims Responsibility. That are for an Illness or Injury not payable by virtue of the Plan's subrogation, reimbursement, and/or Medical Claims Administrator responsibility provisions.

Taxes. Charges for taxes or surcharges, other than those that a medical facility or provider is legally required to make.

Tattoos and body piercings. Charges for tattoos or body piercing, regardless of reason.

Travel and Accommodations. Travel or accommodations for health, whether or not recommended by a Physician. Charges Incurred outside the United States if the Plan Member traveled to such location for the sole purpose of obtaining medical services, drugs or supplies, except as prior authorized by the Plan.

Unreasonable. That are not reasonable in nature or in charge (see definition of Maximum Allowable Charge), or are required to treat Illness or Injuries arising from and due to a error(s) caused at any point in the course of treatment by any Provider, including, but not limited to, a Physician or Hospital,, wherein such Illness, Injury, infection or complication is not reasonably expected to occur. This Exclusion will apply to expenses directly or indirectly resulting from circumstances that, in the opinion of the Plan Administrator in its sole discretion, gave rise to the expense whether or not they were directly or indirectly caused by the treating Provider, and are not generally foreseeable or expected amongst professionals practicing the same or similar type(s) of medicine as the treating Provider whose error caused the loss(es).

Vehicle Accident. That are for treatment of any Illness or Injury where it is determined that a Participant was involved in a motorcycle Accident while not wearing a helmet or in an automobile Accident while not wearing a seatbelt (or car seat), even if the cause of the Illness or Injury is not related to the failure of the Participant to wear a helmet or seatbelt (or car seat). This Exclusion does not apply: (a) to Participants who were passengers on public transportation, ride for hire or livery services or (b) when a seatbelt or helmet is not required by law.

Vision Care. Expenses for the following:

1. For eye refractions or the vision examination for prescribing or fitting eyeglasses or contact lenses.
2. For radial keratotomy or other plastic surgeries on the cornea in lieu of eyeglasses.
3. Vision therapy (orthoptics) and supplies.
4. Orthokeratology lenses for reshaping the cornea of the eye to improve vision.

Vitamins. For vitamins, except as specified under Preventive Care.

War/Riot. That are Incurred as a result of war or any act of war, whether declared or undeclared, or any act of aggression by any country, including rebellion or riot, when the Participant is a member of the armed forces of any country, or during service by a Participant in the armed forces of any country, or voluntary participation in a riot. This Exclusion does not apply to any Participant who is not a member of the armed forces and does not apply to victims of any act of war or aggression.

Weight Loss. Except as stated otherwise in the Plan, services, prescription drugs or supplies rendered for weight reduction by diet control; Surgery to aid in weight reduction or complications of such Surgery including when Incurred due to Morbid Obesity.

With respect to any Injury or Illness which is otherwise covered by the Plan, the Plan will not deny benefits otherwise provided for treatment of the Injury or Illness if the Injury or Illness results from being the victim of an act of domestic violence or a documented medical condition. To the extent consistent with applicable law, this exception will not require this Plan to provide particular benefits other than those provided under the terms of the Plan.

PLAN ADMINISTRATION

The Plan Administrator has been granted the authority to administer the Plan. The Plan Administrator has retained the services of the Medical and Pharmacy Claims Administrators to provide certain claims processing and other technical services. The claims processing and other technical services delegated to the Medical and Pharmacy Claims Administrators notwithstanding, the Plan Administrator reserves the unilateral right and power to administer and to interpret, construe and construct the terms and provisions of the Plan, including without limitation, correcting any error or defect, supplying any omission, reconciling any inconsistency and making factual determinations.

Plan Administrator

The Plan is administered by the Plan Administrator within the purview of ERISA and in accordance with these provisions. An individual, committee, or entity may be appointed by the Plan Sponsor to be Plan Administrator and serve at the convenience of the Plan Sponsor. If the appointed Plan Administrator or a committee member resigns, dies, is otherwise unable to perform, is dissolved, or is removed from the position, the Plan Sponsor shall appoint a new Plan Administrator as soon as reasonably possible.

The Plan Administrator may delegate to one or more individuals or entities part or all of its discretionary authority under the Plan, provided that any such delegation must be made in writing.

DISCRETIONARY AUTHORITY

The Plan Administrator shall have sole, full and final discretionary authority to interpret all Plan provisions, including the right to remedy possible ambiguities, inconsistencies and/or omissions in the Plan and related documents; to make determinations in regard to issues relating to eligibility for benefits; to decide disputes that may arise relative to a Participant's rights; and to determine all questions of fact and law arising under the Plan. The Plan Administrator may delegate all such authority to third party administrators for purposes of administering claims and appeals.

Duties of the Plan Administrator

The duties of the Plan Administrator include the following:

1. To administer the Plan in accordance with its terms.
2. To determine all questions of eligibility, status and coverage under the Plan.
3. To interpret the Plan, including the authority to construe possible ambiguities, inconsistencies, omissions and disputed terms.
4. To make factual findings.

5. To decide disputes which may arise relative to a Participant's rights and/or availability of benefits.
6. To prescribe procedures for filing a claim for benefits, to review claim denials and appeals relating to them and to uphold or reverse such denials.
7. To keep and maintain the Plan documents and all other records pertaining to the Plan.
8. To appoint and supervise one or more Claims Administrators to pay claims.
9. To perform all necessary reporting as required by ERISA.
10. To establish and communicate procedures to determine whether a Medical Child Support Order is a QMCSO.
11. To delegate to any person or entity such powers, duties and responsibilities as it deems appropriate.
12. To perform each and every function necessary for or related to the Plan's administration.

Amending and Terminating the Plan

This Plan was established for the exclusive benefit of the Employees with the intention it will continue indefinitely; however, as the settlor of the Plan, the Plan Sponsor, through its directors and officers, may, in its sole discretion, at any time, amend, suspend or terminate the Plan in whole or in part. This includes amending the benefits under the Plan or the trust agreement (if any). All amendments to this Plan shall become effective as of a date established by the Plan Sponsor.

Any amendment to the Plan that is not made effective at the beginning of a normal Plan Year by integration into a full Plan Document restatement, including suspension and/or termination, shall follow the amendment procedure outlined in this section. The amendment procedure is accomplished by a separate, written amendment decided upon and/or enacted by resolution of the Plan Sponsor's directors or officers (in compliance with its articles of incorporation or bylaws and if these provisions are deemed applicable), or by the sole proprietor in his or her own discretion if the Plan Sponsor is a sole proprietorship, but always in accordance with applicable Federal and State law, including – where applicable – notification rules provided for and as required by ERISA.

If the Plan is terminated, the rights of the Participants are limited to expenses Incurred before termination. In connection with the termination, the Plan Sponsor may establish a deadline by which all claims must be submitted for consideration. Benefits will be paid only for Covered Expenses Incurred prior to the termination date and submitted in accordance with the rules established by the Plan Sponsor. Upon termination, any Plan assets will be used to pay outstanding claims and all expenses of Plan termination. As it relates to distribution of assets upon termination of the Plan, any contributions paid by Participants, , will be used for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits and defraying reasonable expenses related to Plan administration, and will not inure to the benefit of the Employer.

Summary of Material Modification (SMM)

A Summary of Material Modifications reports changes in the information provided within the Summary Plan Description. Examples include a change to Deductibles, eligibility or the addition or deletion of coverage.

The Plan Administrator shall notify all covered Employees of any plan amendment considered a Material Modification by the Plan as soon as administratively feasible after its adoption, but no later than within 210 days after the close of the Plan Year in which the changes became effective. If said Material Modification is affected by amendment as described above, distribution of a copy of said written amendment, within all applicable time limits, shall be deemed sufficient notification to satisfy the Plan's Summary of Material Modifications requirements.

***NOTE:** The Affordable Care Act (ACA) requires that if a Plan's Material Modifications are not reflected in the Plan's most recent Summary of Benefits and Coverage (SBC) then the Plan must provide written notice to Participants at least 60 days before the effective date of the Material Modification.*

Summary of Material Reduction (SMR)

A Summary of Material Reduction (SMR) is a type of SMM. A Material Reduction generally means any modification that would be considered by the average participant to be an important reduction in covered services or benefits. Examples include reductions in benefits or increases in Deductibles or Copayments.

The Plan Administrator shall notify all eligible Employees of any plan amendment considered a Material Reduction in covered services or benefits provided by the Plan as soon as administratively feasible after its adoption, but no later than 60 days after the date of adoption of the reduction. Eligible Employees and beneficiaries must be furnished a summary of such reductions, and any changes so made shall be binding on each Participant. The 60 day period for furnishing a summary of Material Reduction does not apply to any Employee covered by the Plan who would reasonably expect to receive a summary through other means within the next 90 days.

If said Material Reduction is affected by amendment as described above, distribution of a copy of said written amendment, within all applicable time limits, shall be deemed sufficient notification to satisfy the Plan's Summary of Material Reduction requirements.

Material Reduction disclosure provisions are subject to the requirements of ERISA and the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) and any related amendments.

Misuse of Identification Card

If an Employee or covered Dependent permits any person who is not a covered Participant of the Family Unit to use any identification card issued, the Plan Sponsor may give Employee written notice that his (and his family's) coverage will be terminated in accordance with the Plan's provisions.

CLAIM PROCEDURES; PAYMENT OF CLAIMS

Introduction

In accordance with applicable law, the Plan will allow an authorized representative to act on a Participant's behalf in pursuing or appealing a benefit claim.

The availability of health benefit payments is dependent upon Participants complying with the following:

Health Claims

Full and final authority to adjudicate claims and make determinations as to their payability by and under the Plan belongs to and resides solely with the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator shall make claims adjudication determinations after full and fair review and in accordance with the terms of this Plan, applicable law, and with ERISA. To receive due consideration, claims for benefits and questions regarding said claims should be directed to the Claims Administrator. The Plan Administrator may delegate to the Claims Administrator responsibility to process claims in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Plan Administrator's directive(s). The Claims Administrator is not a fiduciary of the Plan and does not have discretionary authority to make claims payment decisions or interpret the meaning of the Plan terms.

Written proof that expenses eligible for Plan reimbursement and/or payment were Incurred, as well as proof of their eligibility for payment by the Plan, must be provided to the Plan Administrator via the Claims Administrator. Although a provider of medical services and/or supplies may submit such claims directly to the Plan, ultimate responsibility for supplying such written proof remains with the Participant. The Plan Administrator may determine the time and fashion by which such proof must be submitted. No benefits shall be payable under the Plan if the Plan Administrator determines that the claims are not eligible for Plan payment, or, if inadequate proof is provided by the Participant or anyone else eligible to submit claims or information to the Plan on the Participant's behalf.

A call from a Provider who wants to know if an individual is covered under the Plan, or if a certain procedure is covered by the Plan, prior to providing treatment is not a "claim," since an actual claim for benefits is not being filed with the Plan. These are simply requests for information, and any response is not a guarantee of benefits or any promise to pay benefits, since payment of benefits is subject to all Plan provisions, limitations and Exclusions. Once treatment is rendered, a Clean Claim must be filed with the Plan (which will be a "Post-service Claim"). At that time, a determination will be made as to what benefits are payable under the Plan.

A Participant has the right to request a review of an Adverse Benefit Determination. If the claim is denied at the end of the appeal process, as described below, the Plan's final decision is known as a Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination. If the Participant receives notice of a Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination, or if the Plan does not follow the claims procedures properly, the Participant then has the right to request an independent external review. The external review procedures are described below.

The claims procedures are intended to provide a full and fair review. This means, among other things, that claims and appeals will be decided in a manner designed to ensure the independence and impartiality of the persons involved in making these decisions.

Benefits will be payable to a Participant, or to a Provider, if permitted, as consideration in full for services rendered.

According to Federal regulations which apply to the Plan, there are four types of claims: Pre-service (Urgent and Non-urgent), Concurrent Care and Post-service.

1. Pre-service Claims. A “Pre-service Claim” occurs when issuance of payment by the Plan is dependent upon determination of payability prior to the receipt of the applicable medical care; however, if the Plan does not require the Participant to obtain approval of a medical service prior to getting treatment, then there is no “Pre-service Claim.”

Urgent care or Emergency medical services or admissions will not require notice to the Plan prior to the receipt of care. Furthermore, if in the opinion of a Physician with knowledge of the Participant’s medical condition, pre-determination of payability by the Plan prior to the receipt of medical care (a Pre-service Claim) would result in a delay adequate to jeopardize the life or health of the Participant, hinder the Participant’s ability to regain maximum function (compared to treatment without delay), or subject the Participant to severe pain that cannot be adequately managed without the care or treatment that is the subject of the claim, said claim may be deemed to be a “Pre-service Urgent Care Claim.” In such circumstances, the Participant is urged to obtain the applicable care without delay, and communicate with the Plan regarding their claim(s) as soon as reasonably possible.

If, due to Emergency or urgency as defined above, a Pre-service claim is not possible, the Participant must comply with the Plan’s requirements with respect to notice required after receipt of treatment, and must file the claim as a Post-service Claim, as herein described.

Pre-admission certification of a non-Emergency Hospital admission is a “claim” only to the extent of the determination made – that the type of procedure or condition warrants Inpatient confinement for a certain number of days. The rules regarding Pre-service Claims will apply to that determination only. Once a Participant has the treatment in question, the claim for benefits relating to that treatment will be treated as a Post-service Claim.

2. Concurrent Claims. If a Participant requires an on-going course of treatment over a period of time or via a number of treatments, the Plan may approve of a “Concurrent Claim.” In such circumstances, the Participant must notify the Plan of such necessary ongoing or routine medical care, and the Plan will assess the Concurrent Claim as well as determine whether the course of treatment should be reduced or terminated. The Participant, in turn, may request an extension of the course of treatment beyond that which the Plan has approved. If the Plan does not require the Participant to obtain approval of a medical service prior to getting treatment, then there is no need to contact the Plan Administrator to request an extension of a course of treatment, and the Participant must simply comply with the Plan’s requirements with respect to notice required after receipt of treatment, as herein described.
3. Post-service Claims. A “Post-service Claim” is a claim for benefits from the Plan after the medical services and/or supplies have already been provided.

When Claims Must Be Filed

Post-service health claims (which must be Clean Claims) must be filed with the Claims Administrator within 12 months of the date charges for the service(s) and/or supplies were Incurred. Claims filed later than that date shall be denied. Benefits are based upon the Plan’s provisions at the time the charges were Incurred.

A Pre-service Claim (including a Concurrent claim that also is a Pre-service claim) is considered to be filed when the request for approval of treatment or services is received by the Claims Administrator in accordance with the Plan's procedures.

A Post-service Claim is considered to be filed when the following information is received by the Claims Administrator, together with the industry standard claim form:

1. The date of service.
2. The name, address, telephone number and tax identification number of the Provider of the services or supplies.
3. The place where the services were rendered.
4. The Diagnosis and procedure codes.
5. The amount of charges, which reflect any applicable PPO, or PHA re-pricing The name of the Plan
6. The name of the covered Employee.
7. The name of the patient.

Upon receipt of this information, the claim will be deemed to be initiated with the Plan.

The Claims Administrator will determine if enough information has been submitted to enable proper consideration of the claim (a Clean Claim). If not, more information may be requested as provided herein. This additional information must be received by the Claims Administrator within 45 days (48 hours in the case of Pre-service urgent care claims) from receipt by the Participant of the request for additional information. **Failure to do so may result in claims being declined or reduced.**

Timing of Claim Decisions

The Plan Administrator shall notify the Participant, in accordance with the provisions set forth below, of any Adverse Benefit Determination (and, in the case of Pre-service claims and Concurrent claims, of decisions that a claim is payable in full) within the following timeframes:

1. Pre-service Urgent Care Claims:
 - a. If the Participant has provided all of the necessary information, as soon as possible, taking into account the medical exigencies, but not later than 72 hours after receipt of the claim.
 - b. If the Participant has not provided all of the information needed to process the claim, then the Participant will be notified as to what specific information is needed as soon as possible, but not later than 24 hours after receipt of the claim.
 - c. The Participant will be notified of a determination of benefits as soon as possible, but not later than 48 hours, taking into account the medical exigencies, after the earliest of:
 - i. The end of the period afforded the Participant to provide the information.
 - ii. The Plan's receipt of the specified information.
 - d. If there is an Adverse Benefit Determination, a request for an expedited appeal may be submitted orally or in writing by the Participant. All necessary information, including the Plan's benefit determination on review, may be transmitted between the Plan and the Participant by telephone, facsimile, or other similarly expeditious method. Alternatively, the Participant may request an expedited review under the external review process.
2. Pre-service Non-urgent Care Claims:

- a. If the Participant has provided all of the information needed to process the claim, in a reasonable period of time appropriate to the medical circumstances, but not later than 15 days after receipt of the claim, unless an extension has been requested, then prior to the end of the 15 day extension period.
- b. If the Participant has not provided all of the information needed to process the claim, then the Participant will be notified as to what specific information is needed as soon as possible. The Participant will be notified of a determination of benefits in a reasonable period of time appropriate to the medical circumstances, either prior to the end of the extension period (if additional information was requested during the initial processing period), or by the date agreed to by the Plan Administrator and the Participant (if additional information was requested during the initial processing period), or by the date agreed to by the Plan Administrator and the Participant (if additional information was requested during the extension period).

3. Concurrent Claims:

- a. **Plan Notice of Reduction or Termination.** If the Plan Administrator is notifying the Participant of a reduction or termination of a course of treatment (other than by Plan amendment or termination), notification will occur before the end of such period of time or number of treatments. The Participant will be notified sufficiently in advance of the reduction or termination to allow the Participant to appeal and obtain a determination on review of that Adverse Benefit Determination before the benefit is reduced or terminated. This rule does not apply if benefits are reduced or eliminated due to plan amendment or termination. A similar process applies for claims based on a rescission of coverage for fraud or misrepresentation.
- b. **Request by Participant Involving Urgent Care.** If the Plan Administrator receives a request from a Participant to extend the course of treatment beyond the period of time or number of treatments involving urgent care, notification will occur as soon as possible, taking into account the medical exigencies, but not later than 24 hours after receipt of the claim, as long as the Participant makes the request at least 24 hours prior to the expiration of the prescribed period of time or number of treatments. If the Participant submits the request with less than 24 hours prior to the expiration of the prescribed period of time or number of treatments, the request will be treated as a claim involving urgent care and decided within the urgent care timeframe.
- c. **Request by Participant Involving Non-urgent Care.** If the Plan Administrator receives a request from the Participant for a claim not involving urgent care, the request will be treated as a new benefit claim and decided within the timeframe appropriate to the type of claim (either as a Pre-service Non-urgent claim or a Post-service claim).
- d. **Request by Participant Involving Rescission.** With respect to rescissions, the following timetable applies:

i.	Notification to Participant	30 days
ii.	Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on appeal	30 days

4. Post-service Claims:

- a. If the Participant has provided all of the information needed to process the claim, in a reasonable period of time, but not later than 30 days after receipt of the claim, unless an extension has been requested, then prior to the end of the 15-day extension period.
- b. If such an extension is necessary due to a failure of the Participant to submit the information necessary to decide the claim, the notice of extension shall specifically describe the required

information, and the Participant shall be afforded at least 45 days from receipt of the notice within which to provide the specified information.

- c. If the Participant has not provided all of the information needed to process the claim and additional information is requested during the initial processing period, then the Participant will be notified of a determination of benefits prior to the end of the extension period, unless additional information is requested during the extension period, then the Participant will be notified of the determination by a date agreed to by the Plan Administrator and the Participant.

5. Extensions:

- a. Pre-service Urgent Care Claims. No extensions are available in connection with Pre-service urgent care claims.
- b. Pre-service Non-urgent Care Claims. This period may be extended by the Plan for up to 15 days, provided that the Plan Administrator both determines that such an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the Plan and notifies the Participant, prior to the expiration of the initial 15 day processing period, of the circumstances requiring the extension of time and the date by which the Plan expects to render a decision.
- c. Post service Claims. This period may be extended by the Plan for up to 15 days, provided that the Plan Administrator both determines that such an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the Plan and notifies the Participant, prior to the expiration of the initial 30 day processing period, of the circumstances requiring the extension of time and the date by which the Plan expects to render a decision.

6. Calculating Time Periods. The period of time within which a benefit determination is required to be made shall begin at the time a claim is deemed to be filed in accordance with the procedures of the Plan.

Notification of an Adverse Benefit Determination

The Plan Administrator shall provide a Participant with a notice, either in writing or electronically (or, in the case of pre-service urgent care claims, by telephone, facsimile or similar method, with written or electronic notice following within three days), containing the following information:

1. Information sufficient to allow the Participant to identify the claim involved (including date of service, the health care Provider, the claim amount, if applicable, and a statement describing the availability, upon request, of the Diagnosis code and its corresponding meaning, and the treatment code and its corresponding meaning).
2. A reference to the specific portion(s) of the Plan Document upon which a denial is based.
3. Specific reason(s) for a denial, including the denial code and its corresponding meaning, and a description of the Plan's standard, if any, that was used in denying the claim.
4. A description of any additional information necessary for the Participant to perfect the claim and an explanation of why such information is necessary.
5. A description of the Plan's review procedures and the time limits applicable to the procedures, including a statement of the Participant's right to bring a civil action under Section 502(a) of ERISA following an Adverse Benefit Determination on final review.
6. A statement that the Participant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records and other information relevant to the Participant's claim for benefits.

7. Upon request, the identity of any medical or vocational experts consulted in connection with a claim, even if the Plan did not rely upon their advice (or a statement that the identity of the expert will be provided, upon request).
8. Any rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion that was relied upon in making the determination (or a statement that it was relied upon and that a copy will be provided to the Participant, free of charge, upon request).
9. In the case of denials based upon a medical judgment (such as whether the treatment is Medically Necessary or Experimental), either an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to the Participant's medical circumstances, or a statement that such explanation will be provided to the Participant, free of charge, upon request.
10. In a claim involving urgent care, a description of the Plan's expedited review process.

Appeal of Adverse Benefit Determinations

Full and Fair Review of All Claims

In cases where a claim for benefits is denied, in whole or in part, and the Participant believes the claim has been denied wrongly, the Participant may appeal the denial and review pertinent documents. The claims procedures of this Plan provide a Participant with a reasonable opportunity for a full and fair review of a claim and Adverse Benefit Determination. More specifically, the Plan provides:

1. A 180-day timeframe following receipt of a notification of an initial Adverse Benefit Determination within which to appeal the determination. The Plan will not accept appeals filed after the 180-day timeframe.
2. The opportunity to submit written comments, documents, records, and other information relating to the claim for benefits.
3. The opportunity to review the Claim file and to present evidence and testimony as part of the internal claims and appeals process.
4. A review that does not afford deference to the previous Adverse Benefit Determination and that is conducted by an appropriate named fiduciary of the Plan, who shall be neither the individual who made the Adverse Benefit Determination that is the subject of the appeal, nor the subordinate of such individual.
5. A review that takes into account all comments, documents, records, and other information submitted by the Participant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the prior benefit determination.
6. That, in deciding an appeal of any Adverse Benefit Determination that is based in whole or in part upon a medical judgment, the Plan fiduciary shall consult with a health care professional who has appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment, who is neither an individual who was consulted in connection with the Adverse Benefit Determination that is the subject of the appeal, nor the subordinate of any such individual.
7. Upon request, the identity of medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained on behalf of the Plan in connection with a claim, even if the Plan did not rely upon their advice.
8. If applicable, a discussion of the basis for disagreeing with the disability determination made by either (a) the Social Security Administration; or (b) an independent medical expert that has conducted a full medical review of the Participant if presented by the Participant in support of the claim.
9. That a Participant will be provided, free of charge: (a) reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the Participant's claim in possession of the Plan Administrator or Claims Administrator; (b) information regarding any voluntary appeals procedures offered by the Plan; (c) information regarding the Participant's right to an external

review process; (d) any internal rule, guideline, protocol or other similar criterion relied upon, considered or generated in making the adverse determination; and (e) an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to the Participant's medical circumstances.

10. That a Participant will be provided, free of charge, and sufficiently in advance of the date that the notice of Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination is required, with new or additional evidence considered, relied upon, or generated by the Plan in connection with the Claim, as well as any new or additional rationale for a denial at the internal appeals stage, and a reasonable opportunity for the Participant to respond to such new evidence or rationale.

Requirements for Appeal

The Participant must file the appeal an appeal regarding a Post-service claim and applicable Adverse Benefit Determination, in writing within 180 days following receipt of the notice of an Adverse Benefit Determination.

Pre-service Claims. Oral appeals should be submitted in writing as soon as possible after it has been initiated. To file any appeal in writing, the Participant's appeal must be addressed as follows:

Assured Benefits Administrators, Inc.
221 North Kansas Street #1610, El Paso, Texas 79901
p. (800) 247-7114
f. (915) 532-1772
<https://www.abadmin.com/>
Email: CustomerService@abadmin.com

Post-service Claims. To file any appeal in writing, the Participant's appeal must be addressed as follows:

Assured Benefits Administrators, Inc.
221 North Kansas Street #1610, El Paso, Texas 79901
p. (800) 247-7114
f. (915) 532-1772
<https://www.abadmin.com/>
Email: CustomerService@abadmin.com

It shall be the responsibility of the Participant or authorized representative to submit an appeal under the provisions of the Plan. Any appeal must include:

1. The name of the Employee/Participant.
2. The Employee/Participant's social security number.
3. The group name or identification number.
4. All facts and theories supporting the claim for benefits.
5. A statement in clear and concise terms of the reason or reasons for disagreement with the handling of the claim.
6. Any material or information that the Participant has which indicates that the Participant is entitled to benefits under the Plan.

Timing of Notification of Benefit Determination on Review

The Plan Administrator shall notify the Participant of the Plan's benefit determination on review within the following timeframes:

1. Pre-service Urgent Care Claims: As soon as possible, taking into account the medical exigencies, but not later than 72 hours after receipt of the appeal.
2. Concurrent Claims: The response will be made in the appropriate time period based upon the type of claim: Pre-service Urgent, Pre-service Non-urgent or Post-service.
3. Post-service Claims: Within a reasonable period of time, but not later than 60 days after receipt of the appeal.

Calculating Time Periods. The period of time within which the Plan's determination is required to be made shall begin at the time an appeal is filed in accordance with the procedures of this Plan, without regard to whether all information necessary to make the determination accompanies the filing.

Manner and Content of Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on Review

The Plan Administrator shall provide a Participant with notification, with respect to Pre-service urgent care claims, by telephone, facsimile or similar method, and with respect to all other types of claims, in writing or electronically, of a Plan's Adverse Benefit Determination on review, setting forth:

1. Information sufficient to allow the Participant to identify the claim involved (including date of service, the health care Provider, the claim amount, if applicable, and a statement describing the availability, upon request, of the Diagnosis code and its corresponding meaning, and the treatment code and its corresponding meaning).
2. Specific reason(s) for a denial, including the denial code and its corresponding meaning, and a description of the Plan's standard, if any, that was used in denying the claim, and a discussion of the decision.
3. A reference to the specific portion(s) of the summary plan description on which the denial is based.
4. Upon request, the identity of any medical or vocational experts consulted in connection with a claim, even if the Plan did not rely upon their advice (or a statement that the identity of the expert will be provided, upon request).
5. A statement that the Participant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the Participant's claim for benefits.
6. Any rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion that was relied upon, considered, or generated in making the determination will be provided free of charge. If this is not practical, a statement will be included that such a rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion was relied upon in making the determination and a copy will be provided to the Participant, free of charge, upon request.
7. A description of any additional information necessary for the Participant to perfect the claim and an explanation of why such information is necessary.
8. A description of available internal appeals and external review processes, including information regarding how to initiate an appeal.
9. A description of the Plan's review procedures and the time limits applicable to the procedures. This description will include information on how to initiate the appeal and a statement of the Participant's right to bring a civil action under section 502(a) of ERISA following an Adverse Benefit Determination on final review.
10. In the case of denials based upon a medical judgment (such as whether the treatment is Medically Necessary or Experimental), either an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to the Participant's medical circumstances, will be provided. If this is not practical, a statement will be included that such explanation will be provided to the Participant, free of charge, upon request.
11. Information about the availability of, and contact information for, an applicable office of health insurance consumer assistance or ombudsman established under applicable federal law to assist Participants with the internal claims and appeals and external review processes.

12. The following statement: “You and your Plan may have other voluntary alternative dispute resolution options, such as mediation. One way to find out what may be available is to contact your local U.S. Department of Labor Office and your State insurance regulatory agency.

Furnishing Documents in the Event of an Adverse Determination

In the case of an Adverse Benefit Determination on review, the Plan Administrator shall provide such access to, and copies of, documents, records, and other information described in the provision relating to “Manner and Content of Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on Review” as appropriate.

Decision on Review

The decision by the Plan Administrator or other appropriate named fiduciary of the Plan on review will be final, binding and conclusive and will be afforded the maximum deference permitted by law. All claim review procedures provided for in the Plan must be exhausted before any legal action is brought.

Deemed Exhaustion of Internal Claims Procedures and De Minimis

Exception to the Deemed Exhaustion Rule

A Participant will not be required to exhaust the internal claims and appeals procedures described above if the Plan fails to adhere to the claims procedures requirements. In such an instance, a Participant may proceed immediately to make a claim in court. However, the internal claim and appeals procedures will not be deemed exhausted (meaning the Participant must adhere to them before bringing a claim in court) in the event of a de minimis violation that does not cause, and is not likely to cause, prejudice or harm to the Participant as long as the Plan Administrator demonstrates that the violation was for good cause or due to matters beyond the control of the Plan, the violation occurred in the context of an ongoing, good faith exchange of information between the Plan and the Participant, and the violation is not reflective of a pattern or practice of non-compliance.

If a Participant believes the Plan Administrator has engaged in a violation of the claims procedures and would like to pursue an immediate review, the Participant may request that the Plan provide a written explanation of the violation, including a description of the Plan’s basis for asserting that the violation should not result in a “deemed exhaustion” of the claims procedures. The Plan will respond to this request within ten days. If a court rejects a request for immediate review because the Plan has met the requirements for the “de minimis” exception described above, the Plan will provide the Participant with notice of an opportunity to resubmit and pursue an internal appeal of the claim.

External Review Process

The Federal external review process does not apply to a denial, reduction, termination, or a failure to provide payment for a benefit based on a determination that a Participant fails to meet the requirements for eligibility under the terms of a group health plan.

The Federal external review process, in accordance with the current Affordable Care Act regulations and other applicable law, applies only to:

1. Any eligible Adverse Benefit Determination (including a Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination) by a plan or issuer that involves medical judgment (including, but not limited to, those based on the plan's or issuer's requirements for Medical Necessity, appropriateness, health care setting, level of care, or effectiveness of a covered benefit; its determination that a treatment is Experimental or Investigational; its determination whether a Participant or beneficiary is entitled to a reasonable alternative standard for a reward under a wellness

- program; its determination whether a plan or issuer is complying with the nonquantitative treatment limitation provisions of Code section 9812 and § 54.9812-1, which generally require, among other things, parity in the application of medical management techniques), as determined by the external reviewer.
2. An Adverse Benefit Determination that involves consideration of whether the Plan is complying with the surprise billing and cost-sharing protections set forth in the No Surprises Act.
 3. A rescission of coverage (whether or not the rescission has any effect on any particular benefit at that time).

Standard external review

Standard external review is an external review that is not considered expedited (as described in the “expedited external review” paragraph in this section).

1. Request for external review. The Plan will allow a Participant to file a request for an external review with the Plan if the request is filed within four months after the date of receipt of a notice of a Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination. If there is no corresponding date four months after the date of receipt of such a notice, then the request must be filed by the first day of the fifth month following the receipt of the notice. For example, if the date of receipt of the notice is October 30, because there is no February 30, the request must be filed by March 1. If the last filing date would fall on a Saturday, Sunday, or Federal holiday, the last filing date is extended to the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or Federal holiday.
2. Preliminary review. Within five business days following the date of receipt of the external review request, the Plan will complete a preliminary review of the request to determine whether:
 - a. The Participant is or was covered under the Plan at the time the health care item or service was requested or, in the case of a retrospective review, was covered under the Plan at the time the health care item or service was provided.
 - b. The Adverse Benefit Determination or the Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination does not relate to the Participant’s failure to meet the requirements for eligibility under the terms of the Plan (e.g., worker classification or similar determination).
 - c. The Participant has exhausted the Plan’s internal appeal process (unless the Participant is not required to exhaust the internal appeals process under the final regulations) and rendered the appeal available for standard external review.
 - d. The Participant has provided all the information and forms required to process an external review. Within one business day after completion of the preliminary review, the Plan will issue a notification in writing to the Participant. If the request is complete but not eligible for external review, such notification will include the reasons for its ineligibility and contact information for the Employee Benefits Security Administration (toll-free number 866-444-EBSA (3272)). If the request is not complete, such notification will describe the information or materials needed to make the request complete and the Plan will allow a Participant to perfect the request for external review within the four-month filing period or within the 48 hour period following the receipt of the notification, whichever is later.
3. Referral to Independent Review Organization. The Plan will assign an independent review organization (IRO) that is accredited by URAC or by a similar nationally-recognized accrediting organization to conduct the external review. Moreover, the Plan will take action against bias and to ensure independence. Accordingly, the Plan will contract with (or direct the Claims Administrator to contract with, on its behalf) at least three IROs for assignments under the Plan and rotate claims assignments among them (or incorporate other independent unbiased methods for selection of IROs,

such as random selection). In addition, the IRO may not be eligible for any financial incentives based on the likelihood that the IRO will support the denial of benefits.

4. Reversal of Plan's decision. Upon receipt of a notice of a final external review decision reversing the Adverse Benefit Determination or Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination, the Plan will provide coverage or payment for the claim without delay, regardless of whether the plan intends to seek judicial review of the external review decision and unless or until there is a judicial decision otherwise.

Expedited external review

1. Request for expedited external review. The Plan will allow a Participant to make a request for an expedited external review with the Plan at the time the Participant receives:
 - a. An Adverse Benefit Determination if the Adverse Benefit Determination involves a medical condition of the Participant for which the timeframe for completion of a standard internal appeal under the final regulations would seriously jeopardize the life or health of the Participant or would jeopardize the Participant's ability to regain maximum function and the Participant has filed a request for an expedited internal appeal.
 - b. A Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination, if the Participant has a medical condition where the timeframe for completion of a standard external review would seriously jeopardize the life or health of the Participant or would jeopardize the Participant's ability to regain maximum function, or if the Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination concerns an admission, availability of care, continued stay, or health care item or service for which the Participant received Emergency Services, but has not been discharged from a facility.
2. Preliminary review. Immediately upon receipt of the request for expedited external review, the Plan will determine whether the request meets the reviewability requirements set forth above for standard external review. The Plan will immediately send a notice that meets the requirements set forth above for standard external review to the Participant of its eligibility determination.
3. Referral to Independent Review Organization. Upon a determination that a request is eligible for external review following the preliminary review, the Plan will assign an IRO pursuant to the requirements set forth above for standard review. The Plan will provide or transmit all necessary documents and information considered in making the Adverse Benefit Determination or Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination to the assigned IRO electronically or by telephone or facsimile or any other available expeditious method. The assigned IRO, to the extent the information or documents are available and the IRO considers them appropriate, will consider the information or documents described above under the procedures for standard review. In reaching a decision, the assigned IRO will review the claim de novo and is not bound by any decisions or conclusions reached during the Plan's internal claims and appeals process.
4. Notice of final external review decision. The Plan's (or Claims Administrator's) contract with the assigned IRO will require the IRO to provide notice of the final external review decision, in accordance with the requirements set forth above, as expeditiously as the Participant's medical condition or circumstances require, but in no event more than 72 hours after the IRO receives the request for an expedited external review. If the notice is not in writing, within 48 hours after the date of providing that notice, the assigned IRO will provide written confirmation of the decision to the Claimant and the Plan.

Appointment of Authorized Representative

A Participant may designate another individual to and act on his or her behalf and communicate with the Plan with respect to a specific benefit claim or appeal of a denial. This authorization must be in writing, signed and dated by the Participant, and include all the information required in the authorized representative form. The appropriate form can be obtained from the Plan Administrator or the Claims Administrator.

The Plan will permit, in a medically urgent situation, such as a claim involving Urgent Care, a Participant's treating health care practitioner to act as the Participant's authorized representative without completion of the authorized representative form.

Should a Participant designate an authorized representative, all future communications from the Plan will be conducted with the authorized representative instead of the Participant, unless the Plan Administrator is otherwise notified in writing by the Participant. A Participant can revoke the authorized representative at any time. A Participant may authorize only one person as an authorized representative at a time.

Recognition as an authorized representative is completely separate from a Provider accepting an assignment of benefits, requiring a release of information, or requesting completion a similar form. An assignment of benefits by a Participant shall not be recognized as a designation of the Provider as an authorized representative. Assignment and its limitations under this Plan are described below.

Autopsy

Upon receipt of a claim for a deceased Participant for any condition, Illness, or Injury is the basis of such claim, the Plan maintains the right to request an autopsy be performed upon said Participant. The request for an autopsy may be exercised only where not prohibited by any applicable law.

Payment of Benefits

Where benefit payments are allowable in accordance with the terms of this Plan, payment shall be made in U.S. Dollars (unless otherwise agreed upon by the Plan Administrator). Payment shall be made, in the Plan Administrator's discretion, to an assignee of an assignment of benefits, but in any instance may alternatively be made to the Participant, on whose behalf payment is made and who is the recipient of the services for which payment is being made. Should the Participant be deceased, payment shall be made to the Participant's heir, assign, agent or estate (in accordance with written instructions), or, if there is no such arrangement and in the Plan Administrator's discretion, the institute and/or Provider who provided the care and/or supplies for which payment is to be made – regardless of whether an assignment of benefits occurred. Payments may be made directly to Network Providers without an AOB.

“Assignment of Benefits” (or **“AOB”**) is defined as an arrangement whereby a Participant of the Plan, at the discretion of the Plan Administrator, assigns its right to receive payment of eligible Plan benefits, less Deductible, Copayments and Coinsurance amounts, to a Provider. A Provider that accepts this arrangement indicates acceptance of an AOB and Deductibles, Copayments, and Coinsurance amounts, as consideration in full for treatment rendered. An AOB is not an assignment of any rights under this Plan, which is prohibited.

No Participant shall at any time, either during the time in which he or she is a Participant in the Plan, or following his or her termination as a Participant, in any manner, have any right to assign any of his or her other rights under the Plan, including but not limited to the right to sue to recover benefits under the Plan, to enforce rights due under the Plan or to any other causes of action which he or she may have against the Plan or its fiduciaries.

The Plan Administrator may revoke an AOB at its discretion and treat the Participant of the Plan as the sole beneficiary. Benefits for medical expenses covered under this Plan may be assigned by a Participant to the Provider; however, if those benefits are paid directly to the Participant, the Plan will be deemed to have fulfilled its obligations with respect to such benefits. Payment of benefits pursuant to an AOB presented may be made directly to the assignee unless a written request not to honor the assignment, signed by the Participant, has been received before the proof of loss is submitted, or the Plan Administrator – at its discretion – revokes the assignment.

Non U.S. Providers

A Provider of medical care, supplies, or services, whose primary facility, principal place of business or address for payment is located outside the United States shall be deemed to be a “Non U.S. Provider”. Claims for Emergency medical care, supplies, or services provided by a Non U.S. Provider and/or that are rendered outside the United States of America, may be deemed to be payable under the Plan by the Plan Administrator, subject to all Plan Exclusions, limitations, maximums and other provisions. Assignment of Benefits to a Non U.S. Provider is prohibited. The Participant is responsible for making all payments to Non U.S. Providers, and is solely responsible for subsequent submission of proof of payment to the Plan. Only upon receipt of such proof of payment, and any other documentation needed by the Plan Administrator to process the claims in accordance with the terms of the Plan, shall reimbursement by the Plan to the Participant be made. If payment was made by the Participant in U.S. currency (American dollars), the maximum reimbursable amount by the Plan to the Participant shall be that amount. If payment was made by the Participant using any currency other than U.S. currency (American dollars), the Plan shall utilize an exchange rate in effect on the Incurred date as established by a recognized and licensed entity authorized to so establish said exchange rates. The Non U.S. Provider shall be subject to, and shall act in compliance with, all U.S. and other applicable licensing requirements; and claims for benefits must be submitted to the Plan in English.

Recovery of Payments

Occasionally, benefits are paid more than once, are paid based upon improper billing or a misstatement in a proof of loss or enrollment information, are not paid according to the Plan’s terms, conditions, limitations or Exclusions, or should otherwise not have been paid by the Plan. As such, this Plan may pay benefits that are later found to be greater than the Maximum Allowable Charge. In this case, this Plan may recover the amount of the overpayment from the source to which it was paid, primary payers, or from the party on whose behalf the charge(s) were paid. As such, whenever the Plan pays benefits exceeding the amount of benefits payable under the terms of the Plan, the Plan Administrator has the right to recover any such erroneous payment directly from the person or entity who received such payment and/or from other payers and/or the Participant on whose behalf such payment was made.

A Participant, Provider, another benefit plan, insurer, or any other person or entity who receives a payment exceeding the amount of benefits payable under the terms of the Plan or on whose behalf such payment was made, shall return or refund the amount of such erroneous payment to the Plan within 30 days of discovery or demand. The Plan Administrator shall have no obligation to secure payment for the expense for which the erroneous payment was made or to which it was applied.

The person or entity receiving an erroneous payment may not apply such payment to another expense. The Plan Administrator shall have the sole discretion to choose who will repay the Plan for an erroneous payment and whether such payment shall be reimbursed in a lump sum. When a Participant or other entity does not comply with the provisions of this section, the Plan Administrator shall have the authority, in its sole discretion, to deny payment of any claims for benefits by the Participant and to deny or reduce future benefits payable (including payment of future benefits for other Injuries or Illnesses) under the Plan by the amount due as reimbursement to the Plan. The Plan Administrator may also, in its sole discretion, deny or reduce

future benefits (including future benefits for other Injuries or Illnesses) under any other group benefits plan maintained by the Plan Sponsor. The reductions will equal the amount of the required reimbursement.

Providers and any other person or entity accepting payment from the Plan, in consideration of services rendered, payments and/or rights, agrees to be bound by the terms of this Plan and agree to submit claims for reimbursement in strict accordance with their State's health care practice acts, ICD or CPT standards, Medicare guidelines, HCPCS standards, or other standards approved by the Plan Administrator or insurer. Any payments made on claims for reimbursement not in accordance with the above provisions shall be repaid to the Plan within 30 days of discovery or demand or incur prejudgment interest of 1.5% per month. If the Plan must bring an action against a Participant, Provider or other person or entity to enforce the provisions of this section, then that Participant, Provider or other person or entity agrees to pay the Plan's attorneys' fees and costs, regardless of the action's outcome.

Further, Participants and their beneficiaries, estate, heirs, guardian, personal representative, or assigns shall assign or be deemed to have assigned to the Plan their right to recover said payments made by the Plan, from any other party and/or recovery for which the Participant(s) are entitled, for or in relation to facility-acquired condition(s), Provider error(s), or damages arising from another party's act or omission for which the Plan has not already been refunded.

The Plan reserves the right to deduct from any benefits payable under this Plan the amount of any payment which has been made for any of the following circumstances:

1. In error.
2. Pursuant to a misstatement contained in a proof of loss or a fraudulent act.
3. Pursuant to a misstatement made to obtain coverage under this Plan within two years after the date such coverage commences.
4. With respect to an ineligible person.
5. In anticipation of obtaining a recovery if a Participant fails to comply with the Plan's Claims Recovery, Subrogation and Reimbursement provisions.
6. Pursuant to a claim for which benefits are recoverable under any policy or act of law providing for coverage for occupational Injury or Disease to the extent that such benefits are recovered. This provision (6) shall not be deemed to require the Plan to pay benefits under this Plan in any such instance.

The deduction may be made against any claim for benefits under this Plan by a Participant or by any of his covered Dependents if such payment is made with respect to the Participant or any person covered or asserting coverage as a Dependent.

If the Plan seeks to recoup funds from a Provider, due to a claim being made in error, a claim being fraudulent on the part of the Provider, and/or the claim that is the result of the Provider's misstatement, said Provider shall, as part of its assignment to benefits from the Plan, abstain from billing the Participant for any outstanding amount(s).

Medicaid Coverage

A Participant's eligibility for any State Medicaid benefits will not be taken into account in determining or making any payments for benefits to or on behalf of such Participant. Any such benefit payments will be subject to the State's right to reimbursement for benefits it has paid on behalf of the Participant, as required by the State Medicaid program; and the Plan will honor any Subrogation rights the State may have with respect to benefits which are payable under the Plan.

Limitation of Action

A Participant cannot bring any legal action against the Plan of any kind related to a benefit decision until 90 days after all appeal processes have been exhausted. After 90 days, if the Participant wants to bring a legal action against the Plan, he or she must do so within one year of the final decision on the final appeal or he or she will lose any rights to bring such an action against the Plan.

Claim Audit Review Program

The Claim Audit Review Program is designed to reward Participants for identifying and recovering erroneous charges on bills for medical services and supplies furnished to Participants:

1. When a Participant independently identifies eligible overpayments for services, supplies and treatments not rendered or received the Participant will be awarded 10% of the recovered amount up to a \$10,000 maximum on claims the Participant reports to the Plan Administrator that are successfully recovered by the Plan.
2. The Plan Administrator will assist the Participant with the determination of an eligible overpayment and will pursue the collection of the overpayment amount.
3. A final determination letter will be sent to the Participant after the status of the audit has been completed. The Plan Administrator shall make the final determination regarding all qualifications for eligible overpayment and awarded amounts.

Submittal Procedures

Information regarding an overpayment or potential overpayment must be submitted for Claims Audit Review within 15 days of identification. All considerations for eligible overpayment must be submitted in writing and accompanied by supporting documentation as listed below:

- Claim number or copy of the Explanation of Benefits;
- Any correspondence with the Provider; and
- A statement that includes the reason for belief of an eligible overpayment.

Payment of Awards

Awards shall only apply to the first occurrence of each claim submitted for Claim Audit Review. Awards will be reflected on the Employee's payroll check following the final determination and subsequent recovery of the overpayment.

Employees shall only be eligible for award under the Claim Audit Review Program if eligible overpayments, actual or potential, are the result of services, supplies or treatments billed but not rendered or received.

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS

Coordination of the Benefit Plans

Coordination of benefits sets out rules for the order of payment of Covered Expenses when two or more plans, including Medicare, are paying. When a Participant is covered by this Plan and another plan, the plans will coordinate benefits when a claim is received.

Standard Coordination of Benefits

The plan that pays first according to the rules will pay as if there were no other plan involved. The secondary and subsequent plans will pay the balance due up to 100% of the total allowable charges.

Benefits Subject to this Provision

The following only applies to the medical benefits of the Plan.

Excess Benefit

If at the time of Injury, Illness, Disease or disability there is available, or potentially available any coverage (including but not limited to coverage resulting from a judgment at law or settlements), the benefits under this Plan shall apply only as an excess over such other sources of coverage,

The Plan's Allowable Expense, if any, will be excess to, whenever possible, any of the following:

- Any first party insurance through medical payment coverage, personal injury protection, no-fault coverage, uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage, including any similar coverage under a different name in a particular state.
- Any policy of insurance from any insurance company or guarantor of a
- third party, including but not limited to an employer's policy..
- Workers' compensation or other liability insurance company.
- Any other source of coverage, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - Crime victim restitution funds
 - Civil restitution funds
 - No-fault restitution funds such as vaccine injury compensation funds
 - Any medical, applicable disability or other benefit payments
 - School insurance coverage

Vehicle Limitation

When medical payments are available under any vehicle insurance, the Plan shall pay excess benefits only, without reimbursement for vehicle plan and/or policy deductibles. This Plan shall always be considered secondary to such plans and/or policies and will exclude benefits subject to the Exclusions in this Plan up to the maximum amount available to the Participant under applicable state law, regardless of a Participant's election of lesser coverage amount. This applies to all forms of medical payments under vehicle plans and/or policies regardless of their names, titles, or classifications.

Effect on Benefits

Application to Benefit Determinations

The plan that pays first according to the rules in the provision entitled "Order of Benefit Determination" will pay as if there were no Other Plan involved. The secondary and subsequent plans will pay the balance due up to 100% of the total Covered Expenses. When there is a conflict in the rules, this Plan will never pay more than 50% of Covered Expenses when paying secondary. Benefits will be coordinated on the basis of a Claim Determination Period.

When medical payments are available under automobile insurance, this Plan will pay excess benefits only, without reimbursement for automobile plan deductibles. This Plan will always be considered secondary regardless of the individual's election under personal injury protection (PIP) coverage with the automobile insurance carrier regarding priority of payment.

When some "Other Plan" provides benefits in the form of services (rather than cash payments), the Plan Administrator shall assess the value of said benefit(s) and determine the reasonable cash value of the service or services rendered, by determining the amount that would be payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

In certain instances, the benefits of the Other Plan will be ignored for the purposes of determining the benefits under this Plan. This is the case when all of the following occur:

1. The Other Plan would, according to its rules, determine its benefits after the benefits of this Plan have been determined.
2. The rules in the provision entitled "Order of Benefit Determination" would require this Plan to determine its benefits before the Other Plan.

Order of Benefit Determination For the purposes of the provision entitled "Application to Benefit Determinations," the rules establishing the order of benefit determination are:

1. A plan without a coordinating provision will always be the primary plan.
2. The benefits of a plan which covers the person on whose expenses a claim is based, other than as a dependent, shall be determined before the benefits of a plan which covers such person as a Dependent.
3. The benefits of a plan which covers a person as an Employee who is neither laid off nor retired are determined before those of a benefit plan which covers that person as a laid off or Retired Employee. The benefits of a plan which covers a person as a Dependent of an Employee who is neither laid off nor retired are determined before those of a benefit plan which covers a person as a Dependent of a laid off or Retired Employee. If the other benefit plan does not have this rule, and if, as a result, the plans do not agree on the order of benefits, this rule does not apply.
4. The benefits of a plan which covers a person as an Employee who is neither laid off nor retired or a Dependent of an Employee who is neither laid off nor retired are determined before those of a plan which covers the person as a COBRA beneficiary.
5. If the person for whom claim is made is a dependent child covered under both parents' plans, the plan covering the parent whose birthday (month and day of birth, not year) falls earlier in the year will be primary, except:
 - a. When both parents have the same birthday, the benefits of the plan which has covered the parent for the longer time are determined before those of the plan which covered the other parent.
 - b. When the parents were never married, are separated, or are divorced, the benefits of a plan which covers the child as a dependent of the parent with custody will be determined before the benefits of a plan which covers the child as a dependent of the parent without custody.
 - c. When the parents are divorced and the parent with custody of the child has remarried, the benefits of a plan which covers the child as a dependent of the parent with custody shall be determined before the benefits of a plan which covers that child as a dependent of the stepparent, and the benefits of a plan which covers that child as a dependent of the stepparent will be determined before the benefits of a plan which covers that child as a dependent of the parent without custody.
 - d. If the specific terms of the court decree state that the parents shall share joint custody, without stating that one of the parents is responsible for the health care expenses of the

child, the plans covering the child shall follow the order of benefit determination rules outlined above when a child is covered as a Dependent and the parents are not separate or divorced.

Notwithstanding the above, if there is a court decree which would otherwise establish financial responsibility for the child's health care expenses, the benefits of the plan which covers the child as a dependent of the parent with such financial responsibility shall be determined before the benefits of any Other Plan which covers the child as a dependent child.

6. When the rules above do not establish an order of benefit determination, the benefits of a plan which has covered the person on whose expenses a claim is based for the longer period of time shall be determined before the benefits of a plan which has covered such person for the shorter period of time.
7. To the extent required by Federal and State regulations, this Plan will pay before any Medicare, Tricare, Medicaid, State child health benefits or other applicable State health benefits program.

Right to Receive and Release Necessary Information

The Plan Administrator may, without notice to or consent of any person, release to or obtain from any insurance company or other organization or individual any information regarding coverage, expenses, and benefits which the Plan Administrator, in its sole discretion, considers necessary to determine, implement and apply the terms of this provision or any provision of similar purpose of any Other Plan. Any Participant claiming benefits under this Plan shall furnish to the Plan Administrator such information as requested and as may be necessary to implement this provision.

Facility of Payment

A payment made under any Other Plan may include an amount that should have been paid under this Plan. The Plan Administrator may, in its sole discretion, pay any organizations making such other payments any amounts it shall determine to be warranted in order to satisfy the intent of this provision. Any such amount paid under this provision shall be deemed to be benefits paid under this Plan. The Plan Administrator will not have to pay such amount again and this Plan shall be fully discharged from liability.

Right of Recovery

In accordance with the Recovery of Payments provision, whenever payments have been made by this Plan with respect to Covered Expenses in a total amount, at any time, in excess of the maximum amount of payment necessary at that time to satisfy the intent of this Coordination of Benefits section, the Plan shall have the right to recover such payments, to the extent of such excess, from any one or more of the following as this Plan shall determine: any person to or with respect to whom such payments were made, or such person's legal representative, any insurance companies, or any other individuals or organizations which the Plan determines are responsible for payment of such Covered Expenses, and any future benefits payable to the Participant or his or her Dependents. Please see the Recovery of Payments provision above for more details.

MEDICARE

Applicable to Active Employees and Their Spouses Ages 65 and Over

An Active Employee and his or her spouse (ages 65 and over) may, at the option of such Employee, elect or reject coverage under this Plan. If such Employee elects coverage under this Plan, the benefits of this Plan shall be determined before any benefits provided by Medicare, except if the Employer has less than 20 employees or as required by federal law. If coverage under this Plan is declined by such Employee, benefits listed herein will not be payable even as secondary coverage to Medicare.

Applicable to All Other Participants Eligible for Medicare Benefits

To the extent required by Federal regulations, this Plan will pay before any Medicare benefits. There are some circumstances under which Medicare would be required to pay its benefits first. In these cases, benefits under this Plan would be calculated as secondary payor (as described under the section entitled "Coordination of Benefits"). If the Provider accepts assignment with Medicare, Covered Expenses will not exceed the Medicare approved expenses.

Applicable to Medicare Services Furnished to End Stage Renal Disease ("ESRD") Participants Who Are Covered Under This Plan

If any Participant is enrolled in Medicare coverage because of ESRD, the benefits of the Plan will be determined before Medicare benefits for the first 30 months of the Participant's Medicare entitlement, regardless of the date of enrollment. The Plan's primary payment obligation will end at the end of the thirty (30) month "coordination period" as provided in Medicare law and regulations. If the Participant does not elect Medicare, but is otherwise eligible due to end stage renal disease, benefits will be paid as if Medicare has been elected and this Plan will pay secondary benefits upon completion of the thirty (30) month "coordination period."

CLAIMS RECOVERY, SUBROGATION AND REIMBURSEMENT

Payment Condition

The Plan, in its sole discretion, may elect to conditionally advance payment of benefits in those situations where an Injury, Illness, Disease or disability is caused in whole or in part by, or results from the acts or omissions of third parties, Participants, and/or their beneficiaries, estate, heirs, guardian, personal representative, or assigns (collectively referred to hereinafter in this section as “Participant(s)”) or where any individual, party, plan or policy besides the Plan may be responsible for expenses arising from the same, and/or other funds are available, including but not limited to crime victim restitution funds, civil restitution funds, no-fault restitution funds (including vaccine injury compensation funds), uninsured motorist, underinsured motorist, medical payment provisions, third party assets, third party insurance, and/or guarantor(s) of a third party, any medical, applicable disability, or other benefit payments, and school insurance coverage (collectively “Coverage”).

Participant(s), his or her attorney, and/or legal guardian of a minor or incapacitated individual agrees that acceptance of the Plan’s conditional payment of medical benefits is constructive notice of these provisions in their entirety and agrees to maintain 100% of the Plan’s conditional payment of benefits or the full extent of payment from any one or combination of first and third party sources in trust, without disruption except for reimbursement to the Plan or the Plan’s assignee. The Plan shall have an equitable lien on any funds received by the Participant(s) and/or their attorney from any source and said funds shall be held in trust until such time as the obligations under this provision are fully satisfied. The Participant(s) agrees to include the Plan’s name as a co-payee on any and all settlement drafts. Further, by accepting benefits the Participant(s) understands that any recovery obtained pursuant to this section is an asset of the Plan to the extent of the amount of benefits paid by the Plan and that the Participant shall be a trustee over those Plan assets.

In the event a Participant(s) settles, recovers, or is reimbursed by any Coverage, the Participant(s) agrees to reimburse the Plan for all benefits paid or that will be paid by the Plan on behalf of the Participant(s). When such a recovery does not include payment for future treatment, the Plan’s right to reimbursement extends to all benefits paid or that will be paid by the Plan on behalf of the Participant(s) for charges Incurred up to the date such Coverage or third party is fully released from liability, including any such charges not yet submitted to the Plan. If the Participant(s) fails to reimburse the Plan out of any judgment or settlement received, the Participant(s) will be responsible for any and all expenses (fees and costs) associated with the Plan’s attempt to recover such money. Nothing herein shall be construed as prohibiting the Plan from claiming reimbursement for charges Incurred after the date of settlement if such recovery provides for consideration of future medical expenses.

If there is more than one party responsible for charges paid by the Plan, or may be responsible for charges paid by the Plan, the Plan will not be required to select a particular party from whom reimbursement is due. Furthermore, unallocated settlement funds meant to compensate multiple injured parties of which the Participant(s) is/are only one or a few, that unallocated settlement fund is considered designated as an “identifiable” fund from which the plan may seek reimbursement.

Subrogation

As a condition to participating in and receiving benefits under this Plan, the Participant(s) agrees to assign to the Plan the right to subrogate and pursue any and all claims, causes of action or rights that may arise against any person, corporation and/or entity and to any Coverage to which the Participant(s) is entitled, regardless of how classified or characterized, at the Plan’s discretion, if the Participant(s) fails to so pursue said rights and/or action.

If a Participant(s) receives or becomes entitled to receive benefits, an automatic equitable lien attaches in favor of the Plan to any claim, which any Participant(s) may have against any Coverage and/or party causing

the Illness or Injury to the extent of such conditional payment by the Plan plus reasonable costs of collection.

The Participant is obligated to notify the Plan or its authorized representative of any settlement prior to finalization of the settlement, execution of a release, or receipt of applicable funds. The Participant is also obligated to hold any and all funds so received in trust on the Plan's behalf and function as a trustee as it applies to those funds until the Plan's rights described herein are honored and the Plan is reimbursed.

The Plan may, at its discretion, in its own name or in the name of the Participant(s) commence a proceeding or pursue a claim against any party or Coverage for the recovery of all damages to the full extent of the value of any such benefits or conditional payments advanced by the Plan.

If the Participant(s) fails to file a claim or pursue damages against:

1. The responsible party, its insurer, or any other source on behalf of that party.
2. Any first party insurance through medical payment coverage, personal injury protection, no-fault coverage, uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage, including any similar coverage under a different name in a particular state.
3. Any policy of insurance from any insurance company or guarantor of a third party, including but not limited to an employer's policy.
4. Workers' compensation or other liability insurance company.
5. Any other source of Coverage, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - Crime victim restitution funds
 - Civil restitution funds
 - No-fault restitution funds such as vaccine injury compensation funds
 - Any medical, applicable disability or other benefit payments
 - School insurance coverage

The Participant(s) authorizes the Plan to pursue, sue, compromise and/or settle any such claims in the Participant's/Participants' and/or the Plan's name and agrees to fully cooperate with the Plan in the prosecution of any such claims. The Participant(s) assigns all rights to the Plan or its assignee to pursue a claim and the recovery of all expenses from any and all sources listed above.

Right of Reimbursement

The Plan shall be entitled to recover 100% of the benefits paid, or payable benefits Incurred, that have been paid and/or will be paid by the Plan, or were otherwise Incurred by the Participant(s) prior to and until the release from liability of the liable entity, as applicable, without deduction for attorneys' fees and costs or application of the common fund doctrine, made whole doctrine, or any other similar legal or equitable theory, and without regard to whether the Participant(s) is fully compensated by his or her recovery from all sources. The Plan shall have an equitable lien which supersedes all common law or statutory rules, doctrines, and laws of any State prohibiting assignment of rights which interferes with or compromises in any way the Plan's equitable lien and right to reimbursement. The obligation to reimburse the Plan in full exists regardless of how the judgment or settlement is classified and whether or not the judgment or settlement specifically designates the recovery or a portion of it as including medical, disability, or other expenses and extends until the date upon which the liable party is released from liability. If the Participant's/Participants' recovery is less than the benefits paid, then the Plan is entitled to be paid all of the recovery achieved. Any funds received by the Participant are deemed held in constructive trust and should not be dissipated or disbursed until such time as the Participant's obligation to reimburse the Plan has been satisfied in accordance with these provisions. The Participant is also obligated to hold any and all funds so received in trust on the Plan's behalf and function as a trustee as it applies to those funds until the Plan's rights described herein are honored and the Plan is reimbursed.

No court costs, experts' fees, attorneys' fees, filing fees, or other costs or expenses of litigation may be deducted from the Plan's recovery without the prior, express written consent of the Plan. Additionally, the Participant shall indemnify the Plan against any of the Participant's attorney's fees, costs, or other expenses related to the Participant's recovery for which the Plan becomes responsible by any means other than the Plan's explicit written consent.

The Plan's right of subrogation and reimbursement will not be reduced or affected as a result of any fault or claim on the part of the Participant(s), whether under the doctrines of causation, comparative fault or contributory negligence, or other similar doctrine in law. Accordingly, any lien reduction statutes, which attempt to apply such laws and reduce a subrogating Plan's recovery will not be applicable to the Plan and will not reduce the Plan's reimbursement rights.

These rights of subrogation and reimbursement shall apply without regard to whether any separate written acknowledgment of these rights is required by the Plan and signed by the Participant(s).

This provision shall not limit any other remedies of the Plan provided by law. These rights of subrogation and reimbursement shall apply without regard to the location of the event that led to or caused the applicable Illness, Injury, Disease or disability.

Participant is a Trustee Over Plan Assets

Any Participant who receives benefits and is therefore subject to the terms of this section is hereby deemed a recipient and holder of Plan assets and is therefore deemed a trustee of the Plan solely as it relates to possession of any funds which may be owed to the Plan as a result of any settlement, judgment or recovery through any other means arising from any injury or accident. By virtue of this status, the Participant understands that he/she is required to:

1. Notify the Plan or its authorized representative of any settlement prior to finalization of the settlement, execution of a release, or receipt of applicable funds;
2. Instruct his/her attorney to ensure that the Plan and/or its authorized representative is included as a payee on all settlement drafts;
3. In circumstances where the Participant is not represented by an attorney, instruct the insurance company or any third party from whom the Participant obtains a settlement, judgment or other source of Coverage to include the Plan or its authorized representative as a payee on the settlement draft; and,
4. Hold any and all funds so received in trust, on the Plan's behalf, and function as a trustee as it applies to those funds, until the Plan's rights described herein are honored and the Plan is reimbursed.

To the extent the Participant disputes this obligation to the Plan under this section, the Participant or any of its agents or representatives is also required to hold any/all settlement funds, including the entire settlement if the settlement is less than the Plan's interests, and without reduction in consideration of attorneys' fees, for which he/she exercises control, in an account segregated from their general accounts or general assets until such time as the dispute is resolved.

No Participant, beneficiary, or the agents or representatives thereof, exercising control over plan assets and incurring trustee responsibility in accordance with this section will have any authority to accept any reduction of the Plan's interest on the Plan's behalf.

Release of Liability The Plan's right to reimbursement extends to any incident related care that is received by the Participant(s) (Incurred) prior to the liable party being released from liability. The Woodlake Management, LLC Plan Document and Summary

Participant's/Participants' obligation to reimburse the Plan is therefore tethered to the date upon which the claims were Incurred, not the date upon which the payment is made by the Plan. In the case of a settlement, the Participant has an obligation to review the "lien" provided by the Plan and reflecting claims paid by the Plan for which it seeks reimbursement, prior to settlement and/or executing a release of any liable or potentially liable third party and is also obligated to advise the Plan of any incident related care incurred prior to the proposed date of settlement and/or release, which is not listed but has been or will be incurred, and for which the Plan will be asked to pay.

Excess Insurance

If at the time of Injury, Illness, Disease or disability there is available, or potentially available any Coverage (including but not limited to Coverage resulting from a judgment at law or settlements), the benefits under this Plan shall apply only as an excess over such other sources of Coverage, except as otherwise provided for under the Plan's Coordination of Benefits section.

The Plan's benefits shall be excess to any of the following:

1. The responsible party, its insurer, or any other source on behalf of that party.
2. Any first party insurance through medical payment coverage, personal injury protection, no-fault coverage, uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage,
3. Any policy of insurance from any insurance company or guarantor of Third party, including but not limited to an employer's policy.
4. Workers' compensation or other liability insurance company.
5. Any other source of coverage, including but not limited to crime victim restitution funds, Civil restitution funds, no-fault restitution funds such as vaccine injury compensation funds, any medical, disability or other benefit payments, and school insurance coverage.

Separation of Funds

Benefits paid by the Plan, funds recovered by the Participant(s), and funds held in trust over which the Plan has an equitable lien exist separately from the property and estate of the Participant(s), such that the death of the Participant(s), or filing of bankruptcy by the Participant(s), will not affect the Plan's equitable lien, the funds over which the Plan has a lien, or the Plan's right to subrogation and reimbursement.

Wrongful Death

In the event that the Participant(s) dies as a result of his or her Injuries and a wrongful death or survivor claim is asserted, against a third party or any Coverage, the Plan's subrogation and reimbursement rights shall still apply, and the entity pursuing said claim shall honor and enforce these Plan rights and terms by which benefits are paid on behalf of the Participant(s) and all others that benefit from such payment.

Obligations

It is the Participant's/Participants' obligation at all times, both prior to and after payment of medical benefits by the Plan:

1. To cooperate with the Plan, or any representatives of the Plan, in protecting its rights, including discovery, attending depositions, and/or cooperating in trial to preserve the Plan's rights.
2. To provide the Plan with pertinent information regarding the Illness, Disease, disability, or Injury, including accident reports, settlement information and any other requested additional information.
3. To take such action and execute such documents as the Plan may require to facilitate enforcement of its subrogation and reimbursement rights.
4. To do nothing to prejudice the Plan's rights of subrogation and reimbursement.
5. To promptly reimburse the Plan when a recovery through settlement, judgment, award or other

- payment is received.
6. To notify the Plan or its authorized representative of any incident related claims or care which may be not identified within the lien (but has been Incurred) and/or reimbursement request submitted by or on behalf of the Plan.
 7. To notify the Plan or its authorized representative of any settlement prior to finalization of the settlement.
 8. To not settle or release, without the prior consent of the Plan, any claim to the extent that the Participant may have against any responsible party or Coverage.
 9. To instruct his/her attorney to ensure that the Plan and/or its authorized representative is included as a payee on any settlement draft.
 10. In circumstances where the Participant is not represented by an attorney, instruct the insurance company or any third party from whom the Participant obtains a settlement to include the Plan or its authorized representative as a payee on the settlement draft.
 11. To make good faith efforts to prevent disbursement of settlement funds until such time as any dispute between the Plan and Participant over settlement funds is resolved.

If the Participant(s) and/or his or her attorney fails to reimburse the Plan for all benefits paid to be paid, Incurred, or that will be Incurred, prior to the date of the release of liability from the relevant entity, as a result of said Injury or condition, out of any proceeds, judgment or settlement received, the Participant(s) will be responsible for any and all expenses (whether fees or costs) associated with the Plan's attempt to recover such money from the Participant(s).

The Plan's rights to reimbursement and/or subrogation are in no way dependent upon the Participant's/Participants' cooperation or adherence to these terms.

Offset

If timely repayment is not made, or the Participant and/or his or her attorney fails to comply with any of the requirements of the Plan, the Plan has the right, in addition to any other lawful means of recovery, to deduct the value of the Participant's amount owed to the Plan. To do this, the Plan may refuse payment of any future medical benefits and any funds or payments due under this Plan on behalf of the Participant(s) in an amount equivalent to any outstanding amounts owed by the Participant to the Plan. This provision applies even if the Participant has disbursed settlement funds.

Minor Status

In the event the Participant(s) is a minor as that term is defined by applicable law, the minor's parents or court appointed guardian shall cooperate in any and all actions by the Plan to seek and obtain requisite court approval to bind the minor and his or her estate insofar as these subrogation and reimbursement provisions are concerned.

If the minor's parents or court-appointed guardian fail to take such action, the Plan shall have no obligation to advance payment of medical benefits on behalf of the minor. Any court costs or legal fees associated with obtaining such approval shall be paid by the minor's parents or court-appointed guardian.

Language Interpretation

The Plan Administrator retains sole, full and final discretionary authority to construe and interpret the language of this provision, to determine all questions of fact and law arising under this provision, and to administer the Plan's subrogation and reimbursement rights with respect to this provision. The Plan Administrator may amend the Plan at any time without notice.

Severability

In the event that any section of this provision is considered invalid or illegal for any reason, said invalidity

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or illegality shall not affect the remaining sections of this provision and Plan. The section shall be fully severable. The Plan shall be construed and enforced as if such invalid or illegal sections had never been inserted in the Plan.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Clerical Error/Delay

Any clerical error by the Plan Administrator or an agent of the Plan Administrator in keeping pertinent records or a delay in making any changes to such records will not invalidate coverage otherwise validly in force or continue coverage validly terminated. Contributions made in error by Participants due to such clerical error will be returned to the Participant; coverage will not be inappropriately extended. Contributions that were due but not made, in error and due to such clerical error will be owed immediately upon identification of said clerical error. Failure to so remedy amounts owed may result in termination of coverage. Effective Dates, waiting periods, deadlines, rules, and other matters will be established based upon the terms of the Plan, as if no clerical error had occurred. An equitable adjustment of contributions will be made when the error or delay is discovered.

If, an overpayment occurs in a Plan reimbursement amount, the Plan retains a contractual right to the overpayment. The person or institution receiving the overpayment will be required to return the incorrect amount of money. In the case of a Participant, the amount of overpayment may be deducted from future benefits payable.

Conformity With Applicable Laws

Any provision of this Plan that is contrary to any applicable law, equitable principle, regulation or court order (if such a court is of competent jurisdiction) will be interpreted to comply with said law, or, if it cannot be so interpreted, shall be automatically amended to satisfy the law's minimum requirement, including, but not limited to, stated maximums, Exclusions, or statutes of limitations. It is intended that the Plan will conform to the requirements of ERISA, as it applies to employee welfare plans, as well as any other applicable law.

Fraud

Under this Plan, coverage may be retroactively canceled or terminated (rescinded) if a Participant acts fraudulently or intentionally makes material misrepresentations of fact. It is a Participant's responsibility to provide accurate information and to make accurate and truthful statements, including information and statements regarding family status, age, relationships, etc. It is also a Participant's responsibility to update previously provided information and statements. Failure to do so may result in coverage of Participants being canceled, and such cancellation may be retroactive.

If a Participant, or any other entity, submits or attempts to submit a claim for or on behalf of a person who is not a Participant of the Plan; submits a claim for services or supplies not rendered; provides false or misleading information in connection with enrollment in the Plan; or provides any false or misleading information to the Plan as it relates to any element of its administration; that shall be deemed to be fraud. If a Participant is aware of any instance of fraud and fails to bring that fraud to the Plan Administrator's attention, that shall also be deemed to be fraud. Fraud will result in immediate termination of all coverage under this Plan for the Participant and their entire Family Unit of which the Participant is a member.

A determination by the Plan that a rescission is warranted will be considered an Adverse Benefit Determination for purposes of review and appeal. A Participant whose coverage is being rescinded will be provided a 30-day notice period as described under the Affordable Care Act (ACA) and regulatory guidance. Claims Incurred after the retroactive date of termination shall not be further processed and/or paid under the Plan. Claims Incurred after the retroactive date of termination that were paid under the Plan will be treated as erroneously paid claims under this Plan.

Headings

The headings used in this Plan Document are used for convenience of reference only. Participants are advised not to rely on any provision because of the heading.

Pronouns

Unless the context otherwise demands, words importing any gender shall be interpreted to mean any or all genders.

Word Usage

Wherever any words are used in the singular or plural, they shall be construed as though they were in the plural or singular, as the case may be, in all cases where they would so apply.

No Waiver or Estoppel

All parts, portions, provisions, and conditions in the Plan, and/or other items addressed in this Plan shall be deemed to be in full force and effect, and not waived, absent an explicit written instrument expressing otherwise executed by the Plan Administrator. Absent such explicit waiver, there shall be no waiver of or estoppel against the enforcement of any provision of this Plan. Failure by any applicable entity to enforce any part of the Plan shall not constitute a waiver, either as it specifically applies to a particular circumstance, or as it applies to the Plan's general administration. If an explicit written waiver is executed, that waiver shall only apply to the matter addressed therein, and shall be interpreted in the narrowest fashion possible.

Plan Contributions

The Plan Administrator shall, from time to time, evaluate the funding method of the Plan and determine the amount to be contributed by the Participating Employer and the amount to be contributed (if any) by each Participant.

The Plan Sponsor shall fund the Plan in a manner consistent with the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, ERISA, and such other laws and regulations as shall be applicable to the end that the Plan shall be funded on a lawful and sound basis. The manner and means by which the Plan is funded shall be solely determined by the Plan Sponsor, to the extent allowed by applicable law.

To the extent funds are transferred to or accumulated in a trust to provide medical benefits, these benefit will be payable from the assets of such trust. Neither the Company, nor any Participating Employer shall have any further responsibility to pay such benefit.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, the Plan Administrator's obligation to pay claims otherwise allowable under the terms of the Plan shall be limited to its obligation to make contributions to the Plan as set forth in the preceding paragraph. Payment of said claims in accordance with these procedures shall discharge completely the Company's obligation with respect to such payments.

Right to Receive and Release Information

The Plan Administrator may, without notice to or consent of any person, release to or obtain from any insurance company or other organization or person any information regarding coverage, expenses, and benefits which the Plan Administrator, at its sole discretion, considers necessary to determine and apply the provisions and benefits of this Plan. In so acting, the Plan Administrator shall be free from any liability

that may arise with regard to such action. Any Participant claiming benefits under this Plan shall furnish to the Plan Administrator such information as requested and as may be necessary to implement this provision.

Written Notice

Any written notice required under this Plan which, as of the Effective Date, is in conflict with the law of any governmental body or agency which has jurisdiction over this Plan shall be interpreted to conform to the minimum requirements of such law.

Right of Recovery

In accordance with the Recovery of Payments provision, whenever payments have been made by this Plan in a total amount, at any time, in excess of the maximum amount of benefits payable under this Plan, the Plan shall have the right to recover such payments, to the extent of such excess, from any one or more of the following as this Plan shall determine: any person to or with respect to whom such payments were made, or such person's legal representative, any insurance companies, or any other individuals or organizations which the Plan determines are responsible for payment of such amount, and any future benefits payable to the Participant or his or her Dependents. See the Recovery of Payments provision for full details.

Statements

All statements made by the Plan or by a Participant will, in the absence of fraud, be considered representations and not warranties, and no statements made for the purpose of obtaining benefits under this document will be used in any contest to avoid or reduce the benefits provided by the document unless contained in a written application for benefits and a copy of the instrument containing such representation is or has been furnished to the Participant.

Any Participant who knowingly and with intent to defraud the Plan, files a statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any material fact, commits a fraudulent act. The Participant may be subject to prosecution by the United States Department of Labor. Fraudulently claiming benefits may be punishable by a substantial fine, imprisonment, or both.

Protection Against Creditors

To the extent this provision does not conflict with any applicable law, no benefit payment under this Plan shall be subject in any way to alienation, sale, transfer, pledge, attachment, garnishment, execution or encumbrance of any kind, and any attempt to accomplish the same shall be void. If the Plan Administrator shall find that such an attempt has been made with respect to any payment due or to become due to any Participant, the Plan Administrator in its sole discretion may terminate the interest of such Participant or former Participant in such payment. And in such case the Plan Administrator shall apply the amount of such payment to or for the benefit of such Participant or former Participant, his or her spouse, parent, adult Child, guardian of a minor Child, brother or sister, or other relative of a Dependent of such Participant or former Participant, as the Plan Administrator may determine, and any such application shall be a complete discharge of all liability with respect to such benefit payment. However, at the discretion of the Plan Administrator, benefit payments may be assigned to health care Providers.

Binding Arbitration

NOTE: The Employee is enrolled in a plan provided by the Employer that is subject to ERISA, any dispute involving an Adverse Benefit Determination must be resolved under ERISA's claims procedure rules, and is not subject to mandatory binding arbitration. The individual may pursue voluntary binding arbitration after he or she has completed an appeal under ERISA. If the individual has any other dispute which does not involve an Adverse Benefit Determination, this Binding Arbitration provision applies.

Any dispute or claim, of whatever nature, arising out of, in connection with, or in relation to this Plan, or breach or rescission thereof, or in relation to care or delivery of care, including any claim based on contract, tort or statute, must be resolved by arbitration if the amount sought exceeds the jurisdictional limit of the small claims court. Any dispute regarding a claim for damages within the jurisdictional limits of the small claims court will be resolved in such court.

The Federal Arbitration Act shall govern the interpretation and enforcement of all proceedings under this Binding Arbitration provision. To the extent that the Federal Arbitration Act is inapplicable or is held not to require arbitration of a particular claim, State law governing agreements to arbitrate shall apply.

The Participant and the Plan Administrator agree to be bound by this Binding Arbitration provision and acknowledge that they are each giving up their right to a trial by court or jury.

The Participant and the Plan Administrator agree to give up the right to participate in class arbitration against each other. Even if applicable law permits class actions or class arbitrations, the Participant waives any right to pursue, on a class basis, any such controversy or claim against the Plan Administrator and the Plan Administrator waives any right to pursue on a class basis any such controversy or claim against the Participant.

The arbitration findings will be final and binding except to the extent that State or Federal law provides for the judicial review of arbitration proceedings.

The arbitration is begun by the Participant making written demand on the Plan Administrator. The arbitration will be conducted by Judicial Arbitration and Mediation Services (“JAMS”) according to its applicable Rules and Procedures. If, for any reason, JAMS is unavailable to conduct the arbitration, the arbitration will be conducted by another neutral arbitration entity, by mutual agreement of the Participant and the Plan Administrator, or by order of the court, if the Participant and the Plan Administrator cannot agree.

The costs of the arbitration will be allocated per the JAMS Policy on Consumer Arbitrations. If the arbitration is not conducted by JAMS, the costs will be shared equally by the parties, except in cases of extreme financial hardship, upon application to the neutral arbitration entity to which the parties have agreed, in which cases, the Plan Administrator will assume all or a portion of the costs of the arbitration.

Unclaimed Self-Insured Plan Funds

In the event a benefits check issued by the Claims Administrator for this self-insured Plan is not cashed within one year of the date of issue, the check will be voided and the funds will be retained by this Plan and applied to the payment of current benefits and administrative fees under this Plan. In the event a Participant subsequently requests payment with respect to the voided check, the Plan Sponsor for the self-insured Plan shall make such payment under the terms and provisions of the Plan as in effect when the claim was originally processed. Unclaimed self-insured Plan funds may be applied only to the payment of benefits (including administrative fees) under the Plan pursuant to ERISA and any other applicable State law(s).

SUMMARY OF BENEFITS

General Limits

Payment for any of the expenses listed below is subject to all Plan Exclusions, limitations and provisions. All coverage figures, if applicable, are after the out-of-pocket Deductible has been satisfied.

See the Utilization Management section for more information regarding Pre-Certification and/or Notification requirements.

Please note affirmation that a treatment, service, or supply is of a type compensable by the Plan is not a guarantee that the particular treatment, service, or supply in question, upon receipt of a Clean Claim and review by the Plan Administrator, will be eligible for payment.

Network and Non-Network Provider Arrangement

The Plan contracts with medical Providers through Networks, and separately through direct contracts or case agreements, to access reduced or discounted fees for service for Participants. Hospitals, Physicians and other Providers who have contracted with an applicable Network are called "Network Providers." Those who have entered into a direct contract or case agreement with the Plan are called "Preferred Tier Providers". Those who have not contracted with an applicable Network or who have not entered into a direct contract or case agreement with the Plan are referred to in this Plan as "Non-Network Providers." This arrangement results in the following benefits to Participants:

1. The Plan provides different levels of benefits based on whether the Participants use a Network Provider or a Non-Network Provider. Unless one of the exceptions shown below applies, if a Participant elects to receive medical care from a Non-Network Provider, the benefits payable are generally lower than those payable when a Network Provider is used. The following exceptions apply:
 - a. In the event a Network Provider refers a Participant to a Non-Network Provider for diagnostic testing, x-rays, laboratory services or anesthesia, then charges of the Non-Network Provider will be paid as though the services were provided by a Network Provider.
 - b. The Network Provider level of benefits is payable for any Participant who cannot access Network Providers because they reside outside the Network service area. The Network service area is defined as the area within 50 miles of the Participant's residence; and
 - c. The Network Provider level of benefits is payable when a Participant receives Emergency care either Out of Area or at a Non-Network Hospital for an Accidental Bodily Injury or Emergency.
2. Except as outlined in "No Surprises Act – Emergency Services and Surprise Bills" below, if the charge billed by a Non-Network Provider for any covered service is higher than the Maximum Allowable Charge determined by the Plan, Participants are responsible for the excess unless the Provider accepts assignment of benefits as consideration in full for services rendered. Since Network Providers have agreed to accept a negotiated discounted fee as full payment for their services, Participants are not responsible for any billed amount that exceeds that fee. The Plan Administrator reserves the right to revoke any previously-given assignment of benefits or to proactively prohibit assignment of benefits to anyone, including any Provider, at its discretion.
3. To receive benefit consideration, Participants may need to submit claims for services provided by Non- Network Providers to the Claims Administrator. Network Providers have agreed to bill the Plan directly, so that Participants do not have to submit claims themselves.
4. Benefits available to Network Providers are limited such that if a Network Provider advances or

submits charges which exceed amounts that are eligible for payment in accordance with the terms the Plan, or are for services or supplies for which Plan coverage is not available, or are otherwise limited or excluded by the Plan, benefits will be paid in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

If a Participant receives information with respect to an item or service from the Plan, its representative, or a database maintained by the Plan or its representative indicating that a particular Provider is an In-Network Provider and the Participant receives such item or service in reliance on that information, the Participant's Coinsurance, Copayment, Deductible, and out-of-pocket maximum will be calculated as if the Provider had been In-Network despite that information proving inaccurate.

Please note affirmation that a treatment, service, or supply is of a type compensable by the Plan is not a guarantee that the particular treatment, service, or supply in question, upon receipt of a Clean Claim and review by the Plan Administrator, will be eligible for payment.

Balance Billing

In the event that a claim submitted by a Network or Non-Network Provider is subject to a medical bill review or medical chart audit and that some or all of the charges in connection with such claim are repriced because of billing errors and/or overcharges, it is the Plan's position that the Participant should not be responsible for payment of any charges denied as a result of the medical bill review or medical chart audit, and should not be balance billed for the difference between the billed charges and the amount determined to be payable by the Plan Administrator, although the Plan has no control over any Provider's actions, including balance billing.

In addition, with respect to services rendered by a Network Provider being paid in accordance with a discounted rate, it is the Plan's position that the Participant should not be responsible for the difference between the amount charged by the Network Provider and the amount determined to be payable by the Plan Administrator, and should not be balance billed for such difference. Again, the Plan has no control over any Network Provider that engages in balance billing practices, except to the extent that such practices are contrary to the contract governing the relationship between the Plan and the Network Provider.

The Participant is responsible for any applicable payment of Coinsurances, Deductibles, and out-of-pocket maximums and may be billed for any or all of these.

Choice of Providers

The Plan is not intended to disturb the Physician-patient relationship. Each Participant has a free choice of any Physician or surgeon, and the Physician-patient relationship shall be maintained. Physicians and other health care Providers are not agents or delegates of the Plan Sponsor, Company, Plan Administrator, Employer or Claims Administrator. The delivery of medical and other health care services on behalf of any Participant remains the sole prerogative and responsibility of the attending Physician or other health care Provider. The Participant, together with his or her Physician, is ultimately responsible for determining the appropriate course of medical treatment, regardless of whether the Plan will pay for all or a portion of the cost of such care.

Network Provider Information

The Network Providers are merely independent contractors; neither the Plan nor the Plan Administrator make any warranty as to the quality of care that may be rendered by any Network Provider.

If the Participant does not have access to a computer at his or her home, he or she may access this website at his or her place of employment. If he or she has any questions about how to do this, he or she should contact the Human Relations Department. The Network Provider list changes frequently; therefore, it is recommended that a Participant verify with the Provider that the Provider is still a Network Provider before receiving services. Please

refer to the Participant identification card for the website address.

Primary Care Providers

The Participant does not need prior authorization from the Plan or from any other person (including a primary care Provider) in order to obtain access to obstetrical or gynecological care from a health care professional in the Network who specializes in obstetrics or gynecology. The health care professional, however, may be required to comply with certain procedures, including obtaining prior authorization for certain services, following a pre-approved treatment plan, or procedures for making referrals. For a list of participating health care professionals who specialize in obstetrics or gynecology, contact the Plan Administrator.

Preferred Tier Provider

Facilities, Providers and suppliers or who have entered into a direct contract or case agreement with the Plan or third party, to access reduced or discounted fees for service for Participants, are called Preferred Tier Providers. Neither the Plan nor the Plan Administrator make any warranty as to the quality of care that may be rendered by any Preferred Tier Provider.

Claims Audit

In addition to the Plan's Medical Record Review process, the Plan Administrator may use its discretionary authority to utilize an independent bill review and/or claim audit program or service for a complete claim. While every claim may not be subject to a bill review or audit, the Plan Administrator has the sole discretionary authority for selection of claims subject to review or audit.

The analysis will be employed to identify charges billed in error and/or charges that exceed the Maximum Allowable Charge or services that are not Medically Necessary and may include a patient medical billing records review and/or audit of the patient's medical charts and records.

Upon completion of an analysis, a report will be submitted to the Plan Administrator or its agent to identify the charges deemed in excess of the Maximum Allowable Charge or other applicable provisions, as outlined in this Plan Document.

Despite the existence of any agreement to the contrary, the Plan Administrator has the discretionary authority to reduce any charge to the Maximum Allowable Charge, in accord with the terms of this Plan Document.

Further, all healthcare providers must submit complete and clean claims. A complete and clean claim is a claim that is billed using the proper form(s), proper format if it is an electronic claim, the most accurate and appropriate codes, including, but not limited to, CPT, ICD, HCPCS and Revenue Codes. Inpatient and outpatient facility claims must be accompanied by a complete and legible itemization of the individual services and charges that comprise the global Revenue Codes billed. The Plan Administrator reserves the right to request and review medical records in order to allow for the determination of benefits according to the Plan. No benefits will be payable by the Plan if the healthcare provider does not submit a complete and clean claim, complete/legible itemization and complete/legible medical records upon request.

At the discretion of the Plan Administrator or Claim Administrator, all claims are subject to audit by the Plan Administrator or Claim Administrator, or by an independent bill review firm and/or claim auditor. The Plan's medical bill audit may be performed with or without records, and the review is not subject to waiver by any third-party agreement including, but not limited to, any Provider Network Agreement(s) or other re-pricing arrangements, or the guidelines of any healthcare provider (e.g., physician, hospital, or other facility). The Plan will evaluate complete/clean claims to ensure that the charges are correct and proper, billed using the most accurate and appropriate CPT, ICD, HCPCS and Revenue codes, and if applicable, documented in the medical records.

All Plan adjudication determinations will be made using the Plan's proprietary guidelines that are based on generally accepted commercial claim adjudication rules, as well as the coding and billing guidelines of the Woodlake Management, LLC Plan Document and Summary

American Medical Association, the CMS/Federal Government's guidelines for proper coding and billing, including, but not limited to, the CMS Provider Billing and/or Reimbursement Guidelines, the National Correct Coding Initiative ("NCCI") guidelines, the CMS Physician Fee Schedule ("PFS") Relative Value File, and other Federal/clinical acceptance or coverage guidelines published by the Food and Drug Administration ("FDA"), National Comprehensive Cancer Network ("NCCN"), and/or the Federal National Library of Medicine-National Institute of Health.

As a result of any claim audit/review, the Plan will not provide benefits for services and supplies that:

1. Are not ordered by a physician;
2. Are not documented in patient's medical record(s);
3. Do not require a physician order;
4. Are routinely ordered/provided as a general clinical requirement of the physician or facility, rather than for documented specific medical need of the patient;
5. Are routine and unbundled from the global room charge/service, unbundled from any global charge/service or a professional charge(s) that is already considered separately reimbursable;
6. Are billed as Technical or Professional charges using CPT/HCPCS coding that has no Technical or Professional component;
7. Are up-coded using either historical medical events/diagnoses that are not in active treatment, or facility or procedure acquired diagnosis(es) that are not typical to the treatment of the diagnosis(es).
8. Are not covered by any other provision of this Plan, including but not limited to, Plan limitations and exclusions, and Plan definitions of Covered Services, Maximum Allowable and Medical Necessity.

The Plan will implement and utilize all applicable rules and guidelines regardless of whether the Federal Government/CMS waives their own guideline(s) as a requirement of their own adjudication process(es).

The Plan Administrator retains maximum legal authority and discretion to determine what is covered or not covered under the Plan, based on the results of any claim audit and/or medical bill review.

No Surprises Act – Emergency Services and Surprise Bills

For Non-Network claims subject to the No Surprises Act ("NSA"), Participant cost-sharing will be the same amount as would be applied if the claim was provided by a Network Provider and will be calculated as if the Plan's Allowable Expense was the Recognized Amount, regardless of the Plan's actual Maximum Allowable Charge. The NSA prohibits Providers from billing Participants for the difference between the Maximum Allowable Charge and the Provider's billed charge for applicable services, with the exception of valid Plan-appointed cost-sharing as outlined above. Any such cost-sharing amounts will accrue toward In-Network Deductibles and out of pocket maximums.

Benefits for claims subject to the NSA will be denied or paid within 30 days of receipt of an initial claim, and if approved will be paid directly to the Provider.

Claims subject to the NSA are those which are submitted for:

- Emergency Services;
- Non-emergency services rendered by a Non-Network Provider related to a visit to a Network Provider, provided the Participant has not validly waived the applicability of the NSA; and
- Covered Non-Network air ambulance services.

Continuity of Care

In the event a Participant is a continuing care patient receiving a course of treatment from a Provider which is In-Network or otherwise has a contractual relationship with the Plan governing such care and that contractual relationship is terminated, not renewed, or otherwise ends for any reason other than the Provider's failure to meet applicable quality standards or for fraud, the Participant shall have the following rights to continuation of care.

The Plan shall notify the Participant in a timely manner, but in no event later than 90 calendar days after termination that the Provider's contractual relationship with the Plan has terminated, and that the Participant has rights to elect continued transitional care from the Provider. If the Participant elects in writing to receive continued transitional care, Plan benefits will apply under the same terms and conditions as would be applicable had the termination not occurred, beginning on the date the Plan's notice of termination is provided and ending 90 days later or when the Participant ceases to be a continuing care patient, whichever is sooner.

For purposes of this provision, "continuing care patient" means an individual who:

- 1) is undergoing a course of treatment for a serious and complex condition from a specific Provider,
- 2) is undergoing a course of institutional or Inpatient care from a specific Provider,
- 3) is scheduled to undergo non-elective surgery from a specific Provider, including receipt of postoperative care with respect to the surgery,
- 4) is pregnant and undergoing a course of treatment for the Pregnancy from a specific Provider, or
- 5) is or was determined to be terminally ill and is receiving treatment for such illness from a specific Provider.

Note that during continuation, Plan benefits will be processed as if the termination had not occurred, however, the Provider may be free to pursue the Participant for any amounts above the Plan's benefit amount.

Transition of Care

If a Participant is under the care of a Non-Network Provider at the time of joining the Plan, there are a limited number of medical conditions that may qualify for transition of care. If transitional care is appropriate, specific treatment by a Non-Network Provider may be covered at the Network level of benefits for a limited period of time. The Plan Participant should contact the Claims Administrator who will review and approve or deny such requests.

Summary of Benefits – Medical Benefits

The following Schedule of Benefits is designed as a quick reference. For complete provisions of the Plan’s benefits, refer to the following sections: Utilization Review, Medical Benefit, Prescription Drug Benefits Exclusions and Preferred Provider Organization.

CALENDAR YEAR DEDUCTIBLE	In-Network	Out-of-Network
Individual (Per Person)	\$3,200	\$6,000
Family	\$9,000	\$18,000

CALENDAR YEAR OUT-OF-POCKET EXPENSE LIMIT*	In-Network	Out-of-Network
Single Coverage	\$6,000	Unlimited
Family Coverage	\$12,000	Unlimited

- This is an embedded plan. Individual Deductibles are tracked and applied to the individual and the family when an embedded plan is utilized. Once an individual has met the individual Deductible, their claims will be paid at the next level of benefits even though the family Deductible has not been met. Other individuals in the family must continue to pay their individual Deductible amount until either their own individual Deductible is met, or the family Deductible is met, whichever occurs first.
- Out-of-Pocket amounts are tracked and applied to the individual and the family. Once an individual has met the individual maximum out-of-pocket, their claims will be paid at 100% even though the family maximum out-of-pocket as not been met. Other individuals in the family continue to pay toward their individual maximum out-of-pocket until either their individual maximum is met, or the family maximum is met, whichever occurs first.
- Coinsurance does count toward reaching your annual deductible.
- Copays, deductible, and coinsurance do count toward reaching the out-of-pocket maximum.
- In-network deductible payments do not count towards meeting the Out-of-Network deductible. Out-of-Network deductible payments do not apply to your In-network deductible.
- In-network out-of-pocket payments do not count towards the Out-of-Network out-of-pocket maximum. Out-of-Network out-of-pocket payments do not apply to your In-network out-of-pocket maximum.

The following benefits are per Participant per Plan Year. All benefits are subject to the Maximum Allowable Charge.

Schedule of Benefits Begins on Next Page

All services are subject to deductible unless otherwise indicated.

BENEFIT DESCRIPTION	In-Network (Payable of Discounted Amount)	Out-of-Network (Payable of Allowable Amount)
Hospital-based Care		
Inpatient Services Precertification required.	80%	50%
Outpatient Services Precertification required for services not addressed elsewhere in this benefit summary.	80%	50%
Transplant Services (at an approved Center of Excellence if medically feasible) <i>Precertification required.</i>	80%	50%
Emergency Room Services		
Emergency Situation Only	80%	80%
Non-Emergency Situation	Not covered	Not covered
Physician's Services		
Office Visit – All Services performed in an office setting.	80%	50%
Specialist Office Visit – All services performed in an office setting.	80%	50%
Surgery – Physician's Office	80%	50%
Surgery – Other	80%	50%
Pathology	80%	50%
Anesthesiology	80%	50%
Radiology	80%	50%
Diagnostic X-rays and Lab Exams*		
Inpatient	80%	50%
Diagnostic Outpatient Lab Test	80%	50%
Diagnostic X-rays – Does not include advanced imaging such as MRIs, CT scans, etc.	80%	50%
Independent Lab Exams*		
Outpatient	80%	50%
Imaging*		
Complex Diagnostic Imaging Precertification required. (MRI, CT scan, PET scans, etc.)	80%	50%
Routine Colonoscopy (Screening)	100% No cost to Participant	50%
Diagnostic Colonoscopy* Precertification required	80%	50%
Second Surgical Opinion* Precertification required	80%	50%

Home Health Care Precertification required. Up to 60 days maximum per calendar year.	80%	50%
Hospice Care Precertification required	80%	50%
Durable Medical Equipment / Orthotics / Prosthetics / Direct Medical Supplies* Physician prescription required. Precertification required for purchase over \$1,500 or Rentals over \$500 per month.	80%	50%
Preventive Care Visits (Well visits, vaccinations, preventive care screenings, preventive colonoscopies, and other preventive care.) (Deductible waived)	100%	50%
Manual Breast Pump* (deductible waived – limited to one per pregnancy)	100%	50%
Immunizations (deductible waived)	100%	50%
Mental and Nervous Disorders		
Office Visit	80%	80%
Inpatient Care Precertification required	80%	50%
Outpatient Care Precertification required	80%	50%
Substance Abuse Disorder		
Office Visit	80%	80%
Inpatient Care Precertification required	80%	50%
Outpatient Care Precertification required	80%	50%
Chiropractic Manipulations and Modalities Precertification required after 12 visits. Limited to 18 visits per calendar year. Does not include MRI or other non-x-ray imaging.	80%	50%
Urgent Care Clinic - All Services performed in an office setting.	80%	50%
Ambulatory Surgery Center Services* Precertification required	80%	50%
Maternity (Delivery) Services – An initial notification is required once per pregnancy. Prenatal office visits subject to Primary Care copay.	80%	50%
Breastfeeding Support, Counseling	100% No cost to Participant	50%
Allergy Injections	80%	80%
Ambulance Services (ground or air) "Prudent layperson" standard of usage applies. Precertification required before non-emergent transport of the patient to another hospital or facility.	80%	80%
Chemotherapy Radiation* Precertification required	80%	50%
Infusion Therapy* Precertification required	80%	50%
Diabetes Education and Control Limited to 3 visits per Calendar year.	100% No cost to Participant	50%
	100%	50%

Diabetes Supplies* – Limited to supplies not available under the Prescription Drug Benefits.	No cost to Participant	
Habilitation / Rehabilitation Services: All other covered therapies, Precertification required. Limited to 35 visits per Calendar year for all therapies combined.	80%	50%
Habilitation / Rehabilitation Services: Physical Therapy Precertification required. Limited to 35 visits per Calendar year for all therapies combined.	80%	50%
Skilled Nursing Facility Precertification required. Limited to 25 days per Calendar Year.	80%	50%
Behavioral Based Therapies Limited to 35 visits per Calendar year for all therapies combined.	80%	50%
All Other Covered Expenses Precertification may be required	80%	50%

***SPECIFIC PROVIDER PROGRAMS - DISAPPEARING DEDUCTIBLE**

Member Cost Share waivers may apply when seeking services through specific providers and when working with the plan’s care navigation team. Plan participants should call the number on the ID card. Participation in such incentives is optional.

MEDICAL BENEFITS

Medical Benefits

These medical benefits will be payable as shown in the Summary of Benefits or as otherwise outlined in this Plan. Subject to the Plan's provisions, limitations and Exclusions, the following are covered major medical benefits:

Advanced Imaging. Charges for advanced imaging including: Computed Tomographic (CT) studies, Coronary CT angiography, MRI/MRA, nuclear cardiology, nuclear medicine, and PET scans. Covered Expenses include the readings of these medical tests/scans.

Air Ambulance (Emergency Only).

Covered Expenses will be payable at the lesser of the following:

1. A contracted amount as established by a Network Provider or other discounting contract.
2. 250% of the allowable charge established by application of the Medicare Ambulance Fee Schedule.
3. The billed charge if less than 1 or 2 above.

Benefits are provided for air ambulance transportation only if the Plan Administrator determines that the Participant's condition, the type of service required for the treatment of the Participant's condition, and the type of facility required to treat the Participant's condition justify the use of air ambulance instead of another means of transport. This Plan will only cover air ambulance transportation when no other method of transportation is appropriate (including emergency ground transport).

This Plan will cover rotary and/or fixed wing aircraft, excluding all fixed wing charter flights, for ambulance services.

Only charges Incurred for the first trip to a Hospital, or from one Hospital to another Hospital shall be included.

The determination of whether air ambulance transport for a service, supply, or treatment is or is not Medically Necessary may include findings of the American Medical Association and the Plan Administrator's own medical advisors. The Plan Administrator has the discretionary authority to decide whether care or treatment is Medically Necessary.

Allergy Services. Charges related to the treatment of allergies.

Ambulance (Emergency Only). Covered Expenses for professional ambulance, including approved available water and rail transportation to a local Hospital, or transfer to the nearest facility having the capability to treat the condition if the transportation is connected with an Inpatient confinement.

Ambulatory Surgical Center. Services of an Ambulatory Surgical Center for Medically Necessary care provided.

Anesthesia. Anesthesia, anesthesia supplies, and administration of anesthesia by facility staff.

Birthing Center. Services of a birthing center for Medically Necessary care provided within the scope of its license.

Blood/Blood Derivatives. Charges for blood and blood plasma (if not replaced by or for the patient), including blood processing and administration services. The Plan shall also cover processing, storage, and administrative services for autologous blood (a patient's own blood) when a Participant is scheduled for Surgery that can be reasonably expected to require blood.

Cataracts. Cataract surgery and one set of lenses (contacts or frame-type) following the surgery.

Chemotherapy. Charges for chemotherapy, including materials and services of technicians.

Chiropractic Care. Spinal adjustment and manipulation, x-rays for manipulation and adjustment, and other modalities performed by a Physician or other licensed practitioner, as limited in the Summary of Benefits.

Contraceptives. The charges for all Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved contraceptives methods, in accordance with Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) guidelines.

Dental Services—Accident Only. Charges made for a continuous course of dental treatment starting with 3 months and ending within 12 months from the date of the Injury to sound natural teeth. Sound natural teeth are defined as natural teeth that are free of active clinical decay, have at least 50% bony support and are functional in the arch.

Note: No charge will be covered under this Plan for dental and oral Surgical Procedures involving orthodontic care of teeth, periodontal disease, and preparing the mouth for fitting of or continued use of dentures.

Dental Services- Temporomandibular Joint Dysfunction (TMJ). Medically Necessary and Appropriate services to diagnose and treat temporomandibular joint syndrome or dysfunction (TMJ or TMD). Covered Services:

1. Diagnosis and management of TMJ or TMD.
2. Surgical treatment of TMJ or TMD, if performed by a qualified oral surgeon or maxillofacial surgeon.
3. Non-surgical TMJ includes: (1) history and exam; (2) office visit; (3) x-rays; (4) diagnostic study casts; (5) medications; and (6) Oral Appliances to stabilize jaw joint.

Diabetes. Coverage for the equipment, supplies, medication, and Outpatient self-management training and patient management, including medical nutrition therapy, for the treatment of insulin-dependent diabetes, insulin-using diabetes, gestational diabetes, and non-insulin-using diabetes if prescribed by a health care professional legally authorized by law to prescribe such items.

Diagnostic Services. Charges for professional fees from a physician, as well as outpatient/facility charges for diagnostic x-ray and laboratory services.

Dialysis. Charges for Dialysis.

Durable Medical Equipment. Charges for rental, up to the purchase price, of Durable Medical Equipment, including glucose home monitors for insulin dependent diabetics. At its option, and with its advance written approval or through a Preferred Tier Provider, the Plan may cover the purchase of such items when it is less costly and more practical than rental. The Plan does not pay for any of the following:

1. Any purchases without its advance written approval.
2. Repairs and *when Medically Necessary due to a physiological change to the patient, due to normal wear and tear of an item or the existing equipment is damaged and cannot be made serviceable.*
3. The rental or purchase of items which do not fully meet the definition of "Durable Medical Equipment."

Glaucoma. Treatment of glaucoma.

Habilitative Services. These services include:

1. Applied Behavior Analysis (ABA) Therapy. Charges for ABA therapy for treatment of Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD).
2. Occupational Therapy. Treatment or services rendered by a registered occupational therapist, under the direct supervision of a Physician, in a home setting or at a facility or Institution whose primary purpose is to provide medical care for an Illness or Injury, or at a free-standing outpatient facility.
3. Physical Therapy. Treatment or services rendered by a physical therapist, under direct supervision of a Physician, in a home setting or a facility or Institution whose primary purpose is to provide medical care for an Illness or Injury, or at a free-standing duly licensed outpatient therapy facility.
4. Speech-Language Pathology. Treatment for speech delays and disorders.

See the Summary of Benefits for treatment and/or frequency limitations.

Hearing Aids. For hearing aids or examinations for the prescription, fitting, and/or repair of hearing aids except when required by a physician to establish a diagnosis. Limited to \$3,000 every two calendar years, per ear, per person.

Home Health Care. Charges for Home Health Care services and supplies are covered only for care and treatment of an Illness or Injury when Hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility confinement would otherwise be required. The Diagnosis, care, and treatment must be certified by the attending Physician and be contained in a home health care plan. Charges by a Home Health Care Agency for any of the following:

1. Registered Nurses or Licensed Practical Nurses.
2. Certified home health aides under the direct supervision of a Registered Nurse.
3. Registered therapist performing physical, occupational or speech therapy.
4. Physician calls in the office, home, clinic or outpatient department.
5. Services, Drugs and medical supplies which are Medically Necessary for the treatment of the Participant that would have been provided in the Hospital, but not including Custodial Care. **NOTE:** *Home infusion therapy does not apply to the home health care maximum.*
6. Rental of Durable Medical Equipment or the purchase of this equipment if economically justified, whichever is less.

NOTE: *Transportation services are not covered under this benefit.*

Hospice Care. Charges relating to Hospice Care, provided the Participant has a life expectancy of six months or less, subject to the maximums, if any, stated in the Summary of Benefits. Covered Hospice expenses are limited to:

1. Room and Board for confinement in a Hospice.
2. Ancillary charges furnished by the Hospice while the patient is confined therein, including rental of Durable Medical Equipment which is used solely for treating an Injury or Illness.
3. Medical supplies, Drugs and medicines prescribed by the attending Physician, but only to the extent such items are necessary for pain control and management of the terminal condition.
4. Physician services and nursing care by a Registered Nurse, Licensed Practical Nurse or a Licensed Vocational Nurse (L.V.N.).
5. Home health aide services.

6. Home care furnished by a Hospital or Home Health Care Agency, under the direction of a Hospice, including Custodial Care if it is provided during a regular visit by a Registered Nurse, a Licensed Practical Nurse or a home health aide.
7. Medical social services by licensed or trained social workers, Psychologists or counselors.
8. Nutrition services provided by a licensed dietitian.
9. Respite care.
10. Bereavement counseling, which is a supportive service provided by the Hospice team to Participants in the deceased's Family Unit after the death of the terminally ill person, to assist the Participants in adjusting to the death. Benefits will be payable if the following requirements are met:
 - a. On the date immediately before his or her death, the terminally ill person was in a Hospice Care Program and a Participant under the Plan.
 - b. Charges for such services are Incurred by the Participants within six months of the terminally ill person's death.

The Hospice Care program must be renewed in writing by the attending Physician every 30 days. Hospice Care ceases if the terminal illness enters remission.

Hospital. Charges made by a Hospital for:

1. Inpatient Treatment
 - a. Daily semiprivate Room and Board charges. If a Participant is confined to a private room, the Plan will cover an amount equal to the prevailing semi-private room rate in the geographic area, even if a private room is the only accommodation available.
 - b. Intensive Care Unit (ICU) and Cardiac Care Unit (CCU) Room and Board charges.
 - c. General nursing services.
 - d. Medically Necessary services and supplies furnished by the Hospital, other than Room and Board.
2. Outpatient Treatment
 - a. Emergency room.
 - b. Treatment for chronic conditions.
 - c. Physical therapy treatments.
 - d. Hemodialysis.
 - e. X ray, laboratory, and linear therapy.

Injectable Drugs (J-Code, C-Code and Specialty Prescription Drug Limitation). J-Code and C-Code, with the exception of saline solutions, injections of antibiotics and contraceptive medications, must be preauthorized in advance of their first utilization. J-Code and C-Code to be covered as in-network must be purchased through a Plan-designated specialty pharmacy after the first 30-day supply for all non-Emergency / non-Inpatient procedures and services. Inpatient services are limited to the reimbursement rate set by the Plan. See Maximum Allowable Charge. All Specialty Prescription drugs are excluded from coverage until all sources of financial assistance for the medication have been denied and/ or exhausted, including Copay assistance plans, Manufacturer financial aid programs or other assistance programs. The plan can reimburse advocacy costs to aid patients in qualifying for assistance programs.

Laboratory and Pathology Services. Charges for x-rays, diagnostic tests, labs, and pathology services. – Physician charges for interpretation of automated pathology tests are excluded.

Mastectomy. The Federal Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act, signed into law on October 21, 1998, contains coverage requirements for breast cancer patients who elect reconstruction in connection with a Mastectomy. The Federal law requires group health plans that provide Mastectomy coverage to also cover

breast reconstruction Surgery and prostheses following Mastectomy.

As required by law, the Participant is being provided this notice to inform him or her about these provisions. The law mandates that individuals receiving benefits for a Medically Necessary Mastectomy will also receive coverage for:

1. Reconstruction of the breast on which the Mastectomy has been performed.
2. Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.
3. Prostheses and physical complications from all stages of Mastectomy, including lymphedemas.

The reconstruction of the breast will be done in a manner determined in consultation with the attending Physician and the patient.

This coverage will be subject to the same annual Deductible and Coinsurance provisions that currently apply to Mastectomy coverage and will be provided in consultation with you and your attending Physician.

Medical Supplies. Dressings, casts, splints, trusses, braces, oxygen, equipment and other Medically Necessary medical supplies, with the exception of dental braces or corrective shoes, but including syringes for diabetic and allergy Diagnosis, and lancets and chemstrips for diabetics.

Mental Health and Substance Abuse Benefits. Benefits are available for Inpatient or Outpatient care for mental health and Substance Abuse conditions, including individual and group psychotherapy, psychiatric tests, and expenses related to the Diagnosis when rendered by a covered Provider.

Benefits are available for, but not limited to, Residential Treatment Facility, Partial Hospitalization, and Intensive Outpatient Services.

Midwife Services. Benefits for midwife services performed by a certified nurse midwife (CNM) who is licensed as such and acting within the scope of his/her license. This Plan will not provide benefits for lay midwives or other individuals who become midwives by virtue of their experience in performing deliveries.

Newborn Care. Routine Hospital and routine Physician nursery care for newborns who are Children of the Employee or spouse and properly enrolled in the Plan, as set forth below. Benefits will be provided under the Child's coverage, and the Child's own Deductible and Coinsurance provisions will apply:

1. Hospital routine care for a newborn during the Child's initial Hospital confinement at birth.
2. Physician services for well-baby care during the newborn's initial Hospital confinement at birth.
3. Circumcision care.

***NOTE:** The Plan will cover Hospital and Physician nursery care for an ill newborn as any other medical condition, provided the newborn is properly enrolled in the Plan. These benefits are provided under the baby's coverage.*

Nursing Services. Services of a Registered Nurse or Licensed Practical Nurse.

Nutritional Counseling. Charges for nutritional counseling for the management of a medical condition that has a specific diagnostic criterion that can be verified. The nutritional counseling must be prescribed by a Physician.

Physician Services. Services of a Physician for Medically Necessary care, including office visits, home

visits, Hospital Inpatient care, Hospital Outpatient visits and exams, clinic care and surgical opinion consultations.

Pregnancy Expenses. Expenses attributable to a Pregnancy. Pregnancy expenses of Dependent Children are not covered. Benefits for Pregnancy expenses are paid the same as any other Illness. **NOTE:** *Preventive care charges for Pregnancy are covered under the Preventive Care benefit in the Medical Benefits section.*

In accordance with the Summary of Benefits and this section, benefits for the care and treatment of Pregnancy that are covered will be subject to all applicable Plan limitations and maximums (if any), and are payable in the same manner as medical or surgical care of an Illness.

Preventive Care. Charges for Preventive Care services. This Plan intends to comply with the Affordable Care Act's (ACA) requirement to offer In-Network coverage for certain preventive services without cost-sharing. Plan Administrator has the authority to determine which services will be covered.

Benefits mandated through the ACA legislation include Preventive Care such as immunizations, screenings, and other services that are listed as recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF), the Health Resources Services Administration (HRSA), and the Federal Centers for Disease Control (CDC). Benefits include gender-specific Preventive Care services, regardless of the sex the Participant was assigned at birth, his or her gender identity, or his or her recorded gender.

See the following websites for more details:

[https://www.healthcare.gov/coverage/preventive-care-benefits/;](https://www.healthcare.gov/coverage/preventive-care-benefits/)

[https://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/Page/Name/uspstf-a-and-b-recommendations/;](https://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/Page/Name/uspstf-a-and-b-recommendations/)

<https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/index.html;>

https://www.aap.org/en-us/Documents/periodicity_schedule.pdf;

[https://www.hrsa.gov/womensguidelines/.](https://www.hrsa.gov/womensguidelines/)

NOTE: *The Preventive Care services identified through the above links are recommended services. It is up to the Provider and/or Physician of care to determine which services to provide; the Plan Administrator has the authority to determine which services will be covered. Preventive Care services will be covered at 100% for Non-Network Providers if there is no Network Provider who can provide a required preventive service.*

Preventive and Wellness Services for Adults and Children - In compliance with section 2713 of the Affordable Care Act, benefits are available for evidence-based items or services that have in effect a rating of "A" or "B" in the current recommendations of the United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF).

Immunizations that have in effect a recommendation from the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) with respect to the individual involved. With respect to infants, Children, and adolescents, evidence-informed Preventive Care and screenings as provided for in the comprehensive guidelines supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).

Women's Preventive Services - With respect to women, such additional Preventive Care and screenings as provided for in comprehensive guidelines supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) not otherwise addressed by the recommendations of the United States Preventive Service Task Force

(USPSTF), which will be commonly known as HRSA's Women's Preventive Services Required Health Plan Coverage Guidelines. The HRSA has added the following eight categories of women's services to the list of mandatory preventive services:

1. Well-woman visits.
2. Gestational diabetes screening.
3. Human papillomavirus (HPV) Deoxyribonucleic Acid (DNA) testing.
4. Sexually transmitted infection counseling.
5. Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) screening and counseling.
6. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved contraception methods and contraceptive counseling.
7. Breastfeeding support, supplies and counseling.
8. Domestic violence screening and counseling.

A description of Women's Preventive Services can be found at: <http://www.hrsa.gov/womensguidelines/> or at the websites listed above.

COVID-19 (2019 Novel Coronavirus).

1. The following items are covered at 100%, Deductible waived:
 - a. An item, service, or immunization that has in effect a rating of "A" or "B" in the current recommendations of the United States Preventive Services Task Force; and
 - b. An immunization that has in effect a recommendation from the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention with respect to the individual involved.
2. *Telehealth and Other Communication-Based Technology Services.* Participants can communicate with their doctors or certain other practitioners without going to the doctor's office in person. This is recommended if a Participant believes he or she has COVID-19 symptoms.

The above benefits are specific to Diagnosis of COVID-19. Participants who have been diagnosed with COVID-19 will continue to receive all other benefits covered by the Plan, in accordance with the Plan's guidelines.

Prosthetics, Orthotics, Supplies and Surgical Dressings. Prosthetic devices (other than dental) to replace all or part of an absent body organ or part, including replacement due to natural growth or pathological change, but not including charges for repair or maintenance. Orthotic devices but excluding orthopedic shoes and other supportive devices for the feet.

Radiation Therapy. Charges for radiation therapy and treatment.

Routine Patient Costs for Participation in an Approved Clinical Trial. Charges for any Medically Necessary services, for which benefits are provided by the Plan, when a Participant is participating in a phase I, II, III or IV clinical trial, conducted in relation to the prevention, detection or treatment of a life-threatening Disease or condition, as defined under the ACA, provided:

1. The clinical trial is approved by any of the following:
 - a. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.
 - b. The National Institute of Health.
 - c. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration.
 - d. The U.S. Department of Defense.
 - e. The U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs.
 - f. An institutional review board of an institution that has an agreement with the Office for Human Research Protections of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

2. The research Institution conducting the Approved Clinical Trial and each health professional providing routine patient care through the Institution, agree to accept reimbursement at the applicable Allowable Expense, as payment in full for routine patient care provided in connection with the Approved Clinical Trial.

Second Surgical Opinions. Charges for second surgical opinions.

Skilled Nursing Facility. Charges made by a Skilled Nursing Facility or a convalescent care facility as defined in the Plan, up to the limits set forth in the Summary of Benefits, in connection with convalescence from an Illness or Injury for which the Participant is confined. For information on Inpatient medical benefits for mental health or Substance Use Disorders, please refer to the “Mental Health and Substance Abuse Benefits” in the Medical Benefits section above.

Specialty Drugs. All Specialty Drugs require pre-certification and step therapy. Pre-certification requires all sources of financial assistance for the medication to have been denied and/or exhausted prior to approval, including available Copay assistance plans, manufacturer financial aid programs or other assistance programs. The Plan can reimburse for programs that assist patients in qualifying for assistance programs. Patient assistance (i.e. Copay assistance, coupons, or manufacturers) are excluded from the out-of-pocket maximum. All Specialty Drugs must be provided through a designated Specialty Drug vendor.

The plan at its option may reimburse for medical travel, associated expenses, and drug reimbursement for high cost or specialty medications, reimbursement for medications imported in compliance with FDA guidance, or sourced from alternative pharmacies or suppliers within the USA.

Sterilization. Charges for male and female sterilization procedures. Benefits for all Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved charges related to sterilization procedures for women are covered under Preventive Care, to the extent required by the Affordable Care Act (ACA).

Surgery. Surgical operations and procedures, including robotic unless otherwise specifically excluded under the Plan, and limited as follows:

1. Multiple procedures adding significant time or complexity will be allowed at:
 - One hundred percent (100%) of the full Maximum Allowable Charge fee value for the first or major procedure.
 - Fifty percent (50%) of the Maximum Allowable Charge fee value for the secondary and subsequent procedures.
 - Bilateral procedures which add significant time or complexity, which are provided at the same operative session, will be allowed at one hundred percent (100%) of Maximum Allowable Charge fee value for the major procedure, and fifty percent (50%) of the Maximum Allowable Charge fee value for the secondary or lesser procedure.
2. The Maximum Allowable Charge for services rendered by an assistant surgeon will be limited to twenty percent (20%) of the Maximum Allowable Charge identified for the surgeon’s service
3. No benefit will be payable for incidental procedures, such as appendectomy during an abdominal Surgery, performed during a single operative session.
4. The use of robotic technology is a technique that is integral to the primary surgery being performed and, therefore, not eligible for separate reimbursement. When billed, there will be no separate or additional payment for charges associated with robotic technology. Reimbursement will be based on the payment for the standard surgical procedure(s).

Telemedicine. Telemedicine is covered. Services provided through telemedicine are considered as if they were

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provided face-to-face if the relevant standard of care requirements are met. Services are considered eligible if they are otherwise eligible under the plan. Charges for audio-only telephone consultation, text only email messages; and fax are excluded from coverage.

Therapy Services. Services for individual therapy are covered on an Inpatient or Outpatient basis. They are services or supplies used for the treatment of an Illness or Injury and include:

1. **Autism Spectrum Disorders Treatment.** Charges for treatment of Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD).
2. **Cardiac Therapy.** Charges for cardiac therapy.
3. **Cognitive Therapy.** Charges for cognitive therapy.
4. **Occupational Therapy.** Rehabilitation treatment or services rendered by a registered occupational therapist, under the direct supervision of a Physician, in a home setting or at a facility or Institution whose primary purpose is to provide medical care for an Illness or Injury, or at a free-standing outpatient facility.
5. **Physical Therapy.** Rehabilitation treatment or services rendered by a physical therapist, under direct supervision of a Physician, in a home setting or a facility or Institution whose primary purpose is to provide medical care for an Illness or Injury, or at a free-standing duly licensed outpatient therapy facility.
6. **Respiratory Therapy.** Charges for respiratory therapy to the extent separately payable and not inclusive of other services/charges, per diem rates or room and board.
7. **Speech Therapy.** Speech therapy, for Rehabilitation purposes, by a Physician or qualified speech therapist, when needed due to an Illness or Injury (other than a functional Mental Disorder, Behavioral Disorder, or Nervous Neurodevelopmental Disorder) or due to Surgery performed as the result of an Illness or Injury, excluding speech therapy services that are educational in any part or due to articulation disorders, tongue thrust, stuttering, lispings, abnormal speech development, changing an accent, dyslexia, hearing loss which is not medically documented or similar disorders.

See the Summary of Benefits for treatment and/or frequency limitations, as applicable.

Tobacco Smoking Cessation. Nicotine withdrawal programs, facilities, Drugs or supplies.

Transplants. Organ or tissue transplants are covered for the following human to human organ or tissue transplant procedures:

- Bone marrow.
- Heart.
- Lung.
- Heart and lung.
- Liver.
- Pancreas.
- Kidney.
- Cornea.

In addition, the Plan will cover any other transplant that is not Experimental and/or Investigational.

Recipient Benefits

Covered Expenses will be considered the same as any other Illness for Employees or Dependents as a recipient of an organ or tissue transplant. Covered Expenses include:

2. Organ or tissue procurement from a cadaver consisting of removing, preserving and transporting the donated part.
3. Services and supplies furnished by a Provider.
4. Drug therapy treatment to prevent rejection of the transplanted organ or tissue.

Surgical, storage and transportation costs directly related to the procurement of an organ or tissue used in a transplant described herein will be covered. If an organ or tissue is sold rather than donated, no benefits will be available for the purchase price of such organ or tissue.

When both the person donating the organ and the person receiving the organ are Participants, each will receive benefits under the Plan.

Donor Benefits

The Plan does not cover donor costs and organ acquisition for transplants, unless the donor is a Participant. If only the donor is on this Plan, payment by this Plan will be secondary to coverage offered by the health plan of the recipient.

Travel Benefits – Other than Transplants. For Pre-Approved Travel only. Travel reimbursement for visits to certain facilities is provided for certain treatments and at the discretion of the Plan. For transportation associated with Organ and Tissue transplants, see Transplants.

If care is performed pursuant to a negotiated arrangement by the Plan's designated navigation team and the plan member resides 50 or more miles from the treating health care provider, the plan may reimburse for the following services incurred during the treatment subject to the limits set forth in the treatment and travel approval process. The benefit is limited to \$300 per day per participant receiving care. Receipts are required for all expenses to be eligible for reimbursement.

Eligible Expenses. Note: Receipts are required for any expense to be eligible for reimbursement.

- Transportation expenses, including commercial transportation in coach class, to and from the health care provider for the following individuals:
 - The Participant; and
 - One or both parents of the Participant (only if the Participant is a Dependent minor child); or
 - One adult to accompany the Participant.
- Reasonable lodging (for purposes of this Plan, Lodging shall not include private residences) and meal expenses while the covered person is receiving treatment, incurred for:
 - The Participant; and
 - One or both parents of the Plan Participant (only if the Participant is a Dependent minor child); or
 - One adult companion who is accompanying the Participant.

Limited health care services are eligible for travel reimbursement. The plan's designated navigation team will notify participants if eligible for travel facilities.

Travel Benefits – Transplants. The plan's designated navigation team will notify participants if eligible for travel benefits.

Eligible Expenses. Note: Receipts are required for any expense to be eligible for reimbursement.

- Transportation expenses, including commercial transportation in coach class, to and from the health care provider for the following individuals:
 - The Participant; and
 - One or both parents of the Participant (only if the Participant is a Dependent minor child); or

- One adult to accompany the Participant.
- Reasonable lodging (for purposes of this Plan, Lodging shall not include private residences) and meal expenses while the covered person is receiving treatment, incurred for:
 - The Participant; and
 - One or both parents of the Plan Participant (only if the Participant is a Dependent minor child); or
 - One adult companion who is accompanying the Participant.

Wigs. Charges associated with the initial purchase of a wig after chemotherapy or radiation therapy. Limited to \$1,000 every two calendar years.

UTILIZATION MANAGEMENT

“Utilization Management” consists of several components to assist Participants in staying well: providing optimal management of chronic conditions, support, and service coordination during times of acute or new onset of a medical condition. The scope of the program includes Hospital admission pre-certification, continued stay review, length of stay determination, discharge planning, and case management. These programs are designed to ensure that Medically Necessary, high quality patient care is provided and enables maximum benefits under the Plan. In order to maximize Plan reimbursements, please read the following provisions carefully.

Services that Require Pre-Certification

The following services will require Pre-Certification (or reimbursement from the Plan may be reduced):

1. Clinical trials.
2. Diagnostic mammograms.
3. Dialysis.
4. Durable Medical Equipment, rental greater than \$500 per month, or purchase in excess of \$1500 billed per date of service.
5. Home Health Services.
6. Hyperbaric oxygen therapy.
7. Infusion services.
8. Injectable medications.
9. Inpatient hospitalization.
10. Molecular Pathology.
11. MRI/PET/CT scans.
12. Observation 23+ hours.
13. Outpatient surgery (except if performed in a physician’s office).
14. Prescription specialty drugs.
15. Rehab program (such as cardiac, pain management, pulmonary).
16. Residential Treatment Facility programs.
17. Second Surgical Opinion Consult.
18. Skilled Nursing Facility stays.
19. Sleep studies.
20. Therapy services:
 - a. Applied Behavior Analysis (ABA) therapy.
 - b. Cardiac therapy.
 - c. Cognitive therapy.
 - d. Occupational therapy.
 - e. Physical therapy.
 - f. Respiration therapy.
 - g. Speech therapy.
 - h. Vision therapy.
21. Transplant candidacy evaluation and transplant (organ and/or tissue).

Remember that although the Plan will automatically pre-certify a maternity length of stay that is 48 hours or less for a vaginal delivery or 96 hours for a cesarean delivery, it is important that the Participant has the Physician call to obtain Pre-Certification if there is a need to have a longer stay.

The Pre-Certification process is limited to determining the Medical Necessity of the procedure. This does not verify eligibility for benefits nor guarantee benefit payments under the Plan. It is the Participant’s responsibility to verify that the above services have been pre-certified as outlined below.

Pre-Certification Procedures and Contact Information

The Utilization Management Service is simple and easy for Participants to use. Whenever a Participant is advised that services requiring Pre-Certification are needed, it is the Participant's responsibility to call the pre-certification department. The review process will continue, as outlined below, until the completion of the treatment plan and/or the Participant's discharge from the Hospital.

See the GENERAL PLAN INFORMATION SECTION for the name, address and phone number of the pre-certification and utilization management vendor.

Urgent Care or Emergency Admissions:

If a Participant needs medical care for a condition which could seriously jeopardize his or her life, he or she should obtain such care without delay, and communicate with the Plan as soon as reasonably possible.

If a Participant must be admitted on an Emergency basis, the Participant or an individual acting on behalf of the Participant should follow the Physician's instructions carefully and contact the pre-certification department as follows:

1. For Emergency admissions after business hours on Friday, on a weekend or over a holiday weekend, a call to the pre-certification department must be made within 72 hours after the admission date, but no later than the first business day following the Emergency admission, by or on behalf of the covered patient.
2. For Emergency admissions on a weekday, a call to the pre-certification department must be made within 24 hours after the admission date, by or on behalf of the covered patient.

Failure to initiate Emergency admission review will result in a penalty for non-compliance and benefits for covered services will be reduced 50%, up to a maximum benefit reduction of \$500 per hospitalization to the Participant. Such a penalty will be the sole responsibility of, and payable by, the Participant.

If a medical service is provided in response to an Emergency situation or urgent care scenario, prior approval from the Plan is not required. The Plan will require notice within 72 hours after the admission date, but no later than the first business day following the Emergency admission, by or on behalf of the covered patient. Such a claim shall then be deemed to be a Post-service Claim.

Non-Emergency Admissions:

For Hospital stays that are scheduled in advance, a call to the pre-certification department should be completed as soon as possible before actual services are rendered. Once the pre-certification call is received, it will be routed to an appropriate review specialist who will create an on-line patient file. The review specialist will contact the Participant's attending Physician to obtain information and to discuss the specifics of the admission request. If appropriate, alternative care will be explored with the Physician.

If, after assessing procedure necessity, the need for an Inpatient confinement is confirmed, the review specialist will determine the intensity of management required and will remain in contact with the Physician or Hospital during the confinement.

If, at any time during the review process, Medical Necessity cannot be validated, the review specialist will refer the episode to a board-certified Physician advisor who will immediately contact the attending Physician to negotiate an appropriate treatment plan. At the end of the Hospital confinement, the review specialist is also available to assist with discharge planning and will work closely with the attending Physician and Hospital to ensure that medically appropriate arrangements are made.

Outpatient Services:

A Participant is required to contact the pre-certification department when the Physician requests certain Outpatient procedures and services. The Summary of Benefits indicates which Outpatient procedures and services require Pre-Certification.

Pre-Certification Penalty

The program requires the support and cooperation of each Participant. If a Participant follows the instructions and procedures, he or she will receive the normal Plan benefits for the services. However, if a Participant fails to notify the pre-certification department of any services listed in the provision entitled "Services that Require Pre-Certification," allowed charges will be reduced by the greater of \$500 or the total charge. The Participant will be responsible for payment of the part of the charge that is not paid by the Plan.

NOTE: *If a Participant's admission or service is determined to not be Medically Necessary, he or she may pursue an appeal by following the provisions described in the Claims Procedures; Payment of Claims section of this document. The Participant and Provider will be informed of any denial or non-certification in writing.*

Retrospective Review

The Plan allows a review of the Medical Necessity of the health care services provided on an Emergency basis, after they have been provided. Retroactive Pre-Certification is allowed for medical non-Emergency care situations up to 90 days after the date of service without a penalty.

Alternate Course of Treatment

Certain types of conditions, such as spinal cord Injuries, cancer, AIDS or premature births, may require long term, or perhaps lifetime, care. The claims selected will be evaluated as to present course of treatment and alternate care possibilities.

If the Plan Administrator should determine that an alternate, less expensive, course of treatment is appropriate, and if the attending Physician agrees to the alternate course of treatment, all Medically Necessary expenses stated in the treatment plan will be eligible for payment under the Plan, subject to the applicable benefit maximum(s) set forth in this Plan, even if these expenses normally would not be eligible for payment under the Plan. A more expensive course of treatment, selected by the Participant or their attending Physician may not be deemed to be Medically Necessary or within Maximum Allowable Charge limitations, as those terms are defined by the Plan. The Plan may provide coverage in such circumstances by providing benefits equivalent to those available had the Medically Necessary and otherwise covered course of treatment, subject to the Maximum Allowable Charge, been pursued.

Pre-Admission Testing

If a Participant is to be admitted to a Hospital for non-Emergency Surgery or treatment, one set of laboratory tests and x-ray examinations performed on an Outpatient basis within seven days prior to such Hospital admission will be paid, after the Deductible, as outlined in the Summary of Benefits, provided that the following conditions are met:

1. The tests are related to the performance of the scheduled Surgery or treatment.
2. The tests have been ordered by a Physician after a condition requiring Surgery or treatment has been diagnosed and Hospital admission has been requested by the Physician and confirmed by the Hospital.
3. The Participant is subsequently admitted to the Hospital, or confinement is cancelled or postponed because a Hospital bed is unavailable or if, after the tests are reviewed, the Physician determines that the confinement is unnecessary.
4. The tests are performed in the Hospital where the confinement will take place and accepted in lieu of duplicate tests rendered during confinement.

Second Surgical Opinion

If a Physician recommends Surgery for a Participant, the Participant may request a second opinion as to whether or not the Surgery is Medically Necessary.

Participants who consult with the designated navigation team(s) for a second surgical opinion regarding a proposed, non-Emergency, scheduled, or to-be-scheduled surgical procedure(s), will be eligible for member cost share waiver, if navigated to and seen by a Preferred Tier provider, as defined in the Medical Benefits section. Participants should contact the designated navigation team at (800) 222-8734.

Because of the broad range of Surgical Procedures available and under development, if a Participant is scheduled to undergo any questionable procedure, he or she should contact the Claims Administrator for further information. Pre-surgical approval is not a guarantee of coverage.

In addition, the Plan recommends that a second opinion be obtained prior to the following Surgeries:

1. Adenoidectomy.
2. Bunionectomy.
3. Cataract removal.
4. Coronary Bypass.
5. Cholecystectomy (removal of gallbladder).
6. Dilation and curettage.
7. Hammer Toe repair.
8. Hemorrhoidectomy.
9. Herniorrhaphy.
10. Hysterectomy.
11. Laminectomy (removal of spinal disc).
12. Mastectomy.
13. Meniscectomy (removal of knee cartilage, including arthroscopic approach).
14. Nasal surgery (repair of deviated nasal septum, bone or cartilage).
15. Prostatectomy (removal of all or part of prostate).
16. Release for entrapment of medial nerve (Carpal Tunnel Syndrome).
17. Tonsillectomy.
18. Varicose veins (tying off and stripping).

When a second opinion is requested, the Plan will pay the Maximum Allowable Charge Incurred for that opinion along with laboratory, x-ray and other Medically Necessary services ordered by the second Physician after application of the Deductible. Second opinions for Cosmetic Surgery, normal obstetrical delivery and Surgeries that require only local anesthesia are not covered. If the second opinion does not concur with the first, the Plan will pay for a third opinion as outlined above. The second or third opinion must be given within 90 days of the first.

In all cases where a second opinion is requested, the original recommendation for Surgery must have been obtained from a Physician licensed in the medical specialty under which the recommended Surgery falls. The Physician consulted for the second opinion must be licensed in the same medical specialty and may not be a partner of or in association with the original Physician.

Pre-Surgical Approval

The Plan recommends that a pre-determination of benefits be obtained prior to the following Surgical Procedures, since they are usually Cosmetic Surgery or not Medically Necessary. These procedures include, but are not limited to:

1. Abdominoplasty.
2. Blepharoplasty.
3. Breast reduction or enlargement.
4. Dermabrasion.
5. Facial or nasal reconstruction.
6. Lipectomy.

7. Penile implant.
8. Scar revision.
9. Sclerotherapy
10. Any Experimental or research procedures which are not generally accepted medical practice.

Because of the broad range of Surgical Procedures available and under development, if a Participant is scheduled to undergo any questionable procedure, he or she should contact the Claims Administrator for further information. Pre-surgical approval is not a guarantee of coverage.

Case Management

The Plan may elect, in its sole discretion, when acting on a basis that precludes individual selection, to provide alternative benefits that are otherwise excluded under the Plan. The alternative benefits, called "Case Management," shall be determined on a case-by-case basis, and the Plan's determination to provide the benefits in one instance shall not obligate the Plan to provide the same or similar alternative benefits for the same or any other Participant, nor shall it be deemed to waive the right of the Plan to strictly enforce the provisions of the Plan.

A case manager consults with the patient, the family and the attending Physician in order to develop a plan of care for approval by the patient's attending Physician and the patient. This plan of care may include some or all of the following:

- personal support to the patient;
- contacting the family to offer assistance and support;
- monitoring Hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility;
- determining alternative care options; and
- assisting in obtaining any necessary equipment and services.

Case Management occurs when this alternate benefit will be beneficial to both the patient and the Plan.

The case manager will coordinate and implement the Case Management program by providing guidance and information on available resources and suggesting the most appropriate treatment plan. The Plan Administrator, attending Physician, patient and patient's family must all agree to the alternate treatment plan.

Once agreement has been reached, the Plan Administrator will direct the Plan to reimburse for Medically Necessary expenses as stated in the treatment plan, even if these expenses normally would not be paid by the Plan.

NOTE: Case Management is a voluntary service. There are no reductions of benefits or penalties if the patient and family choose not to participate. Each treatment plan is individually tailored to a specific patient and should not be seen as appropriate or recommended for any other patient, even one with the same diagnosis.

Disease Management Provision

To help Participants manage chronic illness and protect the Plan from unnecessary medical expenses, the Plan can offer additional assistance to Participants with chronic illnesses such as, but not limited to, diabetes, hypertension, coronary artery disease, other forms of heart disease, COPD, and obesity. The objective is to help Participants receive education, care and assistance in controlling their chronic illness. No outcome is required to participate in disease management. The Plan at its discretion may waive or limit Deductibles, Copayments, and Coinsurance amounts for Participants participating in disease management in order to assist Participants in controlling their condition. The plan may offer or require alternative drug coverage, or controlled provider access as alternatives to the listed Network or preferred provider organization program.

The Plan can request that a Participant with a chronic illness, or indications that an undiagnosed chronic illness exists, seek medical follow-up. If a Participant is requested to seek medical follow-up, no specific outcome is required as a result of the medical follow-up. A Participant may choose to refuse to participate in disease management, and/or refuse to seek medical follow-up when requested by the Plan.

PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFITS

Participating pharmacies (“Participating Pharmacies”) have contracted with the Plan to charge Participants reduced fees for covered Drugs. Verus Rx is the administrator of the prescription drug plan. Participants will be issued an identification card to use at the pharmacy at time of purchase. Participants will be held fully responsible for the consequences of any pharmacy identification card after termination of coverage. No reimbursement will be made when a Drug is purchased from a non-Participating Pharmacy or when the identification card is not used.

The Mail Order Option is available for maintenance medications (those that are taken for long periods of time, such as Drugs sometimes prescribed for heart disease, high blood pressure, asthma, etc.). Because of the volume buying, the mail order pharmacy, is able to offer Participants significant savings on their prescriptions. Mail Order drugs are limited to 90-day supply.

Summary of Benefits – Pharmacy Benefits

The following benefits are per Participant per Plan Year. When the individual and/or family out-of-pocket expenses reach the out-of-pocket maximum, the Plan will pay 100% of the Allowable Expenses for the remainder of that year. No family member will be charged more than the individual out-of-pocket maximum. A Copayment is the flat dollar amount specified in the Summary of Benefits that a Participant is required to pay for certain covered services. Copayments will not apply after the out-of-pocket maximum has been reached.

PRESCRIPTION DRUG PLAN	Out-of-Pocket Maximum
Individual	\$6,000
Family	\$12,000

PARTICIPATING PHARMACY (30-DAY SUPPLY)	Copayment (100% after copay)
Preventive Drugs	\$0
Generic	Deductible then 80%
Formulary Brand Name	Deductible then 80%
Non-Formulary Brand Name	Deductible then 80%

PARTICIPATING PHARMACY (31-90-DAY SUPPLY)	Copayment (100% after copay)
Preventive Drugs	\$0
Generic	Deductible then 80%
Formulary Brand Name	Deductible then 80%
Non-Formulary Brand Name	Deductible then 80%

MAIL ORDER PRESCRIPTIONS (90-DAY SUPPLY)	Copayment (100% after copay)
Generic	Deductible then 80%
Formulary Brand Name	Deductible then 80%
Non-Formulary Brand Name	Deductible then 80%

Prescription Benefit Coverage and Limitations

The Pharmacy Claims Administrator administers the prescription drug plan and is shown under General Plan Information in the Introduction and provided on the id card. This plan document also makes reference to “Pharmacy Benefits Manager” or “PBM”. For the purpose of this section, all three labels are the same.

Member responsibility is shown on the Summary of Benefits and apply toward the medical plan out-of-pocket maximum.

Covered Prescription Drugs

- (1) Drugs prescribed by a Physician that require a prescription either by federal or state law. This includes oral contraceptives unless otherwise specifically excluded, but excludes any drugs stated as not covered under this Plan.
- (2) All compounded prescriptions containing at least one prescription ingredient in a therapeutic quantity.
- (3) Insulin and other diabetic supplies when prescribed by a Physician.

Limits To This Benefit

This benefit applies only when a Covered Person incurs a covered Prescription Drug charge. The covered drug charge for any one prescription will be limited to:

- (1) Refills only up to the number of times specified by a Physician.
- (2) Refills up to one year from the date of order by a Physician.

Prescriptions filled through the specialty pharmacy program are limited to a 30-day supply. For specialty drugs, prescriptions must be filled through the plan drug vendor Specialty Pharmacy.

Mail-order prescriptions are limited to a 90-day supply.

Prior-Authorization

Certain prescription drugs will require pre-authorization from the Plan. Contact your Pharmacy Benefit Manager for a list of prescription medications that require pre-authorization and for more information about the pre-authorization process.

Phone at 800-838-0007

Email: customerservice@verus-rx.com

Website: www.verus-rx.com

Expenses Not Covered

This benefit will not cover a charge for any of the following:

1. Acne Treatment. Drugs for the treatment of acne (e.g., Retin Atretinoin) for Covered Persons over age 26 years.
2. Administration. Any charge for the administration of a covered Prescription Drug.
3. Allergy. Any charge for allergy biological sera, serums, toxoids and vaccines.
4. Anabolic steroids.
5. Appetite suppressants. A charge for appetite suppressants, dietary supplements or vitamin supplements, except for prenatal vitamins requiring a prescription or prescription vitamin supplements containing fluoride.
6. Blood or blood plasma products.

7. Compound Medications. Compound medications in which the active ingredients do not require a Prescription Order or are not determined to be Medically Necessary.
8. Consumed on premises. Any drug or medicine that is consumed or administered at the place where it is dispensed.
9. Devices. Devices of any type, even though such devices may require a prescription. These include (but are not limited to) therapeutic devices, artificial appliances, braces, support garments, or any similar device.
10. Drugs used for cosmetic purposes. Charges for drugs used for cosmetic purposes, such as anabolic steroids, Retin A or medications for hair growth or removal.
11. Enteral or parenteral therapy. Charges for Enteral or parenteral therapy, medical food, nutritional or dietary supplements or supplies.
12. Experimental. Experimental drugs and medicines, even though a charge is made to the Covered Person.
13. FDA. Any drug not approved by the Food and Drug Administration.
14. Growth hormones. Charges for drugs to enhance physical growth or athletic performance or appearance.
15. Homeopathic drugs.
16. Infant formula.
17. Infertility medication. Used to treat infertility.
18. Inpatient medication. A drug or medicine that is to be taken by the Covered Person, in whole or in part, while Hospital confined. This includes being confined in any institution that has a facility for the dispensing of drugs and medicines on its premises.
19. Investigational. A drug or medicine labeled: "Caution - limited by federal law to investigational use".
20. Medical exclusions. A charge excluded under Medical Plan Exclusions.
21. Minerals and Vitamins. A charge for minerals and vitamins unless required by law.
22. Needles. Disposable insulin needles and syringes which are not prescribed by a Prescriber.
23. No charge. A charge for Prescription Drugs which may be properly received without charge under local, state or federal programs.
24. Non-legend drugs. A charge for FDA-approved drugs that are prescribed for non-FDA-approved uses.
25. No prescription. A drug or medicine that can legally be bought without a written prescription. This does not apply to injectable insulin or to over the counter drugs that are prescribed by a Physician as required for Standard Preventive Care.
26. Off-label drugs. A charge for FDA-approved drugs that are prescribed for non-FDA-approved uses.
27. Refills. Any refill that is requested more than one year after the prescription was written or any refill that is more than the number of refills ordered by the Physician.
28. Replacement Prescriptions resulting from lost, spilled, stolen, or misplaced medications. (Except as required by applicable law.)

The member's financial liability may be variable, reduced, or eliminated as determined by the availability of external programs and the individual member's qualifications to meet these requirements. Therefore, any whole or partial benefit for which a Participant individually qualifies is not a covered benefit under the plan. Members will be required to engage in the patient assistance program application process until a response is received from the drug manufacturer with an approval or denial for any reason. Medications may not be covered through the plan if the member does not engage within the patient assistance program. Members should contact their Pharmacy Benefits Manager to determine program availability and engagement.

Prescription Drug Coverage Limitations and Copays

Non-Participating Pharmacies: Prescription drugs purchased from a non-participating pharmacy will not be reimbursed by the Plan.

Specialty Pharmacy Program: Prescription drugs covered by the Specialty Pharmacy Program are limited to 30-day supply. First-fill only available through participating retail setting.

Dispense as Written (DAW Penalty): If a member requests a brand name prescription drug when a generic is available, the member will be responsible for the difference in cost and, if applicable, in copay. The difference in cost will not apply to the out-of-pocket maximum.

Brand Name Drugs and Generic Drugs

A generic drug is a prescription drug that is marketed by one or more pharmaceutical companies under its nonproprietary name after its patent has expired. A brand name drug refers to a prescription drug that is marketed by one company under its proprietary name before or after its patent has expired.

Generic medications remain your lowest-cost choice — offering you the least expensive alternative without sacrificing safety and effectiveness. Generic drugs are safe and as effective as their brand-name counterparts, and they cost you less. If you are taking a medication that's not on the preferred list, ask your doctor to consider prescribing a lower-cost generic or preferred brand-name drug. To find out which drugs are preferred, log on to <https://verusrx.myrxplan.com/login>.

Compounded Medications

A medication that is compounded typically contains two or more medications that can be either mixed and or combined by a pharmacist. A compounded prescription is generated by your prescriber and is specifically tailored to your health care treatment. Some further points regarding compounded medications:

- One or more of the ingredients must be available by a valid prescription
- One or more of the ingredients must be covered under the PBM's formulary
- Your plan will cover a specific maximum cost for each compounded prescription

Specialty Medications

Specialty Medications, as defined by the Verus Rx Specialty List. The sponsor reserves the right to review any medication contained on said list and approve at any time. Any medication contained on the list that is approved would be subject to the amounts outlined in the Plan Description. The Plan may permit for at least one (1) 30-day fill for each of these drugs during the Benefit Year. To speak with an advocate about programs for continued coverage outside of your Prescription Drug benefit, Participants should call the number on the ID card.

All Specialty Prescription drugs are excluded from coverage until all sources of financial assistance for the medication have been denied and/ or exhausted, including Copay assistance plans, Manufacturer financial aid programs or other assistance programs. The plan can reimburse advocacy costs to aid patients in qualifying for assistance programs.

Cost Savings Programs

Your Plan has elected to participate in several cost savings programs, including Manufacturer's Assistance Program ("MAP"), International Prescription Program ("IPP") and Variable Copay Programs. The member's financial liability may be variable, reduced, or eliminated as determined by the availability of external programs and the individual member's qualifications to meet these requirements. Therefore, any whole or partial benefit for which a Participant individually qualifies is not a covered benefit under the plan and such amounts are not applied towards the covered person's cost sharing such as deductible or out of pocket maximums. Members are required to engage in the programs application process until a response is received with an approval or denial for any reason. Participants should contact their Pharmacy Benefits Manager to determine program availability and engagement. **Failure to do so may result in claims being declined or reduced.**

Drugs acquired through designated and/or Preferred Tier Providers' Manufacturer's Assistance Program ("MAP") are specialty drugs and other higher-cost drugs specifically identified by designated and/or Preferred Tier

Providers as MAP drugs, that are not on the Plan's formulary list, and that are acquired from their manufacturers, through their efforts, at no cost or a lower cost. If an attempt by designated and/or Preferred Tier Providers to acquire such a drug from their manufacturer at no cost or a lower cost is unsuccessful, the Plan's Pharmacy Organization may determine that the drug is medically necessary and in such a case the cost of the drug is considered a claims expense for all purposes of this Plan. Any reduced costs paid for these drugs and fees to the employer under the MAP, are considered claims expenses for all purposes of this Plan.

Drugs acquired through designated and/or Preferred Tier Providers International Prescription Program ("IPP") are drugs specifically identified by designated and/or Preferred Tier Providers as internationally sourced and are made available to Plan participants with no copay. The costs of these internationally sourced drugs and fees to the employer under the IPP are considered claims expenses for all purposes of this Plan.

The plan has adopted a variable copay program with accumulator adjustments to help members who utilize manufacturer copay programs save money on prescription drugs. Under the variable copay program, your out-of-pocket cost for prescription drugs may be reduced or eliminated by a drug manufacturer's copay subsidy. If you are eligible to receive a manufacturer copay subsidy for a drug, your copay obligation for that drug will be the maximum manufacturer copay subsidy for that drug. Note Any manufacturer copay subsidy obtained under the variable copay program will not accumulate toward your deductible or out-of-pocket costs. If you are not eligible to receive a manufacturer copay subsidy, your copay obligation will be the copay amount listed for the drug in the standard formulary under the plan. Note if you are eligible for a manufacturer copay subsidy for a drug but fail to obtain the subsidy, your copay obligation – and the out-of-pocket cost you may be required to pay – will be the maximum manufacturer copay subsidy for that drug.

Covered Expenses

The following are covered under the Plan:

- Acne Control. Drugs that help manage the severity and frequency of acne outbreaks that cannot be purchased over-the-counter.
- Bee Sting Kits. Charges for EPI PEN and Ana Kit.
- Compounded Prescriptions. All compounded prescriptions containing at least one prescription ingredient in a therapeutic quantity.
- Contraceptives. All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved contraceptives Drugs, in accordance with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) guidelines, except those excluded in this document, such as implants.
- Diabetes. Insulins, insulin syringes and needles, diabetic supplies – legend, diabetic supplies – over the counter, and glucose test strips, when prescribed by a Physician.
- Imitrex Injection. Charges for Imitrex injections (migraine auto-injector)
- Immunizations. Immunization agents or biological sera.
- Immunologicals. Charges for immunologicals (vaccines).
- Legend Drugs.
 - Diabetic Supplies.
 - Legend Drugs with over-the-counter equivalents.
 - Pre-natal vitamins.
- Required by Law. All Drugs prescribed by a Physician that require a prescription either by Federal or State law, except injectables (other than insulin) and the Drugs excluded below.

Limitations

The benefits set forth in this section will be limited to:

Dosages.

1. With respect to the Pharmacy Option, any one prescription is limited to a 30-day supply.
2. With respect to the Mail Order Option, any one prescription is limited to a 90-day supply.
3. With respect to the Specialty Drug Option, any one prescription is limited to a 30-day supply.

Refills.

1. Refills only up to the number of times specified by a Physician.
2. Refills up to one year from the date of order by a Physician.

Exclusions

In addition to the General Limitations and Exclusions section, the following are not covered by the Plan:

- Acne Control. Drugs for the treatment of acne (e.g., Retin Atretinoin) for Covered Persons over age 26 years.
- Administration. Any charge for the administration of a covered Drug.
- Allergy Sera. Any charge for allergy biological sera, serums, toxoids and vaccines
- Anabolic steroids.
- Appetite suppressants. A charge for appetite suppressants, dietary supplements or vitamin supplements, except for prenatal vitamins requiring a prescription or prescription vitamin supplements containing fluoride.
- Anorexiant. Anorexiant (weight loss Drugs).
- Anti-Aging Products. Drugs intended to affect the structure or function of the skin that cannot be purchased over-the-counter.
- Blood and Blood Plasma. Charges for blood and blood plasma.
- Compound Medications. Compound medications in which the active ingredients do not require a Prescription Order or are not determined to be Medically Necessary.
- Consumed Where Dispensed. Any Drug or medicine that is consumed or administered at the place where it is dispensed, other than drugs such as vaccines.
- Devices. Devices such as (but not limited to) therapeutic devices, insulin pumps and pump supplies, artificial appliances, braces, support garments, or any similar device are excluded. Excluded devices may be considered covered charges under the Medical Benefits section of this plan. Devices such as some respiratory and diabetic supplies are covered under pharmacy.
- Drugs used for cosmetic purposes. Charges for drugs used for cosmetic purposes, such as anabolic steroids, Retin A or medications for hair growth or removal.
- Enteral or parenteral therapy. Charges for Enteral or parenteral therapy, medical food, nutritional or dietary supplements or supplies.
- Experimental Drugs. Experimental Drugs and medicines, even though a charge is made to the Participant.
- FDA. Any drug not approved by the Food and Drug Administration.
- Fertility Agents. Charges for fertility agents
- Growth Hormones. Charges for growth hormones.
- Homeopathic drugs.
- Infant formula.
- Infertility medication. Used to treat infertility.
- Inpatient medication. A drug or medicine that is to be taken by the Covered Person, in whole or in part, while Hospital confined. This includes being confined in any institution that has a facility for the dispensing of drugs and medicines on its premises.
- Investigational. A drug or medicine labeled: "Caution - limited by federal law to investigational use".

- Impotency. A charge for impotency medication, including Viagra.
- Injectables. A charge for medically administered injectables.
- Institutional Medication. A Drug or medicine that is to be taken by a Participant, in whole or in part, while confined in an Institution, including any
- Institution that has a facility for dispensing Drugs and medicines on its premises.
- Investigational Use Drugs. A Drug or medicine labeled “Caution – limited by Federal law to Investigational use.”
- Medical Devices and Supplies. Charges for legend and over the counter medical devices and supplies.
- No Charge. A charge for drugs which may be properly received without charge under local, State or Federal programs.
- Non-Insulin Syringes/Needles. Charges for non-insulin syringes and needles.
- Non-Prescription Drug or Medicine. A drug or medicine that can legally be bought without a prescription, except for injectable insulin.
- Hair Loss. Charges for hair loss drugs.
- Off-label drugs. A charge for FDA-approved drugs that are prescribed for non-FDA-approved uses.
- Refills. Any refill that is requested more than one year after the prescription was written or any refill that is more than the number of refills ordered by the Physician.
- Smoking Deterrents. A charge for Drugs or aids for smoking cessation, including, but not limited to, nicotine gum and smoking cessation patches except to the extent required by the Affordable Care Act.
- Steroids. Anabolic steroids.
- Vitamins and Minerals. Vitamins, except pre-natal and single entity vitamins, such as B12 and Niacin.

Quantity Limitations

There may be quantity limits on certain medicines. Quantity limits are based on the FDA’s recommended dosing guidelines for each medication and are reviewed regularly to ensure clinical appropriateness. Limits are set to ensure safety and efficacy in the treatment of various health conditions. Requests for drug quantities above Plan limits require review and authorization by Verus Rx.

HIPAA PRIVACY AND SECURITY

HIPAA PRIVACY

Commitment to Protecting Health Information

The Plan will comply with the Standards for Privacy of Individually Identifiable Health Information (i.e., the “Privacy Rule”) set forth by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (“HHS”) pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (“HIPAA”). Such standards control the dissemination of “protected health information” (“PHI”) of Participants. Privacy Standards will be implemented and enforced in the offices of the Employer and Plan Sponsor and any other entity that may assist in the operation of the Plan.

The Plan is required by law to take reasonable steps to ensure the privacy of the Participant’s PHI, and inform him/her about:

1. The Plan’s disclosures and uses of PHI.
2. The Participant’s privacy rights with respect to his or her PHI.
3. The Plan’s duties with respect to his or her PHI.
4. The Participant’s right to file a complaint with the Plan and with the Secretary of HHS.
5. The person or office to contact for further information about the Plan’s privacy practices.

The Plan provides each Participant with a separate Notice of Privacy Practices. This Notice describes how the Plan uses and discloses the Participant's personal health information. It also describes certain rights the Participant has regarding this information. Additional copies of the Plan's Notice of Privacy Practices are available by calling the Plan Administrator.

Within this provision capitalized terms may be used, but not otherwise defined. These terms shall have the same meaning as those terms set forth in 45 CFR Sections 160.103 and 164.501. Any HIPAA regulation modifications altering a defined HIPAA term or regulatory citation shall be deemed incorporated into this provision.

Definitions

- **Breach** means an unauthorized acquisition, access, use or disclosure of Protected Health Information (“PHI”) or Electronic Protected Health Information (“ePHI”) that violates the HIPAA Privacy Rule and that compromises the security or privacy of the information.
- **Protected Health Information (“PHI”)** means individually identifiable health information, as defined by HIPAA, that is created or received by the Plan and that relates to the past, present, or future physical or mental health or condition of an individual; the provision of health care to an individual; or the past, present, or future payment for the provision of health care to an individual; and that identifies the individual or for which there is a reasonable basis to believe the information can be used to identify the individual. PHI includes information of persons living or deceased.

How Health Information May Be Used and Disclosed

In general, the Privacy Rules permit the Plan to use and disclose, the minimum necessary amount, an individual’s PHI, without obtaining authorization, only if the use or disclosure is for any of the following:

1. To carry out payment of benefits.
2. If the use or disclosure falls within one of the limited circumstances described in the rules (e.g., the

disclosure is required by law or for public health activities).

Primary Uses and Disclosures of PHI

1. **Treatment, Payment and Health Care Operations:** The Plan has the right to use and disclose a Participant's PHI for all activities as included within the definitions of Treatment, Payment, and Health Care Operations and pursuant to the HIPAA Privacy Rule.
2. **Business Associates:** The Plan contracts with individuals and entities (Business Associates) to perform various functions on its behalf. In performance of these functions or to provide services, Business Associates will receive, create, maintain, use, or disclose PHI, but only after the Plan and the Business Associate agree in writing to contract terms requiring the Business Associate to appropriately safeguard the Participant's information.
3. **Other Covered Entities:** The Plan may also disclose or share PHI with other insurance carriers (such as Medicare, etc.) in order to coordinate benefits, if a Participant has coverage through another carrier.

Disclosure of PHI to the Plan Sponsor for Plan Administration Purposes

In order that the Plan Sponsor may receive and use PHI for plan administration purposes, the Plan Sponsor agrees to:

1. Not use or further disclose PHI other than as permitted or required by the plan documents or as required by law (as defined in the Privacy Standards).
2. Ensure that any agents, including a subcontractor, to whom the Plan Sponsor provides PHI received from the Plan, agree to the same restrictions and conditions that apply to the Plan Sponsor with respect to such PHI.
3. Maintain the confidentiality of all PHI, unless an individual gives specific consent or authorization to disclose such data or unless the data is used for health care payment or Plan operations.
4. Receive PHI, in the absence of an individual's express authorization, only to carry out Plan administration functions.
5. Not use or disclose genetic information for underwriting purposes.
6. Report to the Plan any PHI use or disclosure that is inconsistent with the uses or disclosures provided for of which the Plan Sponsor becomes aware.
7. Make available PHI in accordance with section 164.524 of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.524).
8. Make available PHI for amendment and incorporate any amendments to PHI in accordance with section 164.526 of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.526).
9. Make its internal practices, books and records relating to the use and disclosure of PHI received from the Plan available to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services ("HHS"), or any other officer or Employee of HHS to whom the authority involved has been delegated, for purposes of determining compliance by the Plan with part 164, subpart E, of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.500 et seq).
10. If feasible, return or destroy all PHI received from the Plan that the Plan Sponsor still maintains in any form and retain no copies of such PHI when no longer needed for the purpose for which disclosure was made, except that, if such return or destruction is not feasible, limit further uses and disclosures to those purposes that make the return or destruction of the PHI infeasible.

Required Disclosures of PHI

1. **Disclosures to Participants:** The Plan is required to disclose to a Participant most of the PHI in a Designated Record Set when the Participant requests access to this information. The Plan will disclose a Participant's PHI to an individual who has been assigned as his or her representative and

who has qualified for such designation in accordance with the relevant State law. Before disclosure to an individual qualified as a personal representative, the Plan must be given written supporting documentation establishing the basis of the personal representation.

The Plan may elect not to treat the person as the Participant's personal representative if it has a reasonable belief that the Participant has been, or may be, subjected to domestic violence, abuse, or neglect by such person, it is not in the Participant's best interest to treat the person as his or her personal representative, or treating such person as his or her personal representative could endanger the Participant.

2. Disclosures to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: The Plan is required to disclose the Participant's PHI to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Resources when the Secretary is investigating or determining the Plan's compliance with the HIPAA Privacy Rule.

Participant's Rights

The Participant has the following rights regarding PHI about him/her:

1. Request Restrictions: The Participant has the right to request additional restrictions on the use or disclosure of PHI for treatment, payment, or health care operations. The Participant may request that the Plan restrict disclosures to family members, relatives, friends or other persons identified by him/her who are involved in his or her care or payment for his or her care. The Plan is not required to agree to these requested restrictions.
2. Right to Receive Confidential Communication: The Participant has the right to request that he or she receive communications regarding PHI in a certain manner or at a certain location. The request must be made in writing and how the Participant would like to be contacted. The Plan will accommodate all reasonable requests.
3. Right to Receive Notice of Privacy Practices: The Participant is entitled to receive a paper copy of the plan's Notice of Privacy Practices at any time. To obtain a paper copy, contact the Privacy Officer.
4. Accounting of Disclosures: The Participant has the right to request an accounting of disclosures the Plan has made of his or her PHI. The request must be made in writing and does not apply to disclosures for treatment, payment, health care operations, and certain other purposes. The Participant is entitled to such an accounting for the six years prior to his or her request. Except as provided below, for each disclosure, the accounting will include: (a) the date of the disclosure, (b) the name of the entity or person who received the PHI and, if known, the address of such entity or person; (c) a description of the PHI disclosed, (d) a statement of the purpose of the disclosure that reasonably informs the Participant of the basis of the disclosure, and certain other information. If the Participant wishes to make a request, please contact the Privacy Officer.
5. Access: The Participant has the right to request the opportunity to look at or get copies of PHI maintained by the Plan about him/her in certain records maintained by the Plan. If the Participant requests copies, he or she may be charged a fee to cover the costs of copying, mailing, and other supplies. If a Participant wants to inspect or copy PHI, or to have a copy of his or her PHI transmitted directly to another designated person, he or she should contact the Privacy Officer. A request to transmit PHI directly to another designated person must be in writing, signed by the Participant and the recipient must be clearly identified. The Plan must respond to the Participant's request within 30 days (in some cases, the Plan can request a 30 day extension). In very limited circumstances, the Plan may deny the Participant's request. If the Plan denies the request, the Participant may be entitled to a review of that denial.
6. Amendment: The Participant has the right to request that the Plan change or amend his or her PHI. The Plan reserves the right to require this request be in writing. Submit the request to the Privacy

Officer. The Plan may deny the Participant's request in certain cases, including if it is not in writing or if he or she does not provide a reason for the request.

7. Other uses and disclosures not described in this section can only be made with authorization from the Participant. The Participant may revoke this authorization at any time.

Questions or Complaints

If the Participant wants more information about the Plan's privacy practices, has questions or concerns, or believes that the Plan may have violated his or her privacy rights, please contact the Plan using the following information. The Participant may submit a written complaint to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services or with the Plan. The Plan will provide the Participant with the address to file his or her complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services upon request.

The Plan will not retaliate against the Participant for filing a complaint with the Plan or the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

Contact Information

Privacy Officer Contact Information:

Woodlake Management, LLC
10473 Old Hammond Hwy. Baton Rouge, LA 70816
225-924-1910

HIPAA SECURITY

Disclosure of Electronic Protected Health Information ("Electronic PHI") to the Plan Sponsor for Plan Administration Functions

STANDARDS FOR SECURITY OF INDIVIDUALLY IDENTIFIABLE HEALTH INFORMATION ("SECURITY RULE")

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) and other applicable law shall override the following wherever there is a conflict, or a term or terms is/are not hereby defined.

The Security Rule imposes regulations for maintaining the integrity, confidentiality and availability of protected health information that it creates, receives, maintains, or maintains electronically that is kept in electronic format (ePHI) as required under HIPAA.

Definitions

- **Electronic Protected Health Information (ePHI)**, as defined in Section 160.103 of the Security Standards (45 C.F.R. 160.103) and means individually identifiable health information transmitted or maintained in any electronic media.
- **Security Incidents**, as defined within Section 164.304 of the Security Standards (45 C.F.R. 164.304) and means the attempted or successful unauthorized access, use, disclosure, modification, or destruction of information or interference with systems operation in an information system.

Plan Sponsor Obligations

To enable the Plan Sponsor to receive and use Electronic PHI for Plan Administration Functions (as defined Woodlake Management, LLC Plan Document and Summary

in 45 CFR §164.504(a)), the Plan Sponsor agrees to:

1. Implement administrative, physical, and technical safeguards that reasonably and appropriately protect the confidentiality, integrity and availability of the Electronic PHI that it creates, receives, maintains, or transmits on behalf of the Plan.
2. Ensure that adequate separation between the Plan and the Plan Sponsor, as required in 45 CFR § 164.504(f)(2)(iii), is supported by reasonable and appropriate Security Measures.
3. Ensure that any agent, including a subcontractor, to whom the Plan Sponsor provides Electronic PHI created, received, maintained, or transmitted on behalf of the Plan, agrees to implement reasonable and appropriate administrative, physical, and technical safeguards to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of the Electronic PHI and report to the Plan any security incident of which it becomes aware.
4. Report to the Plan any security incident of which it becomes aware.
5. Establish safeguards for information, including security systems for data processing and storage.
6. Not use or disclose PHI for employment-related actions and decisions or in connection with any other benefit or Employee benefit plan of the Plan Sponsor, except pursuant to an authorization which meets the requirements of the Privacy Standards.
7. Ensure that adequate separation between the Plan and the Plan Sponsor, as required in section 164.504(f)(2)(iii) of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.504(f)(2)(iii)), is established as follows:
 - a. The following Employees, or classes of Employees, or other persons under control of the Plan Sponsor, shall be given access to the PHI to be disclosed:
 - i. HR: The access to and use of PHI by the individuals identified above shall be restricted to the plan administration functions that the Plan Sponsor performs for the Plan.
 - b. In the event any of the individuals described above do not comply with the provisions of the Plan documents relating to use and disclosure of PHI, the Plan Administrator shall impose reasonable sanctions as necessary, in its discretion, to ensure that no further non-compliance occurs. The Plan Administrator will promptly report such violation or non-compliance to the Plan, and will cooperate with the Plan to correct violation or non-compliance and to impose appropriate disciplinary action or sanctions. Such sanctions shall be imposed progressively (for example, an oral warning, a written warning, time off without pay and termination), if appropriate, and shall be imposed so that they are commensurate with the severity of the violation.

Disclosure of Summary Health Information to the Plan Sponsor

The Plan may disclose PHI to the Plan Sponsor of the group health plan for purposes of plan administration or pursuant to an authorization request signed by the Participant. The Plan may use or disclose “summary health information” to the Plan Sponsor for obtaining premium bids or modifying, amending, or terminating the group health plan. “Summary health information” may be individually identifiable health information and it summarizes the claims history, claims expenses or the type of claims experienced by individuals in the plan, but it excludes all identifiers that must be removed for the information to be de-identified, except that it may contain geographic information to the extent that it is aggregated by five-digit zip code.

Disclosure of Certain Enrollment Information to the Plan Sponsor

Pursuant to section 164.504(f)(1)(iii) of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.504(f)(1)(iii)), the Plan may disclose to the Plan Sponsor information on whether an individual is participating in the Plan or is enrolled in or has unenrolled from a health insurance issuer or health maintenance organization offered by the Plan to the Plan Sponsor.

Disclosure of PHI to Obtain Stop-loss or Excess Loss Coverage

The Plan Sponsor may hereby authorize and direct the Plan, through the Plan Administrator or the Claims Administrator, to disclose PHI to stop-loss carriers, excess loss carriers or managing general underwriters
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(“MGUs”) for underwriting and other purposes in order to obtain and maintain stop-loss or excess loss coverage related to benefit claims under the Plan. Such disclosures shall be made in accordance with the Privacy Standards.

Resolution of Noncompliance

In the event that any authorized individual of the Employer's workforce uses or discloses Protected Health Information other than as permitted by the Privacy Standards, the incident shall be reported to the Privacy Officer. The Privacy Officer shall take appropriate action, including:

1. Investigation of the incident to determine whether the breach occurred inadvertently, through negligence, or deliberately; whether there is a pattern of breaches; and the degree of harm caused by the breach.
2. Applying appropriate sanctions against the persons causing the breach, which, depending upon the nature of the breach, may include oral or written reprimand, additional training, or termination of employment.
3. Mitigating any harm caused by the breach, to the extent practicable.
4. Documentation of the incident and all actions taken to resolve the issue and mitigate any damages.
5. Training Employees in privacy protection requirements and appoint a Privacy Officer responsible for such protections.
6. Disclosing the Participant's PHI to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Resources when the Secretary is investigating or determining the Plan's compliance with the HIPAA Privacy Rule.

PARTICIPANT'S RIGHTS

As a Participant in the Plan, the Participant is entitled to certain rights and protections under ERISA. ERISA provides that all Participants are entitled to:

Receive Information About the Plan and Benefits

Examine, without charge, at the Plan Administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls (if any), all documents governing the Plan, including insurance contracts, collective bargaining agreements (if any), and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the Plan with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

Obtain, upon written request to the Plan Administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the Plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements (if any), and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The Administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.

Receive a summary of the Plan's annual financial report. The Plan Administrator is required by law to furnish each Participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Continue Group Health Plan Coverage

Continue health care coverage for the Employee and eligible Dependents if there is a loss of coverage under the Plan as a result of a Qualifying Event. The Employee or eligible Dependents may have to pay for such coverage. Review this Plan Document and the documents governing the Plan on the rules governing the Participant's COBRA Continuation Coverage rights.

Prudent Actions by Plan Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for Participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the Plan. The people who operate the Plan, called "fiduciaries" of the Plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of the Participants and beneficiaries. No one, including the Employer, the union (if any), or any other person, may fire the Employee or otherwise discriminate against the Employee in any way to prevent the Employee from obtaining a welfare benefit or exercising the Participant's rights under ERISA.

Enforce the Participant's Rights

If a Participant's claim for a welfare benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, the Participant has a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps the Participant can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if the Participant requests a copy of Plan documents or the latest annual report from the Plan and do not receive them within 30 days, the Participant may file suit in a Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan Administrator to provide the materials and pay the Participant up to \$110 a day until the Participant receives the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Plan Administrator. If the Participant has a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, the Participant may file suit in a State or Federal court. In addition, if the Participant disagrees with the Plan's decision or lack thereof concerning the qualified status of a domestic relations order or a Medical Child Support Order, the Participant may file suit in Federal court. If it should happen that Plan fiduciaries misuse the Plan's money, or if the Participant is discriminated against for asserting his or her rights, the Participant may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or the Participant may file suit in a Federal court.

The court will decide who would pay court costs and legal fees. If the Participant is successful, the court may order the person the Participant sued to pay these costs and fees. If the Participant loses, the court may order the Participant to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds the Participant's claim is frivolous.

Assistance with the Participant's Questions

If the Participant has any questions about the Plan, the Participant should contact the Plan Administrator. If the Participant has any questions about this statement or about rights under ERISA, or needs assistance in obtaining documents from the Plan Administrator, the Participant should contact the nearest Office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, listed in the telephone directory or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C., 20210. The Participant may also obtain certain publications about his or her rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.